SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

[X] Annual Report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1997

[] Transition Report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

COMMISSION FILE NO. 1-13726

CHESAPEAKE ENERGY CORPORATION (Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

OKLAHOMA (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 6100 NORTH WESTERN AVENUE OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA Address of principal executive offices) 73-1395733 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) 73118 (Zip Code)

(405) 848-8000 Registrant's telephone number, including area code

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

TITLE OF EACH CLASS	NAME OF EACH EXCHANGE ON WHICH REGISTERED
Common Stock, par value \$.01	New York Stock Exchange
9.125% Senior Notes due 2006	New York Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

NONE

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES [X] NO []

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. []

The aggregate market value of Common Stock held by non-affiliates on September 30, 1997 was \$516,707,238. At such date, there were 70,376,462 shares of Common Stock issued and outstanding.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Proxy Statement for 1997 Annual Meeting of Shareholders -- Part III

ITEM 1. BUSINESS

OVERVIEW

Chesapeake Energy Corporation ("Chesapeake" or the "Company") is an independent energy company which utilizes advanced drilling and completion technologies to explore for and produce oil and natural gas. The Company has traditionally been among the most active drillers of new wells in the United States.

From inception in 1989 through June 30, 1997, Chesapeake drilled and participated in a total of 736 gross (294 net) wells, of which 691 gross (276 net) wells were completed. From its first full fiscal year of operation ended June 30, 1990 to the fiscal year ended June 30, 1997, the Company's estimated proved reserves increased to 403 Bcfe from 11 Bcfe, annual production increased to 79 Bcfe from 0.2 Bcfe, total revenue increased to \$280 million from \$0.6 million, and total assets increased to \$949 million from \$8 million. Despite this overall favorable record of growth, in fiscal 1997 the Company incurred a net loss of \$183 million primarily as a result of a \$236 million impairment of its oil and gas properties. The impairment was the result of its capitalized costs of oil and gas properties exceeding the estimated present value of future net revenues from the Company's proved reserves at June 30, 1997.

In response to the fiscal 1997 loss, Chesapeake has revised its fiscal 1998 business strategy. These revisions include slowing its exploration pace in the Louisiana Austin Chalk Trend ("Louisiana Trend") and concentrating its Louisiana Trend drilling activities in Masters Creek; utilizing more extensive use of 3-D seismic prior to conducting drilling operations; reducing the acquisition of additional unproven leasehold; and selectively acquiring proved reserves as a complement to its primary strategy of developing reserves through the drillbit.

Reference is made to the "Glossary" that appears at the end of this Item 1 for definitions of certain terms used in this Form 10-K.

DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Since its inception, Chesapeake's primary business strategy has been growth through the drillbit. Using this strategy, the Company has expanded its reserves and production through the acquisition and subsequent development of large blocks of acreage.

From inception through fiscal 1994, the Company concentrated its undeveloped leasehold acquisitions and associated drilling in the Giddings Field of southern Texas and the Golden Trend Field of southern Oklahoma. Beginning in fiscal 1995, Chesapeake initiated development of new project areas that were either extensions of the Company's historical focus in the Giddings and Golden Trend Fields or new areas in which the Company believed had similar characteristics. These additional project areas included the Knox Field in southern Oklahoma, the Sholem Alechem Field in southern Oklahoma, the Louisiana Trend, the Arkoma Basin in southeastern Oklahoma, the Lovington area in eastern New Mexico, and the Williston Basin in eastern Montana and western North Dakota. In fiscal 1997, the Company also added a large exploration project in Wharton County, Texas.

The Company invested approximately \$179 million, including capitalized interest, to acquire over one million acres of leasehold in the Louisiana Trend from fiscal 1995 through fiscal 1997, and an additional \$163 million in drilling to explore this leasehold in fiscal 1996 and 1997. Of the Company's six project areas identified in the Louisiana Trend, only in the Masters Creek area has the Company consistently found commercial quantities of oil and gas in the Austin Chalk formation.

As of June 30, 1997 the Company owned over two million net undeveloped acres in its leasehold inventory. The Company expects that its inventory of proved and unproved drilling locations will continue to be an important source of new reserves, production and cash flow over the next few years. The Louisiana Trend continues to be a key element of this existing inventory.

The following table sets forth the Company's estimated proved reserves (net of interests of other working and royalty interest owners and others entitled to share in production), estimated capital expenditures and the number of potential net drilling locations required to develop the Company's proved undeveloped reserves at June 30, 1997:

AREAS	OIL (MBBL)	GAS (MMCF)	GAS EQUIVALENT	PERCENT OF PROVED RESERVES	ESTIMATED CAPITAL EXPENDITURES REQUIRED TO DEVELOP PUD'S (\$ IN 00'S)	NUMBER OF NET PROVED UNDEVELOPED LOCATIONS
Louisiana Trend	7,673	36,418	82,456	20%	54,529	16
Oklahoma	4,483	123,393	150,291	37%	48,741	37
Giddings	1,990	128,992	140,932	35%	33,825	26
Williston Basin	872	551	5,783	2%	2,669	3
Other Areas	2,355	9,412	23,542	6%	7,204	9
Total	17,373 ======	298,766	403,004	100% ===	146,968	91 ==

PRIMARY OPERATING AREAS

The Company's activities are concentrated in three primary operating areas: (i) the Louisiana Trend, (ii) the Knox, Sholem Alechem, Golden Trend, and Arkoma Basin areas of Oklahoma, and (iii) the Navasota River and Independence areas of the downdip Giddings Field in southern Texas.

Louisiana Austin Chalk Trend. The Louisiana Trend is the newest of the Company's three primary operating areas and is budgeted to represent approximately 50% of the Company's exploration and development activities in fiscal 1998. In late 1994, Occidental Petroleum Corporation ("Occidental") completed a horizontal Austin Chalk discovery well in the Masters Creek area of central Louisiana. Occidental's well was drilled 200 miles east of the Company's activity in the downdip Giddings Field and 60 miles east of the nearest previous commercial multi-well horizontal Austin Chalk production in the Brookeland Field of southeast Texas.

Following the announcement of Occidental's discovery well, the Company extensively reviewed and analyzed vertical drilling reports, electric logs, mud logs, seismic data and vertical Austin Chalk production records to arrive at a geological conclusion that the Austin Chalk could be productive across a large portion of central and southeastern Louisiana. Accordingly, and in competition with Union Pacific Resources Company, Sonat, Inc., Occidental, Amoco Production Company, Helmerich & Payne, Inc., Belco Oil & Gas Corporation and others, Chesapeake invested approximately \$179 million from fiscal 1995 through fiscal 1997 to acquire over one million acres of leasehold in the Louisiana Trend. Beginning in fiscal 1996 and accelerating substantially by the end of fiscal 1997, Chesapeake expended an additional \$163 million to initiate drilling efforts on 56 gross (34 net) wells to evaluate this leasehold position.

From December 1996 through April 1997, the Company initiated drilling efforts on 15 new operated wells in the Louisiana Trend. Between April 1997 and July 1997, the Company completed operations on ten exploratory wells in areas of the Louisiana Trend outside of Masters Creek. Of these wells, one was completed on April 15, 1997, one on May 3, 1997 and eight were completed after June 1, 1997. Based upon the results from these wells, which primarily became known to the Company in late June 1997, the Company made the determination that a significant amount of leasehold previously classified as unevaluated had become evaluated. This determination, in combination with development in the Masters Creek area, resulted in a transfer of approximately \$91 million of previously unevaluated leasehold costs to the full cost pool which, and in conjunction with disappointing drilling results and the related costs thereof and lower oil and gas prices, was the primary cause of the full cost ceiling writedown.

The Company believes that some portion of the Louisiana Trend outside of the Masters Creek area, and specifically certain areas of East Baton Rouge and Point Coupee Parishes that are prospective for the Tuscaloosa formation, may ultimately be successfully exploited. It is the Company's intent to focus its

Louisiana drilling in fiscal 1998 primarily in the Masters Creek area and to allow others to lead the continued exploration of areas outside of Masters Creek.

The Masters Creek area, where as of September 30, 1997 the Company and the Company's competitors have completed approximately 36 out of 40 wells as commercially productive with approximately 25 additional wells currently drilling, has generally been much more successful than the other areas within the Louisiana Trend. As of September 30, 1997, the Company had eight rigs operating in this area and is participating in more than 10 non-operated wells. For fiscal 1998, the Company has budgeted \$125 million to drill approximately 25 net wells targeting the Austin Chalk formation and \$13 million to drill two net wells targeting the Tuscaloosa formation. These planned expenditures, in combination with anticipated seismic costs, represent approximately 50% of the Company's planned exploration and development capital expenditures for all areas. There can be no assurance that the Louisiana Trend drilling will yield substantial economic returns. Failure of the wells to produce significant quantities of economically attractive reserves and production could have a material adverse impact on the Company's future financial condition and results of operations, and could result in a future ceiling limitation under rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Oklahoma. Chesapeake's largest concentration of proved reserves is located in Oklahoma and is comprised of the Knox, Golden Trend, Sholem Alechem, and Arkoma Basin areas. These areas are generally characterized by relatively long lived production from multiple pay zones. The Company has conducted and is evaluating 3-D seismic surveys over significant portions of its Oklahoma leasehold in an effort to enhance its future drilling efforts. In fiscal 1997, the Company invested approximately \$68 million to drill 51 gross (32 net) wells in Oklahoma. The Company has budgeted approximately \$28 million in fiscal 1998 to drill 36 gross (21 net) wells in Oklahoma.

Giddings Field. Chesapeake's second largest concentration of proved reserves and its highest concentration of present value is located in the Giddings Field, Texas. The primary producing formation in Giddings is the Austin Chalk formation, a fractured carbonate reservoir found at depths ranging from 7,000 feet to 17,000 feet along a 15,000 square mile trend in southeastern Texas and central Louisiana. Chesapeake has concentrated its drilling efforts in the gas prone downdip portion of the Giddings Field, where the Austin Chalk is located at depths below 11,000 feet.

The Giddings Field contributed approximately 44.6 Bcfe, or 57% of the Company's total production in fiscal 1997, compared to 47.2 Bcfe or 78% in 1996. The Company expects production to decline in this relatively mature area in fiscal 1998. In fiscal 1997, the Company invested approximately \$57 million to drill 36 gross (19 net) wells in Giddings. The Company has budgeted approximately \$17 million to drill 18 gross (eight net) wells in Giddings during fiscal 1998.

OTHER OPERATING AREAS

Williston Basin. During fiscal 1996, Chesapeake began acquiring leasehold in the Williston Basin, located in eastern Montana and western North Dakota, and as of June 30, 1997 owned more than 700,000 gross (500,000 net) acres. During fiscal 1997, the Company drilled and successfully completed four vertical wells targeting the Red River formation on the northern portion of its leasehold. On the southern portion of its leasehold, the Company was unsuccessful in an attempt to establish horizontally drilled Red River production. Also during fiscal 1997, the Company tested a third large area of its Williston acreage with a successful horizontal Nesson well. Currently, the Company is focusing its Williston efforts on continuing to develop the Nesson formation. The Company has budgeted \$6 million to drill six gross and net wells during fiscal 1998 in the Williston Basin.

Permian Basin. In fiscal 1995, the Company initiated activity in the Permian Basin in the Lovington area of Lea County, New Mexico. In this project, the Company is utilizing 3-D seismic technology to search for algal reef buildups that management believes have been overlooked in this portion of the Permian Basin because of inconclusive results provided by traditional 2-D seismic technology. During fiscal 1997 the Company initiated eight wells in this project area, seven of which were successfully completed. The Company has budgeted approximately \$14 million to drill 14 gross and net wells in this area during fiscal 1998.

Wharton County, Texas. During fiscal 1997 the Company acquired approximately 25,000 net acres at a cost of approximately \$29 million in Wharton County, Texas. This exploration project is seeking gas production from the shallower Frio and Yegua sands and from the Deep Wilcox at depths of up to 19,000 feet. The Company intends to participate with a 55% interest in a 55,000 acre 3-D seismic program with Coastal Oil & Gas Corporation, Seagull Energy Corporation and other industry partners during fiscal 1998 to delineate potential future drillsites in the vicinity of Coastal's recently completed Zeidman Trust #2 well.

STRATEGIC INVESTMENTS

During fiscal 1997, the Company invested in a number of oil and gas related businesses and projects. The most significant of these was the Company's May 1997 initial investment in Bayard Drilling Technologies, Inc. ("Bayard"), consisting of an \$18 million subordinated loan and the purchase of \$7 million of common stock. In August 1997, the Company agreed to invest up to an additional \$9 million and convert certain options, warrants and note amounts that will facilitate a potential initial public offering by Bayard. On August 27, 1997 Bayard filed a registration statement for an initial public offering of its common stock. Chesapeake, subsequent to the completion of the transaction noted above, will own 4,194,000 shares of Bayard common stock (30.4% of the common stock outstanding) and anticipates selling substantially all of its ownership in Bayard in the IPO (assuming the over-allotment option is exercised) and receiving repayment of the subordinated loan. If successful, assuming the sale of all of the Company's Bayard stock and based on the initial filing price of Bayard at \$15 per share, the Company would receive total proceeds of approximately \$74 million (net of offering costs) and realize a pre-tax gain of approximately \$40 million. No assurance can be given, however, that Bayard will successfully complete the initial public offering of its common stock, at what price, or that the net proceeds or pre-tax gain discussed above will be realized by the Company.

Also during fiscal 1997 the Company invested approximately \$12 million for its 50% interest in the Louisiana Austin Chalk Gathering System (a joint venture with Mitchell Energy and Development Corporation) and \$5 million for its 15.5% interest in the Masters Creek Gas Plant (a joint venture among Union Pacific, Sonat, Helmerich & Payne, and OXY). The Company has budgeted \$4 million for its share of the expansion of these assets during fiscal 1998. The Company considers these mid-stream gas assets to be non-core and therefore may seek to sell them in fiscal 1998.

DRILLING ACTIVITY

The following table sets forth the wells drilled by the Company during the periods indicated. In the table, "gross" refers to the total wells in which the Company has a working interest and "net" refers to gross wells multiplied by the Company's working interest therein.

	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,					
	1997		1996		199	5
	GROSS	NET	GROSS		GROSS	NET
Development:						
Productive	90	55.0	111	49.5	133	42.6
Non-productive	2	.2	4	1.6	5	2.8
Total	92	55.2	115	51.1	138	45.4
	==	====	===	====	===	====
Exploratory:						
Productive	71	46.1	29	16.5	11	5.3
Non-productive	8	5.7	4	1.4	1	.7
·						
Total	79	51.8	33	17.9	12	6.0
	==	====	===	====	===	====

At June 30, 1997, the Company was drilling 25 gross (19.8 net) exploratory or development wells, of which 11 gross (8.1 net) wells have been successfully completed and 12 gross (9.7 net) wells are still being

drilled or tested. The Company was also participating with minority interests in 13 non-operated wells being drilled at that date.

1998 3-D SEISMIC SURVEY PROGRAM

The Company has increased its emphasis on the use of 3-D seismic surveys to evaluate and define potential drilling locations. During fiscal 1998 the Company has budgeted approximately \$25 million for seismic acquisition and evaluation and intends to conduct or participate in seismic surveys covering the following areas:

APPROXIMATE GROSS ACREAGE	AREA	TARGET FORMATIONS
85,000	Baton Rouge, LA	Tuscaloosa; Austin Chalk
55,000	Wharton County, TX	Deep Wilcox; Frio and Yegua
35,000	Golden Trend, OK	Multiple sand and carbonates
90,000	Lovington, NM	Strawn
50,000	Williston, MT	Red River
50,000	Allen Parish, LA	Wilcox; Austin Chalk

WELL DATA

At June 30, 1997, the Company had interests in approximately 593 (270.1 net) producing wells, of which 129 (55.4 net) were classified as primarily oil producing wells and 464 (214.7 net) were classified as primarily gas producing wells.

VOLUMES, REVENUE, PRICES AND PRODUCTION COSTS

The following table sets forth certain information regarding the production volumes, revenue, average prices received and average production costs associated with the Company's sale of oil and gas for the periods indicated:

	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,				
		1996	1995		
NET PRODUCTION: Oil (MBbl) Gas (MMcf) Gas equivalent (MMcfe)	2,770 62,005 78,625	1,413	1,139 25,114 31,947		
OIL AND GAS SALES (\$ IN 000'S): Oil Gas Total oil and gas sales	\$ 57,974 134,946 \$192,920	\$ 25,224 85,625 \$110,849	\$19,784 37,199 \$56,983		
AVERAGE SALES PRICE:Oil (\$ per Bbl)Gas (\$ per Mcf)Gas equivalent (\$ per Mcfe)OIL AND GAS COSTS (\$ PER MCFE):	\$ 20.93 \$ 2.18 \$ 2.45	\$ 17.85 \$ 1.66 \$ 1.84	\$ 1.48 \$ 1.78		
Production expenses and taxes General and administrative Depreciation, depletion and amortization of oil and gas properties	\$.19 \$.11 \$ 1.31	\$.14 \$.08 \$.85	\$.13 \$.11 \$.80		

The following table sets forth certain information regarding the costs incurred by the Company in its development, exploration and acquisition activities during the periods indicated:

	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,			
	1997	1995		
	(\$	IN THOUSAND	s)	
Development costs	\$187,736	\$138,188	\$ 78,679	
Exploration costs Acquisition costs:	136,473	39,410	14,129	
Unproved properties	140,348	138,188	24,437	
Proved properties		24,560		
Capitalized internal costs Proceeds from sale of leasehold, equipment and	3,905	1,699	586	
other	(3,095)	(6,167)	(11,953)	
Total	\$465,367	\$335,878	\$105,878	
	=======	=======	=======	

ACREAGE

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The following table sets forth as of June 30, 1997 the gross and net acres of both developed and undeveloped oil and gas leases which the Company holds. "Gross" acres are the total number of acres in which the Company owns a working interest. "Net" acres refer to gross acres multiplied by the Company's fractional working interest. Acreage numbers are stated in thousands.

	DEVELOPED		UNDEVELOPED		TOTAL DEVELOPED AND UNDEVELOPED	
	GROSS	NET	GROSS	NET	GROSS	NET
Louisiana Trend	41	40	1,154(1)	1,003(1)	1,195	1,043
Oklahoma Giddings	85 121	34 58	297 186	134 133	382 307	168 191
Williston Basin	3	2	732	498	735	500
Other Areas	27	19 	331	250	358	269
Total	277 ===	153 ===	2,700 ======	2,018 ======	2,977 =====	2,171 =====

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(1) Does not include options for additional leasehold held by the Company but not yet exercised.

MARKETING

The Company's oil production is sold under market sensitive or spot price contracts. The Company's natural gas production is sold to purchasers under varying percentage-of-proceeds and percentage-of-index contracts. By the terms of these contracts, the Company receives a percentage of the resale price received by the purchaser for sales of residue gas and natural gas liquids recovered after gathering and processing the Company's gas. The residue gas and natural gas liquids sold by these purchasers are sold primarily based on spot market prices. The revenue received by the Company from the sale of natural gas liquids is included in natural gas sales. During fiscal 1997, the following three customers individually accounted for 10% or more of the Company's total oil and gas sales:

	AMOUNT (\$ IN THOUSANDS)	PERCENT OF OIL AND GAS SALES
Aquila Southwest Pipeline Corporation	53,885	28%
Koch Oil Company	29,580	15%
GPM Gas Corporation	27,682	14%

Management believes that the loss of any of the above customers would not have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations or its financial position.

Chesapeake Energy Marketing, Inc., ("CEMI") a wholly-owned subsidiary, provides oil and natural gas marketing services including commodity price structuring, contract administration and nomination services for the Company, its partners and other oil and natural gas producers in the geographical areas in which the Company is active.

HEDGING ACTIVITIES

Periodically the Company utilizes hedging strategies to hedge the price of a portion of its future oil and gas production. These strategies include (1) swap arrangements that establish an index-related price above which the Company pays the counterparty and below which the Company is paid by the counterparty, (2) the purchase of index-related puts that provide for a "floor" price below which the counterparty pays the Company the amount by which the price of the Commodity is below the contracted floor, (3) the sale of index-related calls that provide for a "ceiling" price above which the Company pays the counterparty the amount by which the price of the commodity is above the contracted ceiling, and (4) basis protection swaps. Results from hedging transactions are reflected in oil and gas sales to the extent related to the Company's oil and gas production. The Company has not entered into hedging transactions unrelated to the Company's oil and gas production or physical purchase or sale commitments.

As of June 30, 1997, the Company had the following oil swap arrangements for periods after June 1997:

MONTH	VOLUME (BBLS)	NYMEX-INDEX STRIKE PRICE (PER BBL)
July 1997 August 1997 September 1997 October 1997 November 1997 December 1997 January through June 1998	31,000 31,000 30,000 31,000 30,000 31,000 724,000	\$ 18.60 \$ 18.43 \$ 18.30 \$ 18.19 \$ 18.13 \$ 18.08 \$ 19.82

The Company entered into oil swap arrangements to cancel the effect of the above swaps for the months of August through December at an average price of 21.07 per Bbl.

As of June 30, 1997, the Company had the following gas swap arrangements for periods after June 1997:

MONTHS	VOLUME (MMBTU)	HOUSTON SHIP CHANNEL INDEX STRIKE PRICE (PER MMBTU)
July 1997 August 1997 September 1997 October 1997	1,240,000 1,200,000	\$2.313 \$2.301 \$2.285 \$2.300

The Company entered into gas swap arrangements to cancel the effect of the swaps for the months of July through October at an average price of \$2.133 per MMBtu.

The Company entered into a curve lock for approximately 4.9 Bcf of gas which allows the Company the option to hedge April 1999 through November 1999 gas based upon a negative \$0.285 differential to December 1998 gas any time between the strike date and December 1998.

The Company estimates that had all of the crude oil and natural gas swap agreements in effect for production periods beginning July 1, 1997 terminated on June 30, 1997, based on the closing prices for NYMEX futures contracts as of that date, the Company would have paid the various counterparties a net amount of approximately \$185,000, which would have represented the "fair value" at that date. These agreements were not terminated.

Periodically, CEMI enters into various hedging transactions designed to hedge against physical purchase commitments made by CEMI. Gains or losses on these transactions are recorded as adjustments to Oil and Gas Marketing Sales in the consolidated statements of operations and are not considered by management to be material.

COMPETITION

The oil and gas industry is highly competitive. The Company competes with major and independent oil and gas companies for the acquisition of leasehold, proven oil and gas properties, as well as for the services and labor required to explore, develop and produce such properties. Many of these competitors have financial, technical and other resources substantially greater than those of the Company.

SEASONAL NATURE OF BUSINESS

Historically the demand for natural gas decreases during the summer months and increases during the winter months. However, pipelines, utilities, local distribution companies and industrial users may more effectively utilize natural gas storage capacity by purchasing some of the winter load in the summer at reduced prices.

REGULATION

General

Numerous departments and agencies, federal, state and local, issue rules and regulations binding on the oil and gas industry, some of which carry substantial penalties for failure to comply. The regulatory burden on the oil and gas industry increases the Company's cost of doing business and, consequently, affects its profitability.

Exploration and Production

The Company's operations are subject to various types of regulation at the federal, state and local levels. Such regulation includes requiring permits for the drilling of wells, maintaining bonding requirements in order to drill or operate wells and regulating the location of wells, the method of drilling and casing wells, the surface use and restoration of properties upon which wells are drilled, the plugging and abandoning of wells and the disposal of fluids used or obtained in connection with operations. The Company's operations are also subject to various conservation regulations. These include the regulation of the size of drilling and spacing units and the density of wells which may be drilled and the unitization or pooling of oil and gas properties. In this regard, some states (such as Oklahoma) allow the forced pooling or integration of tracts to facilitate exploration while other states (such as Texas) rely on voluntary pooling of lands and leases. In areas where pooling is voluntary, it may be more difficult to form units and, therefore, more difficult to develop a prospect if the operator owns less than 100% of the leasehold. In addition, state conservation laws establish maximum rates of production from oil and gas wells, generally prohibit the venting or flaring of gas and impose certain requirements regarding the ratability of production. The effect of these regulations is to limit the amount of oil and gas the Company can produce from its wells and to limit the number of wells or the locations at which the Company can drill. The extent of any impact on the Company of such restrictions cannot be predicted.

Environmental and Occupational Regulation

General. The Company's activities are subject to existing federal, state and local laws and regulations governing environmental quality and pollution control. It is anticipated that, absent the occurrence of an extraordinary event, compliance with existing federal, state and local laws, rules and regulations concerning the protection of the environment and human health will not have a material effect upon the operations, capital expenditures, earnings or the competitive position of the Company. The Company cannot predict what effect additional regulation or legislation, enforcement policies thereunder and claims for damages for injuries to property, employees, other persons and the environment resulting from the Company's operations could have on its activities. Activities of the Company with respect to the exploration, development and production of oil and natural gas are subject to stringent environmental regulation by state and federal authorities including the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA"). Such regulation has increased the cost of planning, designing, drilling, operating and in some instances, abandoning wells. In most instances, the regulatory requirements relate to the handling and disposal of drilling and production waste products and waste created by water and air pollution control procedures. Although the Company believes that compliance with environmental regulations will not have a material adverse effect on operations or earnings, risks of substantial costs and liabilities are inherent in oil and gas operations, and there can be no assurance that significant costs and liabilities, including criminal penalties, will not be incurred. Moreover, it is possible that other developments, such as stricter environmental laws and regulations, and claims for damages for injuries to property or persons resulting from the Company's operations could result in substantial costs and liabilities.

Waste Disposal. The Company currently owns or leases, and has in the past owned or leased, numerous properties that for many years have been used for the exploration and production of oil and gas. Although the Company has utilized operating and disposal practices that were standard in the industry at the time, hydrocarbons or other wastes may have been disposed of or released on or under the properties owned or leased by the Company or on or under other locations where such wastes have been taken for disposal. In addition, many of these properties have been operated by third parties whose treatment and disposal or release of hydrocarbons or other wastes was not under the Company's control. State and federal laws applicable to oil and natural gas wastes and properties have gradually become more strict. Under such laws, the Company could be required to remove or remediate previously disposed wastes (including wastes disposed of or released by prior owners or operators) or property contamination (including groundwater contamination) or to perform remedial plugging operations to prevent future contamination.

The Company generates wastes, including hazardous wastes, that are subject to the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act ("RCRA") and comparable state statutes. The EPA and various state agencies have limited the disposal options for certain hazardous and nonhazardous wastes and are considering the adoption of stricter disposal standards for nonhazardous wastes. Furthermore, certain wastes generated by the Company's oil and natural gas operations that are currently exempt from treatment as hazardous wastes may in the future be designated as hazardous wastes, and therefore be subject to considerably more rigorous and costly operating and disposal requirements.

Superfund. The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act ("CERCLA"), also known as the "Superfund" law, imposes liability, without regard to fault or the legality of the original conduct, on certain classes of persons with respect to the release of a "hazardous substance" into the environment. These persons include the owner and operator of a site and persons that disposed of or arranged for the disposal of the hazardous substances found at a site. CERCLA also authorizes the EPA and, in some cases, third parties to take actions in response to threats to the public health or the environment and to seek to recover from responsible classes of persons the costs of such action. In the course of its operations, the Company may have generated and may generate wastes that fall within CERCLA's definition of "hazardous substances." The Company may also be or have been an owner of sites on which "hazardous substances" have been released. The Company may be responsible under CERCLA for all or part of the costs to clean up sites at which such wastes have been released. To date, however, neither the Company nor, to its knowledge, its predecessors or successors have been named a potentially responsible party under CERCLA or similar state superfund laws affecting property owned or leased by the Company.

Air Emissions. The operations of the Company are subject to local, state and federal regulations for the control of emissions of air pollution. Legal and regulatory requirements in this area are increasing, and there can be no assurance that significant costs and liabilities will not be incurred in the future as a result of new regulatory developments. In particular, regulations promulgated under the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 may impose additional compliance requirements that could affect the Company's operations. However, it is impossible to predict accurately the effect, if any, of the Clean Air Act Amendments on the Company at this time. The Company may in the future be subject to civil or administrative enforcement actions for failure to comply strictly with air regulations or permits. These enforcement actions are generally resolved by

payment of monetary fines and correction of any identified deficiencies. Alternatively, regulatory agencies could require the Company to forego construction or operation of certain air emission sources.

OSHA. The Company is subject to the requirements of the federal Occupational Safety and Health Act ("OSHA") and comparable state statutes. The OSHA hazard communication standard, the EPA community right-to-know regulations under Title III of the federal Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act and similar state statutes require the Company to organize information about hazardous materials used, released or produced in its operations. Certain of this information must be provided to employees, state and local governmental authorities and local citizens. The Company is also subject to the requirements and reporting set forth in OSHA workplace standards. The Company provides safety training and personal protective equipment to its employees.

OPA and Clean Water Act. Federal regulations require certain owners or operators of facilities that store or otherwise handle oil, such as the Company, to prepare and implement spill prevention control plans, countermeasure plans and facilities response plans relating to the possible discharge of oil into surface waters. The Oil Pollution Act of 1990 ("OPA") amends certain provisions of the federal Water Pollution Control Act of 1972, commonly referred to as the Clean Water Act ("CWA"), and other statutes as they pertain to the prevention of and response to oil spills into navigable waters. The OPA subjects owners of facilities to strict joint and several liability for all containment and cleanup costs and certain other damages arising from a spill, including, but not limited to, the costs of responding to a release of oil to surface waters. The CWA provides penalties for any discharges of petroleum product in reportable quantities and imposes substantial liability for the costs of removing a spill. State laws for the control of water pollution also provide varying civil and criminal penalties and liabilities in the case of releases of petroleum or its derivatives into surface waters or into the ground. Regulations are currently being developed under OPA and state laws concerning oil pollution prevention and other matters that may impose additional regulatory burdens on the Company. In addition, the CWA and analogous state laws require permits to be obtained to authorize discharges into surface waters or to construct facilities in wetland areas. With respect to certain of its operations, the Company is required to maintain such permits or meet general permit requirements. The EPA recently adopted regulations concerning discharges of storm water runoff. This program requires covered facilities to obtain individual permits, participate in a group permit or seek coverage under an EPA general permit. The Company believes that it will be able to obtain, or be included under, such permits, where necessary, with minor modifications to existing facilities and operations that would not have a material effect on the Company.

NORM. Oil and gas exploration and production activities have been identified as generators of concentrations of low-level naturally-occurring radioactive materials ("NORM"). NORM regulations have recently been adopted in several states. The Company is unable to estimate the effect of these regulations, although based upon the Company's preliminary analysis to date, the Company does not believe that its compliance with such regulations will have a material adverse effect on its operations or financial condition.

Safe Drinking Water Act. The Company's operations involve the disposal of produced saltwater and other nonhazardous oil-field wastes by reinjection into the subsurface. Under the Safe Drinking Water Act ("SDWA"), oil and gas operators, such as the Company, must obtain a permit for the construction and operation of underground Class II injection wells. To protect against contamination of drinking water, periodic mechanical integrity tests are often required to be performed by the well operator. The Company has obtained such permits for the Class II wells it operates. The Company also has disposed of wastes in facilities other than those owned by the Company (commercial Class II injection wells).

Toxic Substances Control Act. The Toxic Substances Control Act ("TSCA") was enacted to control the adverse effects of newly manufactured and existing chemical substances. Under the TSCA, the EPA has issued specific rules and regulations governing the use, labeling, maintenance, removal from service and disposal of PCB items, such as transformers and capacitors used by oil and gas companies. The Company may own such PCB items but does not believe compliance with TSCA has or will have a material adverse effect on the Company's operations or financial condition.

TITLE TO PROPERTIES

Title to properties is subject to royalty, overriding royalty, carried, net profits, working and other similar interests and contractual arrangements customary in the oil and gas industry, to liens for current taxes not yet due and to other encumbrances. As is customary in the industry in the case of undeveloped properties, little investigation of record title is made at the time of acquisition (other than a preliminary review of local records). Drilling title opinions are always prepared before commencement of drilling operations. From time to time the Company's title to oil and gas properties is challenged through legal proceedings. The Company is routinely involved in litigation involving title to certain of its oil and gas properties, none of which management believes will be materially adverse to the Company, individually or in the aggregate.

OPERATING HAZARDS AND INSURANCE

The oil and gas business involves a variety of operating risks, including the risk of fire, explosions, blow-outs, pipe failure, abnormally pressured formations and environmental hazards such as oil spills, gas leaks, ruptures or discharges of toxic gases, the occurrence of any of which could result in substantial losses to the Company due to injury or loss of life, severe damage to or destruction of property, natural resources and equipment, pollution or other environmental damage, clean-up responsibilities, regulatory investigation and penalties and suspension of operations. The Company's horizontal drilling activities involve greater risk of mechanical problems than conventional vertical drilling operations.

The Company maintains a \$50 million oil and gas lease operator policy that insures the Company against certain sudden and accidental risks associated with drilling, completing and operating its wells. There can be no assurance that this insurance will be adequate to cover any losses or exposure to liability. The Company also carries comprehensive general liability policies and a \$60 million umbrella policy. The Company and its subsidiaries carry workers' compensation insurance in all states in which they operate and a \$35 million employment practice liability policy. While the Company believes these policies are customary in the industry, they do not provide complete coverage against all operating risks.

EMPLOYEES

The Company had 362 full-time employees as of June 30, 1997. No employees are represented by organized labor unions. The Company considers its employee relations to be good.

FACILITIES

The Company owns 12 buildings totaling approximately 80,000 square feet in an office complex in Oklahoma City that comprise its headquarters' offices and also owns a field office in Lindsay, Oklahoma. The Company leases field office space in College Station and Navasota, Texas, Lafayette, Louisiana and Calgary, Canada.

REINCORPORATION

On December 31, 1996, the Company changed its state of incorporation from Delaware to Oklahoma by the merger of Chesapeake Energy Corporation, a Delaware corporation, with and into its newly formed wholly-owned subsidiary, Chesapeake Oklahoma Corporation. The surviving corporation changed its name to Chesapeake Energy Corporation. Each outstanding share of Common Stock, par value \$.10, of the merged Delaware corporation was converted into one share of Common Stock, par value \$.01, of the surviving corporation. As a result of the merger, the surviving corporation succeeded to all of the assets and is responsible for all of the liabilities of the merged Delaware corporate corporation. On matters of corporate governance, the rights of the Company's security holders are now governed by Oklahoma law, which is similar to the corporate law of Delaware.

GLOSSARY

The terms defined in this section are used throughout this Form 10-K.

Bcf. Billion cubic feet.

Bcfe. Billion cubic feet of gas equivalent.

Bbl. One stock tank barrel, or 42 U.S. gallons liquid volume, used herein in reference to crude oil or other liquid hydrocarbons.

Btu. British thermal unit, which is the heat required to raise the temperature of a one-pound mass of water from 58.5 to 59.5 degrees Fahrenheit.

Commercial Well; Commercially Productive Well. An oil and gas well which produces oil and gas in sufficient quantities such that proceeds from the sale of such production exceed production expenses and taxes.

Developed Acreage. The number of acres which are allocated or assignable to producing wells or wells capable of production.

Development Well. A well drilled within the proved area of an oil or gas reservoir to the depth of a stratigraphic horizon known to be productive.

Dry Hole; Dry Well. A well found to be incapable of producing either oil or gas in sufficient quantities to justify completion as an oil or gas well.

Exploratory Well. A well drilled to find and produce oil or gas in an unproved area, to find a new reservoir in a field previously found to be productive of oil or gas in another reservoir or to extend a known reservoir.

Farmout. An assignment of an interest in a drilling location and related acreage conditional upon the drilling of a well on that location.

Formation. A succession of sedimentary beds that were deposited under the same general geologic conditions.

Gross Acres or Gross Wells. The total acres or wells, as the case may be, in which a working interest is owned.

Horizontal Wells. Wells which are drilled at angles greater than 70 from vertical.

MBbl. One thousand barrels of crude oil or other liquid hydrocarbons.

MBtu. One thousand Btus.

Mcf. One thousand cubic feet.

Mcfe. One thousand cubic feet of gas equivalent.

MMBbl. One million barrels of crude oil or other liquid hydrocarbons.

MMBtu. One million Btus.

MMcf. One million cubic feet.

MMcfe. One million cubic feet of gas equivalent.

Net Acres or Net Wells. The sum of the fractional working interest owned in gross acres or gross wells.

Present Value. When used with respect to oil and gas reserves, present value means the estimated future gross revenue to be generated from the production of proved reserves, net of estimated production and future development costs, using prices and costs in effect at the determination date, without giving effect to non-property related expenses such as general and administrative expenses, debt service and future income tax expense or to depreciation, depletion and amortization, discounted using an annual discount rate of 10%.

Proved Developed Reserves. Reserves that can be expected to be recovered through existing wells with existing equipment and operating methods.

Proved Reserves. The estimated quantities of crude oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids which geological and engineering data demonstrate with reasonable certainty to be recoverable in future years from known reservoirs under existing economic and operating conditions.

Proved Undeveloped Location. A site on which a development well can be drilled consistent with spacing rules for purposes of recovering proved undeveloped reserves.

Proved Undeveloped Reserves. Reserves that are expected to be recovered from new wells drilled to known reservoir on undrilled acreage or from existing wells where a relatively major expenditure is required for recompletion.

Royalty Interest. An interest in an oil and gas property entitling the owner to a share of oil or gas production free of costs of production.

Tcf. One trillion cubic feet.

Tcfe. One trillion cubic feet of gas equivalent.

Undeveloped Acreage. Lease acreage on which wells have not been drilled or completed to a point that would permit the production of commercial quantities of oil and gas regardless of whether such acreage contains proved reserves.

Working Interest. The operating interest which gives the owner the right to drill, produce and conduct operating activities on the property and a share of production.

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

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OIL AND GAS RESERVES

The tables below set forth information as of June 30, 1997 with respect to the Company's estimated net proved reserves, the estimated future net revenue therefrom and the present value thereof at such date. Williamson Petroleum Consultants, Inc. ("Williamson") evaluated most of the Company's Texas oil and gas reserves and all of its Louisiana oil and gas reserves, together representing approximately 50% of the Company's total proved reserves. The Company internally evaluated the remaining reserves, which were subsequently evaluated by Williamson with a variance of approximately 4% of total proved reserves. The estimates were prepared based upon a review of production histories and other geologic, economic, ownership and engineering data developed by the Company. The present value of estimated future net revenue shown is not intended to represent the current market value of the estimated oil and gas reserves owned by the Company.

ESTIMATED PROVED RESERVES	OIL	GAS	TOTAL
AS OF JUNE 30, 1997	(MBBL)	(MMCF)	
	7,324	151,879	195,823
	10,049	146,887	207,181
	17,373	298,766	403,004

ESTIMATED FUTURE NET REVENUE AS OF JUNE 30, 1997(A)	PROVED DEVELOPED	PROVED UNDEVELOPED (\$ IN THOUSANDS)	TOTAL PROVED
timated future net revenueesent value of future net revenue	\$336,417	\$275,537	\$611,954
	\$248,765	\$188,621	\$437,386

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Est

(a) Estimated future net revenue represents estimated future gross revenue to be generated from the production of proved reserves, net of estimated production and future development costs, using prices and costs in effect at June 30, 1997. The amounts shown do not give effect to non-property related expenses, such as general and administrative expenses, debt service and future income tax expense or to depreciation, depletion and amortization. The prices used in the Williamson and internal reports yield average prices of \$18.38 per barrel of oil and \$2.12 per Mcf of gas.

The future net revenue attributable to the Company's estimated proved undeveloped reserves of \$275.5 million at June 30, 1997, and the \$188.6 million present value thereof, have been calculated assuming that the Company will expend approximately \$146.9 million to develop these reserves through June 30, 2000. The amount and timing of these expenditures will depend on a number of factors, including actual drilling results, product prices and the availability of capital.

No estimates of proved reserves comparable to those included herein have been included in reports to any federal agency other than the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The Company's interest used in calculating proved reserves and the estimated future net revenue therefrom was determined after giving effect to the assumed maximum participation by other parties to the Company's farmout and participation agreements. The prices used in calculating the estimated future net revenue attributable to proved reserves do not reflect market prices for oil and gas production sold subsequent to June 30, 1997. There can be no assurance that all of the estimated proved reserves will be produced and sold at the assumed prices or that existing contracts will be honored or judicially enforced.

There are numerous uncertainties inherent in estimating quantities of proved reserves and in projecting future rates of production and timing of development expenditures, including many factors beyond the control of the producer. The reserve data set forth herein represent only estimates. Reserve engineering is a subjective process of estimating underground accumulations of oil and gas that cannot be measured in an exact way, and the accuracy of any reserve estimate is a function of the quality of available data and of engineering and geological interpretation and judgment. As a result, estimates made by different engineers often vary. In addition, results of drilling, testing and production subsequent to the date of an estimate may justify revision of such estimates, and such revisions may be material. Accordingly, reserve estimates are often different from the actual quantities of oil and gas that are ultimately recovered. Furthermore, the estimated future net revenue from proved reserves and the present value thereof are based upon certain assumptions, including prices, future production levels and cost, that may not prove correct. Predictions about prices and future production levels are subject to great uncertainty, and this is particularly true as to proved undeveloped reserves, which are inherently less certain than proved developed reserves and which comprise a significant portion of the Company's proved reserves. In fiscal 1997, such uncertainties resulted in a \$236 million impairment of the Company's oil and gas properties. (See "Results of Operations -- Impairment of Oil and Gas Properties" in Item 7).

See Item 1 and Note 11 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Item 8 for a description of the Company's primary and other operating areas, production and other information regarding its oil and gas properties.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The following purported class actions alleging violations of Sections 10b-5 and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 10b-5 thereunder have been filed against the Company and certain of its officers and directors:

Joseph Friedman, as attorney-in-fact for Chana Wolowitz v. Chesapeake Energy Corporation, Aubrey K. McClendon, Thomas L. Ward, Marcus C. Rowland, Shannon T. Self, Walter C. Wilson, Henry J. Hood, Steven C. Dixon, and J. Mark Lester, filed in the U.S. District Court for the Western District of Oklahoma on August 21, 1997.

Albion Financial LLC v. Chesapeake Energy Corporation, Aubrey K. McClendon, Marcus C. Rowland, Shannon T. Self, and Walter Wilson ("Albion"), filed in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Texas, Houston Division, on August 29, 1997. Frank M. Zacco v. Chesapeake Energy Corporation, Aubrey K. McClendon, Thomas L. Ward, Marcus C. Rowland, Shannon T. Self, Walter C. Wilson, Henry J. Hood, Steven C. Dixon, and J. Mark Lester, filed in the U.S. District Court for the Western District of Oklahoma on September 5, 1997.

Jeff Lezak v. Chesapeake Energy Corporation, Aubrey K. McClendon, Thomas L. Ward, Marcus C. Rowland, Shannon T. Self, Walter C. Wilson, Henry J. Hood, Steven C. Dixon, and J. Mark Lester, filed in the U.S. District Court for the Western District of Oklahoma on September 9, 1997.

Lisabeth Dolwig v. Chesapeake Energy Corporation, Aubrey K. McClendon, Marcus C. Rowland, Shannon T. Self, Walter Wilson, Ronald Lefaive, and J. Mark Lester, filed in the U.S. District Court for the Western District of Oklahoma on September 11, 1997.

Leslie Joseph Klein IRA v. Chesapeake Energy Corporation, Aubrey K. McClendon, Thomas L. Ward, Marcus C. Rowland, Shannon T. Self, Walter C. Wilson, Henry J. Hood, Steven C. Dixon, and J. Mark Lester, filed in the U.S. District Court for the Western District of Oklahoma on September 15, 1997.

Elmo G. Hubble v. Chesapeake Energy Corporation, Aubrey K. McClendon, Marcus C. Rowland, Shannon T. Self and Walter Wilson, filed in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Texas, Houston Division, on September 17, 1997.

Jamie Gottleib, et al. v. Chesapeake Energy Corporation, Aubrey K. McClendon, Thomas L. Ward, Marcus C. Rowland, Shannon T. Self, Walter C. Wilson, Henry J. Hood, Steven C. Dixon, and J. Mark Lester, filed in the U.S. District Court for the Western District of Oklahoma on September 18, 1997.

David S. Winston v. Chesapeake Energy Corporation, Aubrey K. McClendon, Thomas L. Ward, Marcus C. Rowland, Shannon T. Self, Walter C. Wilson, Henry J. Hood, Steven C. Dixon, and J. Mark Lester, filed in the U.S. District Court for the Western District of Oklahoma on September 23, 1997.

Michael Spindle, et al. v. Chesapeake Energy Corporation, Aubrey K. McClendon, Marcus C. Rowland, Shannon T. Self, Walter Wilson, Ronald Lefaive and J. Mark Lester, filed in the U.S. District Court for the Western District of Oklahoma on September 24, 1997.

Robert Markewich v. Chesapeake Energy Corporation, Aubrey K. McClendon, Thomas L. Ward, Marcus C. Rowland, Shannon T. Self, Walter C. Wilson, Henry J. Hood, Steven C. Dixon, and J. Mark Lester, filed in the U.S. District Court for the Western District of Oklahoma on September 25, 1997.

The plaintiffs assert that the defendants made materially false and misleading statements and failed to disclose material facts about the success of the Company's exploration efforts, principally in the Louisiana Trend. As a result, the complaints allege, the price of the Company's common stock was artificially inflated during periods beginning as early as January 25, 1996 and ending on June 27, 1997, when the Company issued a press release announcing disappointing drilling results in the Louisiana Trend and a full-cost ceiling writedown to be reflected in its June 30, 1997 financial statements. The plaintiffs further allege that certain of the named individual defendants sold common stock during the class period when they knew or should have known adverse nonpublic information. Each case seeks a determination that the suit is a proper class action, certification of the plaintiff as a class representative and damages in an unspecified amount, together with costs of litigation, including attorneys' fees. The Company and the individual defendants believe that these actions are without merit, and intend to defend against them vigorously.

On October 15, 1996, Union Pacific Resources Company ("UPRC") filed suit against the Company in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Texas, Fort Worth Division alleging (a) infringement and inducing infringement of UPRC's claim to a patent (the "UPRC Patent") for an invention involving a method of maintaining a borehole in a stratigraphic zone during drilling, and (b) tortious interference with certain business relations between UPRC and certain of its former employees. UPRC's claims against the Company are based on services provided by a third party vendor to the Company. UPRC is seeking injunctive relief, damages of an unspecified amount, including actual, enhanced, consequential and punitive damages, interest, costs and attorneys' fees. The Company believes that it has meritorious defenses to UPRC's 17

allegations and has requested the court to declare the UPRC Patent invalid. The Company has also filed a motion to limit the scope of UPRC's claims and for summary judgment. No prediction can be made as to the outcome of the matter.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

No matters were submitted to a vote of the Company's security holders during the fourth quarter of the Company's fiscal year ended June 30, 1997.

PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

PRICE RANGE OF COMMON STOCK

The Common Stock has been trading on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "CHK" since April 28, 1995. The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the high and low sales prices per share (adjusted for 3-for-2 stock splits on December 15, 1995 and June 28, 1996 and a 2-for-1 stock split on December 31, 1996) of the Common Stock as reported by the New York Stock Exchange:

	COMMON STOCK	
	HIGH	LOW
Fiscal year ended June 30, 1996: First Quarter Second Quarter Third Quarter Fourth Quarter Fiscal year ended June 30, 1997: First Quarter Second Quarter Third Quarter	\$ 7.28 11.08 16.50 30.38 34.00 34.13 31.50	\$ 4.53 6.20 10.67 15.50 21.00 25.69 19.88
Fourth Quarter	22.38	9.25

At September 30, 1997 there were 500 holders of record of Common Stock and approximately 18,000 beneficial owners.

DIVIDENDS

The Company initiated a quarterly dividend with the payment of \$0.02 per common share on July 15, 1997. The payment of future cash dividends, if any, will be reviewed periodically by the Board of Directors and will depend upon, among other things, the Company's financial condition, funds from operations, the level of its capital and development expenditures, its future business prospects and any contractual restrictions.

Certain of the Indentures governing the Company's outstanding Senior Notes contain certain restrictions on the Company's ability to declare and pay dividends. Under the Indentures, the Company may not pay any cash dividends in respect of its Common Stock if (i) a default or an event of default has occurred and is continuing at the time of or immediately after giving effect to the dividend payment, (ii) the Company would not be able to incur at least \$1 of additional indebtedness under the terms of the Indentures, or (iii) immediately after giving effect to the dividend payment, the aggregate of all Restricted Payments (as defined) declared or made after the respective issue dates of the notes exceeds the sum of specified income, proceeds from the issuance of stock and debt by the Company and other amounts from the quarter in which the respective note issuances occurred to the quarter immediately preceding the date of the dividend payment.

STOCK REPURCHASE AUTHORIZATION

In August 1997, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the Company to expend up to \$50 million in connection with purchases of the Company's outstanding common stock from time to time through open market transactions, block or privately negotiated purchases, or otherwise. To date, the Company has not repurchased any shares under the Board authorization.

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

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The following table sets forth selected consolidated financial data of the Company for each of the five fiscal years ended June 30, 1997. The data is derived from the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company, including the Notes thereto, appearing elsewhere in this report. The data set forth in this table should be read in conjunction with "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and the Consolidated Financial Statements, including the Notes thereto included elsewhere in this report. On June 13, 1997 the Company declared a dividend of \$0.02 per common share which was paid on July 15, 1997.

	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,				
	1997	1996	1995	1994	1993
			EXCEPT PER		
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS DATA: Revenues:					
Oil and gas sales Oil and gas marketing sales	,	\$110,849 28,428	\$ 56,983	\$ 22,404	\$11,602
Oil and gas service operations Interest and other		3,831	8,836 1,524	6,439 981	5,526 880
Total revenues	280,315	149,422	67,343	29,824	18,008
Costs and expenses:					
Production expenses and taxes	15,107	8,303	4,256	3,647	2,890
Oil and gas marketing expenses	75,140	27,452	7,747		
Oil and gas service operations		4,895	7,747	5,199	3,653
Impairment of oil and gas properties Oil and gas depreciation, depletion and	236,000				
amortization Depreciation and amortization of			25,410		4,184
other assets	3,782	3,157	1,765	1,871	557
General and administrative Provision for legal and other			3,578		
settlements			6,627		1,286
Interest and other	18,550	13,679	6,627	2,676	2,282
Total costs and expenses	460,645		49,383	24,669	18,472
Income (loss) before income taxes and					
extraordinary item	(180 220)	26 200	17 060	5 155	(464)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(3,573)	12,854	6,299	1,250	(404) (99)
Income (loss) before extraordinary item Extraordinary item:					
Loss on early extinguishment of debt, net of applicable income taxes of					
\$3,804	(6,620)				
Net income (loss)	\$(183,377) =======			\$ 3,905 ======	\$ (365) ======
Earnings (loss) per common and common equivalent share:					
Income (loss) before extraordinary item Extraordinary item			\$ 0.21	\$ 0.08	\$ (0.02)
Net income (loss)				\$0.08	\$ (0.02)
CASH FLOW DATA: Cash provided by (used in) operating					
activities	\$ 84,089	\$120,972	\$ 54,731	\$ 19,423	\$(1,499)
Cash used in investing activities	523,854	344,389	112,703	29,211	15,142
Cash provided by financing activities BALANCE SHEET DATA: (at end of period)	512,144	219,520	97,282	21,162	20,802
Total assets Long-term debt, net of current	\$ 949,068	\$572,335	\$276,693	\$125,690	\$78,707
maturities	508,950	268,431	145,754	47,878	14,051
Stockholders' equity	286,889	177,767	44,975	31,260	31,432

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

OVERVIEW

Chesapeake's revenue, operating cash flow (exclusive of changes in working capital) and production reached record levels in fiscal 1997. However, significant expenditures for acreage acquisition and drilling costs followed by unfavorable exploration and production results, together with increases in drilling and equipment costs and declines in oil and gas prices as of June 30, 1997, resulted in downward revisions in estimates of the Company's proved oil and gas reserves and the present value of the estimated future net revenues from these reserves. Such excess caused the Company to record a \$236 million asset writedown during the fourth quarter of the year and caused the Company to report a net loss of \$183 million for the year.

Chesapeake's strategy during fiscal 1997, and particularly in the third and fourth quarters of the year, was to identify the potential of the various areas of the Louisiana Trend by exploratory drilling. In several large areas outside of the Masters Creek portion of the Louisiana Trend, this exploration program was unsuccessful. In these areas significant leasehold and drilling costs were added to the evaluated oil and gas property pool while insignificant quantities of oil and gas reserves were added to the Company's proved reserve base.

During fiscal 1997, the Company participated in 171 gross (107 net) wells, of which 129 wells were operated by the Company. A summary of the Company's drilling activities and capital expenditures by primary operating area is as follows (\$ in thousands):

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

	GROSS	NET			
	WELLS	WELLS	DRILLING	LEASEHOLD	TOTAL
Louisiana Trend	50	28.7	\$141,581	\$ 81,287	\$222,868
Oklahoma	51	31.8	67,689	4,556	72,245
Texas	51	31.7	64,514	41,112	105,626
Other	19	14.8	51,237	13,391	64,628
Total	171	107.0	\$325,021	\$140,346	\$465,367

The Company's proved reserves decreased 5% to an estimated 403 Bcfe at June 30, 1997, down 22 Bcfe from 425 Bcfe of estimated proved reserves at June 30, 1996 (see Note 11 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 8 and "Results of Operations -- Impairment of Oil and Gas Properties"). Due to the numerous uncertainties inherent in estimating quantities of proved reserves and in projecting future rates of production and timing of development expenditures, including many factors beyond the control of the Company, there can be no assurance that the Company's estimated proved reserves will not decrease in the future.

The Company's business strategy in fiscal 1997 continued to emphasize the acquisition of large prospective leasehold positions which potentially provide a multi-year inventory of drilling locations. As of June 30, 1997, the Company had approximately 277,000 gross acres of developed leasehold and 2.7 million gross acres of undeveloped leasehold. The fiscal 1997 drilling program, particularly in Louisiana, consisted of more exploratory drilling than in previous years. The Company's strategy for fiscal 1998 is to reduce its capital expenditure program to approximately \$250-\$275 million, concentrate its Louisiana Trend drilling activities in Masters Creek, utilize more 3-D seismic prior to conducting drilling operations, reduce the acquisition of additional unproven leasehold, and selectively acquire proved reserves. This strategy will likely have the effect of reducing the Company's anticipated production growth rate from exploration and development drilling to between 10% and 15% per year.

To assist the Company in reducing exploratory risks and increasing economic returns the Company has increased its use of 3-D seismic. The Company has conducted, participated in, or is actively pursuing more than 25 3-D seismic programs to more fully evaluate the Company's acreage inventory.

	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,			,		
		1997		1996	:	1995
NET PRODUCTION DATA:						
Oil (MBbl)		2,770		1,413		1,139
Gas (MMcf)		62,005		51,710	2	25,114
Gas equivalent (MMcfe) OIL AND GAS SALES (\$ in 000's):		78,625		60,190	3	31,947
0il	\$	57,974	\$	25,224	\$2	19,784
Gas	1	.34,946		85,625	:	37,199
Total oil and gas sales	\$1	92,920	\$1	10,849	\$!	56,983
AVERAGE SALES PRICE:	==		==		==	
Oil (\$ per Bbl)	\$	20.93	\$	17.85	\$	17.36
Gas (\$ per Mcf)				1.66		1.48
Gas equivalent (\$ per Mcfe)		2.45	\$	1.84	\$	1.78
OIL AND GAS COSTS (\$ per Mcfe):						
Production expenses and taxes		.19	\$.14	\$	
General and administrative		.11	-	.08	\$	
Depreciation, depletion and amortization NET WELLS DRILLED:	\$	1.31	\$.85	\$.80
Horizontal wells		75.7		42.0		28.5
Vertical wells		31.3		27.0		23.0
NET WELLS AT END OF PERIOD		270.1		187.0		96.4

The Company completed an offering of 8,972,000 shares of common stock in December 1996 resulting in net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$288.1 million. Additionally, the Company issued \$300 million in Senior Notes in March 1997. The Company used the net proceeds from these offerings, along with cash flow from operations, to fund its net capital expenditures of \$524 million, repay all amounts outstanding under its commercial bank credit facilities, and retire \$47.5 million of Senior Notes.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

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General. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1997, the Company realized a net loss of \$183.4 million, or a loss of \$2.79 per common share, on total revenues of \$280.3 million. This compares to net income of \$23.4 million, or \$0.40 per common share, on total revenues of \$149.4 million in 1996, and net income of \$11.7 million, or \$0.21 per common share, on total revenues of \$67.3 million in fiscal 1995. The loss in fiscal 1997 as compared to significantly higher earnings in fiscal 1996 and fiscal 1995 was largely the result of a \$236 million asset writedown recorded in the fourth quarter under the full cost method of accounting. (See "Results of Operations -- Impairment of Oil and Gas Properties").

Oil and Gas Sales. During fiscal 1997, oil and gas sales increased 74% to \$192.9 million versus \$110.8 million for fiscal 1996 and 238% from the fiscal 1995 amount of \$57 million. The increase in oil and gas sales resulted primarily from strong growth in production volumes and significantly higher average oil and gas prices. For fiscal 1997, the Company produced 78.6 Bcfe, at a weighted average price of \$2.45 per Mcfe, compared to 60.2 Bcfe produced in fiscal 1996 at a weighted average price of \$1.84 per Mcfe. and 31.9 Bcfe produced in fiscal 1995 at a weighted average price of \$1.78 per Mcfe. This represents production growth of 31% for fiscal 1997 compared to fiscal 1996 and 146% compared to fiscal 1995.

The following table shows the Company's production by major field area for fiscal 1997 and fiscal 1996:

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	FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,			
	1997		19	96
	PRODUCTION		PRODU	CTION
	(MMCFE) PERCENT		(MMCFE)	PERCENT
Техаз	47,398	61%	49,347	82%
Oklahoma	17,370	22	10,420	17
Louisiana Trend	12,785	16	69	
All Other Fields	1,072	1	354	1
Total Production	78,625	100%	60,190	100%
	======	===	======	===

The Company's gas production represented approximately 79% of the Company's total production volume on an equivalent basis in fiscal 1997. This compares to 86% in fiscal 1996 and 79% in fiscal 1995. This decrease in gas production as a percentage of total production in fiscal 1997 was the result of drilling in the Louisiana Trend, which tends to produce more oil than gas.

For fiscal 1997, the Company realized an average price per barrel of oil of \$20.93, compared to \$17.85 in fiscal 1996 and \$17.36 in fiscal 1995. The Company markets its oil on monthly average equivalent spot price contracts and typically receives a premium to the price posted for West Texas Intermediate crude oil.

Gas price realizations increased from fiscal 1996 to 1997 from \$1.66 per Mcf to \$2.18 per Mcf, or 31%, generally as the result of market conditions. Gas prices in fiscal 1995 averaged \$1.48 per Mcf. The Company's gas price realizations in fiscal 1997 were also higher due to the increase in Louisiana Trend gas production, which generally receives premium prices at least equivalent to Henry Hub indexes due to the high Btu content and favorable market location of the production.

The Company's hedging activities resulted in decreases in oil and gas revenues of \$7.4 million, \$5.9 million, and none in fiscal 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively.

Oil and Gas Marketing Sales. In December 1995, the Company entered into the oil and gas marketing business by establishing a subsidiary to provide primarily natural gas marketing services including commodity price structuring, contract administration and nomination services for the Company, its partners and other oil and natural gas producers in the geographical areas in which the Company is active. The Company realized \$76.2 million in oil and gas marketing sales for third parties in fiscal 1997, with corresponding oil and gas marketing expenses of \$75.1 million, resulting in a gross margin of \$1.1 million. This compares to sales of \$28.4 million, expenses of \$27.5 million, and a margin of \$0.9 million in fiscal 1996. There were no comparable marketing activities in fiscal 1995.

Oil and Gas Service Operations. On June 30, 1996, Peak USA Energy Services, Ltd., a limited partnership ("Peak"), was formed by Peak Oilfield Services Company (a joint venture between Cook Inlet Region, Inc. and Nabors Industries, Inc.) and Chesapeake for the purpose of purchasing the Company's oilfield service assets and providing rig moving, transportation and related site construction services to the Company and others in the industry. The Company sold its service company assets to Peak for \$6.4 million, and simultaneously invested \$2.5 million in exchange for a 33.3% partnership interest in Peak. This transaction resulted in recognition of a \$1.8 million pre-tax gain during the fourth fiscal quarter of 1996 (reported in Interest and other revenues). A deferred gain from the sale of service company assets of \$0.9 million was recorded as a reduction in the Company's investment in Peak and is being amortized to income over the estimated useful lives of the Peak assets. The Company's investment in Peak is accounted for using the equity method, and resulted in \$0.5 million of income being included in Interest and other revenues in fiscal 1997.

Revenues from oil and gas service operations were \$6.3 million in fiscal 1996, down 28% from \$8.8 million in fiscal 1995. The related costs and expenses of these operations were \$4.9 million and \$7.7 million for the two years ended June 30, 1996 and 1995 respectively. The gross profit margin of 22% in fiscal 1996 was up from the 12% margin in fiscal 1995. The gross profit margin derived from these operations is

a function of drilling activities in the period, costs of materials and supplies and the mix of operations between lower margin trucking operations versus higher margin labor oriented service operations.

Interest and Other. Interest and other revenues for fiscal 1997 were \$11.2 million which compares to \$3.8 million in fiscal 1996 and \$1.5 million in fiscal 1995. During fiscal 1997, the Company realized \$8.7 million in interest, \$1.6 million of other investment income, \$0.5 million from its investment in Peak, and \$0.4 million in other income. During fiscal 1996, the Company realized \$3.7 million of interest and other investment income, and a \$1.8 million gain related to the sale of certain service company assets, offset by a \$1.7 million loss due to natural gas basis changes in April 1996 as a result of the Company's hedging activities. During 1995, the Company did not incur any such gains on sale of assets or basis losses.

Production Expenses and Taxes. Production expenses and taxes, which include lifting costs and production and excise taxes, increased to \$15.1 million in fiscal 1997, as compared to \$8.3 million in fiscal 1996 and \$4.3 million in fiscal 1995. These increases on a year-to-year basis were primarily the result of increased production. On an Mcfe production unit basis, production expenses and taxes increased to \$0.19 per Mcfe as compared to \$0.14 per Mcfe in fiscal 1996 and \$0.13 per Mcfe in fiscal 1995. During fiscal 1996 and 1995, a high proportion of the Company's production was from the Giddings Field, much of which qualified for Texas severance tax exemptions. The Company expects that operating costs per Mcfe will continue to increase in fiscal 1998 based on the Company's expected production mix and drilling activities in oil prone areas which generally have higher operating costs than gas prone areas and because a higher percentage of the Company's production will not qualify for severance tax exemptions as compared to the past.

Impairment of Oil and Gas Properties. The Company utilizes the full cost method to account for its investment in oil and gas properties. Under this method, all costs of acquisition, exploration and development of oil and gas reserves (including such costs as leasehold acquisition costs, geological and geophysical expenditures, certain capitalized internal costs, dry hole costs and tangible and intangible development costs) are capitalized as incurred. These oil and gas property costs along with the estimated future capital expenditures to develop proved undeveloped reserves are depleted and charged to operations using the unit-of-production method based on the ratio of current production to proved oil and gas reserves as estimated by the Company's independent engineering consultants and Company engineers. Costs directly associated with the acquisition and evaluation of unproved properties are excluded from the amortization computation until it is determined whether or not proved reserves can be assigned to the property or whether impairment has occurred. To the extent that capitalized costs of oil and gas properties, net of accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization and related deferred income taxes, exceed the discounted future net revenues of proved oil and gas properties, such excess costs are charged to operations.

Prior to January 1997, the Company completed operations on one exploratory well in each of three separate areas outside Masters Creek in the Louisiana Trend. Between April 1997 and July 1997, the Company completed operations on ten Company operated exploratory wells located outside Masters Creek in the Louisiana Trend that resulted in the addition of only 0.5 Bcfe of proved reserves. Cumulative well costs on these non-Masters Creek properties were approximately \$43 million as of June 30, 1997. Of the 10 wells, one was completed on April 15, 1997, one on May 3, 1997 and eight after June 1, 1997. Based upon this information and similar data which had become available from outside operated properties in these non-Masters Creek areas of the Louisiana Trend in late June 1997, management determined that a significant portion of its leasehold in the Louisiana Trend outside of Masters Creek was impaired. During the quarters ended March 31, 1997 and June 30, 1997 the Company transferred \$7.6 million and \$86.3 million, respectively, of non-Masters Creek Louisiana Trend leasehold costs to the amortization base of the full cost pool.

Oil and gas prices declined from \$20.90 per Bbl and \$2.41 per Mcf at June 30, 1996 to \$18.38 per Bbl and \$2.12 per Mcf at June 30, 1997. Drilling and equipment costs escalated rapidly in the fourth quarter of fiscal 1997 due primarily to higher day-rates for drilling rigs, thus increasing the estimated future capital expenditures to be incurred to develop the Company's proved undeveloped reserves. The oil and gas price declines and the increased costs to drill and equip wells caused the Company to eliminate 35 gross proved undeveloped locations in the Knox Field which contained an estimated 45 net Bcfe of proved undeveloped

reserves. Similar factors combined with unfavorable drilling and production results eliminated approximately 93 Bcfe of proved reserves in the Giddings, and Louisiana Trend areas.

In the Independence area of the Giddings Field of Texas, a single well completed in late March 1997 which the Company had estimated to contain 15.7 Bcfe of Company reserves at March 31, 1997, was significantly and adversely affected by another operator's offset well which damaged the reservoir and reduced the Company's estimated ultimate recovery to 8.0 Bcfe of reserves.

In late June 1997, management reviewed its March 31, 1997 internal estimates of proved reserves and related estimated discounted future net revenues from its proved reserves, and giving effect to fourth quarter 1997 drilling and production results, oil and gas prices, higher drilling and completion costs, and additional leasehold acquisition costs and delay rentals incurred in areas subsequently determined to have less reserve potential than had previously been estimated. After considering all of these factors, management estimated that at June 30, 1997 it would have capitalized costs of oil and gas properties which would exceed its full cost ceiling by approximately \$150 million to \$200 million and on June 27, 1997, issued a press release which included this estimate. Subsequently, based on the Company's final year-end estimates of its proved reserves and related estimated future net revenues, which took into account additional drilling and production results, management determined that as of June 30, 1997, its capitalized costs exceeded its full cost ceiling by approximately \$236 million.

No such writedown was experienced by the Company in fiscal 1996 or fiscal 1995.

Oil and Gas Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization. Depreciation, depletion and amortization ("DD&A") of oil and gas properties for fiscal 1997 was \$103.3 million, \$52.4 million higher than fiscal 1996's expense of \$50.9 million, and \$77.9 million higher than fiscal 1995's expense of \$25.4 million. The expense in fiscal 1997 excluded the effects of the asset writedown. The average DD&A rate per Mcfe, which is a function of capitalized costs, future development costs, and the related underlying reserves in the periods presented, increased to \$1.31 in fiscal 1997 compared to \$0.85 in fiscal 1996 and \$0.80 in fiscal 1995. The Company's DD&A rate in the future will be a function of the results of future acquisition, exploration, development and production results, but the Company's rate is expected to trend upward in fiscal 1998 based on projected higher finding costs for the Louisiana Trend and higher drilling, completing, and equipping expenses throughout the oil and gas industry.

Depreciation and Amortization of Other Assets. Depreciation and amortization ("D&A") of other assets increased to \$3.8 million in fiscal 1997, compared to \$3.2 million in fiscal 1996, and \$1.8 million in fiscal 1995. This increase in fiscal 1997 was caused by an increase in D&A as a result of increased investments in depreciable buildings and equipment, and increased amortization of debt issuance costs as a result of the issuance of Senior Notes in May 1995, April 1996 and March 1997. The Company anticipates an increase in D&A in fiscal 1998 as a result of a full year of debt issuance cost amortization on the Senior Notes issued in March 1997 and higher building depreciation expense on the Company's corporate offices.

General and Administrative. General and administrative ("G&A") expenses, which are net of capitalized internal payroll and non-payroll expenses (see Note 11 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements), were \$8.8 million in fiscal 1997, up 83% from \$4.8 million in fiscal 1996, and up from \$3.6 million in fiscal 1995. The increases in fiscal 1997 as compared to fiscal 1996 and 1995 result primarily from increased personnel expenses required by the Company's growth and industry wage inflation. The Company capitalized \$3.9 million of internal costs in fiscal 1997 directly related to the Company's oil and gas exploration and development efforts, as compared to \$1.7 million in 1996 and \$0.6 million in 1995. The Company anticipates that G&A costs for fiscal 1998 will continue to increase as the result of wage inflation in the oil and gas industry and legal fees associated with the UPRC and shareholder litigation.

Interest and Other. Interest and other expense increased to \$18.6 million in fiscal 1997 as compared to \$13.7 million in 1996 and \$6.6 million in fiscal 1995. Interest expense in the fourth quarter of fiscal 1997 was \$8.7 million, reflecting the issuance of the 7.875% Senior Notes and the 8.5% Senior Notes in March 1997. In addition to the interest expense reported, the Company capitalized \$12.9 million of interest during fiscal 1997, as compared to \$6.4 million capitalized in fiscal 1996 and \$1.6 million in fiscal 1995. Interest expense will increase significantly in fiscal 1998 as compared to fiscal 1997 as a result of the \$300 million Senior Notes issued in March 1997 and reduced levels of capitalized interest expected in fiscal 1998.

Provision (Benefit) for Income Taxes. The Company recorded an income tax benefit of \$3.6 million for fiscal 1997, before consideration of the \$3.8 million tax benefit associated with the extraordinary loss from the early extinguishment of debt, as compared to income tax expense of \$12.9 million in 1996 and \$6.3 million in 1995. All of the income tax expense in 1996 and 1995 was deferred due to tax net operating losses and carryovers resulting from the Company's drilling program.

The Company's loss before income taxes and extraordinary item of \$180.3 million created a tax benefit for financial reporting purposes of \$67.7 million. However, due to limitations on the recognition of deferred tax assets, the total tax benefit was reduced to \$3.6 million.

At June 30, 1997 the Company had a net operating loss carryforward of approximately \$300 million for regular federal income taxes which will expire in future years beginning in 2007. Management believes that it cannot be demonstrated at this time that it is more likely than not that the deferred income tax assets, comprised primarily of the net operating loss carryforward, will be realizable in future years, and therefore a valuation allowance of \$64.1 million has been recorded in fiscal 1997. A deferred tax benefit related to the exercise of employee stock options of approximately \$4.8 million was allocated directly to additional paid-in capital in 1997, compared to \$7.9 million in 1996 and \$1.2 million in fiscal 1995.

The Company does not expect to record any net income tax expense in fiscal 1998 based on information available at this time.

Hedging. Periodically the Company utilizes hedging strategies to hedge the price of a portion of its future oil and gas production. These strategies include (1) swap arrangements that establish an index-related price above which the Company pays the counterparty and below which the Company is paid by the counterparty, (2) the purchase of index-related puts that provide for a "floor" price below which the counterparty pays the Company the amount by which the price of the commodity is below the contracted floor, (3) the sale of index-related calls that provide for a "ceiling" price above which the Company pays the counterparty the amount by which the price of the commodity is above the contracted ceiling, and (4) basis protection swaps. Results from hedging transactions are reflected in oil and gas sales to the extent related to the Company's oil and gas production or physical purchase or sale commitments.

As of June 30, 1997, the Company had the following oil swap arrangements for periods after June 1997:

MONTH	VOLUME (BBLS)	NYMEX-INDEX STRIKE PRICE (PER BBL)
July 1997 August 1997 September 1997 October 1997 November 1997 December 1997 January through June 1998		\$ 18.60 \$ 18.43 \$ 18.30 \$ 18.19 \$ 18.13 \$ 18.08 \$ 19.82

The Company entered into oil swap arrangements to cancel the effect of the swaps for the months of August through December at an average price of \$21.07 per Bbl.

MONTH	VOLUME (MMBTU)	HOUSTON SHIP CHANNEL INDEX STRIKE PRICE (PER BBL)
July 1997 August 1997 September 1997 October 1997	1,240,000	\$2.313 \$2.301 \$2.285 \$2.300

The Company had entered into gas swap arrangements to cancel the effect of the swaps for the months of July through October at an average price of 2.133 per MMBtu.

The Company has entered into a curve lock for 4.9 Bcf of gas which allows the Company the option to hedge April 1999 through November 1999 gas based upon a negative \$0.285 differential to December 1998 gas any time between the strike date and December 1998.

Gains or losses on the crude oil and natural gas hedging transactions are recognized as price adjustments in the month of related production. The Company estimates that had all of the crude oil and natural gas swap agreements in effect for production periods beginning July 1, 1997 terminated on June 30, 1997, based on the closing prices for NYMEX futures contracts as of that date, the Company would have paid the counterparty approximately \$185,000, which would have represented the "fair value" at that date. These agreements were not terminated.

Periodically, the Company's oil and gas marketing subsidiary CEMI enters into various hedging transactions designed to hedge against physical purchase commitments made by CEMI. Gains or losses on these transactions are recorded as adjustments to Oil and Gas Marketing Sales in the consolidated statements of operations and are not considered by management to be material.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

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Cash Flows from Operating Activities. Cash provided by operating activities (inclusive of changes in components of working capital) decreased to \$84.1 million in fiscal 1997, as compared to \$121.0 million in fiscal 1996 and \$54.7 million in fiscal 1995. The primary reason for the decrease from fiscal 1996 to 1997 was significant changes in the components of current assets and liabilities, specifically \$102.8 million of short-term investments at June 30, 1997. Cash provided by operating activities is expected to be a significant source for meeting forecasted cash requirements for fiscal 1998.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities. Significantly higher cash was used in fiscal 1997 for development, exploration and acquisition of oil and gas properties as compared to fiscal 1996 and 1995. Approximately \$524 million was expended by the Company in fiscal 1997 (net of proceeds from sale of leasehold, equipment and other), as compared to \$344 million in fiscal 1996, an increase of \$180 million, or approximately 52%. In fiscal 1995 the Company expended \$113 million (net of proceeds from sale of leasehold, equipment and other). Net cash proceeds received by the Company for sales of oil and gas equipment, leasehold and other decreased to approximately \$3.1 million in fiscal 1997 as compared to \$6.2 million in fiscal 1996 and \$12.0 million in fiscal 1995. In fiscal 1997, other property and equipment additions were \$34 million primarily as a result of its \$16.8 million investment in the Louisiana Chalk Gathering System and Masters Creek Gas Plant as well as the purchase of additional office buildings, improvements and related equipment in Oklahoma City.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities. On December 2, 1996, the Company completed a public offering of 8,972,000 shares of Common Stock at a price of \$33.63 per share resulting in net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$288.1 million. Approximately \$55.0 million of the proceeds was used to defease the Company's \$47.5 million Senior Notes due 2001, and \$11.2 million of the proceeds was used to retire all amounts outstanding under the Company's commercial bank credit facilities.

On March 17, 1997, the Company concluded the sale of \$150 million of 7.875% Senior Notes due 2004 (the "7.875% Senior Notes"), and \$150 million of 8.5% Senior Notes due 2012 (the "8.5% Senior Notes"), which offering resulted in net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$292.6 million. The 7.875% Senior Notes were issued at 99.92% of par and the 8.5% Senior Notes were issued at 99.414% of par. The 7.875% Senior Notes and the 8.5% Senior Notes are redeemable at the option of the Company at any time at the redemption or make-whole prices set forth in the respective Indentures. In April 1997 the Company terminated its commercial bank facilities.

In fiscal 1996, cash flows from financing activities were \$219.5 million, largely as the result of the issuance of 5,989,500 shares of Common Stock (net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$99.4 million) and \$120 million of 9.125% Senior Notes due 2006 (the "9.125% Senior Notes"). The Company may, at its option, redeem prior to April 15, 1999 up to \$42 million principal amount of the 9.125% Senior Notes at 109.125% of the principal amount thereof from equity offering proceeds. The 9.125% Senior Notes are redeemable at the option of the Company at any time at the redemption or make-whole prices set forth in the Indenture.

Financial Flexibility and Liquidity. The Company had working capital of approximately \$151.3 million at June 30, 1997. During fiscal 1997, the Company invested in a number of oil and gas related businesses and projects. The most significant of these was the Company's initial investment made in Bayard, consisting of an \$18 million subordinated note and \$7 million of common stock. In August 1997, the Company entered into an agreement with Bayard to invest up to an additional \$9 million and convert certain options, warrants and note amounts that will facilitate a potential initial public offering by Bayard. On August 27, 1997 Bayard filed a registration statement for an initial public offering of its common stock. Chesapeake, subsequent to the completion of the transaction noted above, will own 4,194,000 shares of Bayard common stock (30.4% of the common stock outstanding) and anticipates selling substantially all of its ownership in Bayard in the IPO (assuming the over-allotment option is exercised) and receiving repayment of the subordinated note. If successful, assuming the sale of all of the Company's Bayard stock, and based on the initial filing price of Bayard at \$15 per share, the Company would receive total proceeds of approximately \$74 million (net of offering costs) and realize a pre-tax gain of approximately \$40 million. No assurance can be given, however, that Bayard will successfully complete the initial public offering of its common stock, at what price, or that the net proceeds or pre-tax gain discussed above will be realized by the Company.

The Company also made investments in Louisiana Trend gas gathering and processing facilities which it may sell during fiscal 1998. These investments include a 50% interest in the Louisiana Austin Chalk Gathering System, and a 15.5% interest in the Masters Creek Gas Plant. If the Company decides to sell these investments, the Company expects that the proceeds should exceed the Company's cost basis of \$16.8 million as of June 30, 1997.

The Company currently maintains no commercial bank credit facilities because of its substantial working capital position, anticipated proceeds from the sale of the investments described above, and expected cash flows from operations as compared to the fiscal 1998 capital expenditure budget. Although the Senior Note Indentures contain various restrictions on additional indebtedness, based on asset values as of June 30, 1997, the Company estimates it could borrow up to approximately \$100 million of commercial bank debt within these restrictions.

Debt ratings for the Senior Notes are Ba3 by Moody's Investors Service and BB- by Standard & Poors Corporation as of September 30, 1997. The Company's long-term debt represented approximately 64% of total capital at June 30, 1997. There are no scheduled principal payments required on any of the Senior Notes until June 2002. The Company's goal is to achieve an equity to capital ratio of at least 50% and to increase its credit ratings, ultimately achieving an investment grade debt rating.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

The information contained in this Form 10-K includes certain forward-looking statements. When used in this document, the words budget, budgeted, anticipate, expects, estimates, believes, goals or projects and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. It is important to note that

Chesapeake's actual results could differ materially from those projected by such forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, the following: production variances from expectations, volatility of oil and gas prices, the need to develop and replace its reserves, the substantial capital expenditures required to fund its operations, environmental risks, drilling and operating risks, risks related to exploration and development drilling, the uncertainty inherent in estimating future oil and gas production or reserves, competition, government regulation, and the ability of the Company to implement its business strategy.

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

-- Not applicable

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To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Chesapeake Energy Corporation

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Chesapeake Energy Corporation and its subsidiaries as of June 30, 1997 and 1996, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Chesapeake Energy Corporation and its subsidiaries as of June 30, 1997 and 1996, and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

COOPERS & LYBRAND L.L.P.

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma September 30, 1997 To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Chesapeake Energy Corporation

In our opinion, the consolidated statements of operations, of cash flows and of stockholders' equity for the year ended June 30, 1995 present fairly, in all material respects, the results of operations and cash flows of Chesapeake Energy Corporation and its subsidiaries for the year ended June 30, 1995, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit of these statements in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards which require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for the opinion expressed above. We have not audited the consolidated financial statements of Chesapeake Energy Corporation and its subsidiaries for any period subsequent to June 30, 1995.

PRICE WATERHOUSE LLP

Houston, Texas September 20, 1995, except for the third paragraph of Note 9 which is as of October 9, 1997

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS

	JUNE 30,		
	1997	1996	
	(\$ IN THO	USANDS)	
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Short-term investments Accounts receivable:	\$ 124,017 104,485	\$ 51,638 	
Oil and gas sales Oil and gas marketing sales Joint interest and other, net of allowances of \$387,000	10,906 19,939	12,687 6,982	
and \$340,000, respectively Related parties Inventory Other	25,311 7,401 4,854 692	27,661 2,884 5,163 2,158	
Total Current Assets	297,605	109,173	
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT: Oil and gas properties, at cost based on full cost accounting:			
Evaluated oil and gas properties Unevaluated properties Less: accumulated depreciation, depletion and	865,516 128,505	363,213 165,441	
amortization	(431,983) 	(92,720)	
Other property and equipment Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	562,038 50,379 (5,051)	435,934 18,162 (2,922)	
Total Property and Equipment	607,366	451,174	
OTHER ASSETS	44,097	11,988	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 949,068	\$572,335 =======	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
CURRENT LIABILITIES: Notes payable and current maturities of long-term debt Accounts payable Accrued liabilities and other Revenues and royalties due others	\$ 1,380 86,817 28,701 29,428	\$ 6,755 54,514 14,062 33,503	
Total Current Liabilities	146,326	108,834	
LONG-TERM DEBT, NET	508,950	268,431	
REVENUES AND ROYALTIES DUE OTHERS	6,903	5,118	
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES		12,185	
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS (NOTE 4)			
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY: Preferred Stock, \$.01 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized; none issued			
Common Stock, 100,000,000 shares authorized; par value of \$.01 and \$.05 at June 30, 1997 and 1996, respectively; 70,276,975 and 60,159,826 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 1997 and 1996, respectively Paid-in capital Accumulated earnings (deficit)	703 432,991 (146,805)	3,008 136,782 37,977	
Total Stockholders' Equity	286,889	177,767	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		\$572,335 ======	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,		
	1997	1996	1995
	(\$ IN T PEF	THOUSANDS, R SHARE DAT	EXCEPT A)
REVENUES :			
Oil and gas sales Oil and gas marketing sales Oil and gas marketing sales Oil and gas service operations Interest and other	\$ 192,920 76,172 11,223	3,831	\$ 56,983 8,836 1,524
Total Revenues	280,315	149,422	67,343
COSTS AND EXPENSES:			
Production expenses and taxes Oil and gas marketing expenses Oil and gas service operations Impairment of oil and gas properties Oil and gas depreciation, depletion and amortization Depreciation and amortization of other assets General and administrative Interest and other	3,782 8,802	27,452 4,895 50,899 3,157	7,747
			49,383
Total Costs and Expenses		113,213	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES AND EXTRAORDINARY ITEM PROVISION (BENEFIT) FOR INCOME TAXES INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE EXTRAORDINARY ITEM EXTRAORDINARY ITEM: Loss on early extinguishment of debt,	(180,330) (3,573) (176,757)	12,854	17,960 6,299 11,661
net of applicable income tax of \$3,804	(6,620)		
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$(183,377) =======		
EARNINGS (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE: EARNINGS (LOSS) PER COMMON AND COMMON EQUIVALENT SHARE-PRIMARY			
Income (loss) before extraordinary item Extraordinary item	(0.10)		\$ 0.21
Net income (loss)		\$ 0.40	\$ 0.21
EARNINGS (LOSS) PER COMMON AND COMMON EQUIVALENT SHARE-FULLY DILUTED			
Income (loss) before extraordinary item Extraordinary item	(0.10)	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.21
Net income (loss)	\$ (2.79) =======	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.21
WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON AND COMMON EQUIVALENT SHARES OUTSTANDING (IN 000'S)			
Primary	65,767 =======	58,342 ======	55,872 ======
Fully-diluted		58,922	56,606

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	YEA			
	1997	1996	1995	
	(\$ IN THOUSANDS			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
NET INCOME (LOSS)ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE NET INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	\$(183,377)	\$23,355	\$ 11,661	
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	105,591	52,768	26,628	
Deferred taxes	(3,573)	12,854	6,299	
Amortization of loan costs	1,455	1,288	548	
Amortization of bond discount	217	563	567	
Bad debt expense	299	114	308	
Gain on sale of fixed assets	(1,593)	(2,511)	(108)	
Impairment of oil and gas assets	236,000			
Extraordinary loss	6,620			
Equity in earnings of oil field service company CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES:	(499)			
(Increase) decrease in short-term investments	(102,858)	622		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(19,987)	(3,524)	(22,510)	
(Increase) decrease in inventory	(1,467)	78	(1,203)	
(Increase) decrease in other current assets Increase (decrease) in accounts payable, accrued	1,466	(1,525)	614	
liabilities and other Increase (decrease) in current and non-current revenues	48,085	25,834	19,387	
and royalties due others	(2,290)	11,056	12,540	
Cash provided by operating activities	84,089	120,972	54,731	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Exploration, development and acquisition of oil and gas				
properties Proceeds from sale of oil and gas equipment, leasehold and	(468,462)	(342,045)	(117,831)	
other	3,095	6,167	11,953	
Other proceeds from sales	6,428	698	1,104	
Long term loans made to third parties	(20,000)			
Investment in oil field service company Investment in gas marketing company, net of cash	(3,048)			
acquired		(363)		
Other investments	(8,000)			
Other property and equipment additions	(33,867)	(8,846)	(7,929)	
Cash used in investing activities	(523,854)	(344,389)	(112,703)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from issuance of Common Stock	288,091	99,498		
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	342,626	166,667	128,834	
Payments on long-term borrowings	(119,581)	(48,634)	(32,370)	
Cash received from exercise of stock options	1,387	1,989	818	
Other financing	(379)			
Cash provided by financing activities	512,144	219,520	97,282	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	72,379 51,638	(3,897) 55,535	39,310 16,225	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 124,017	\$ 51,638	\$55,535	
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION	=======			
CASH PAYMENTS FOR: Interest	\$ 25 951	\$ 17 170	\$ 6 199	
Income taxes	\$ 25,854 \$	\$ 17,179 \$	\$6,488 \$	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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CHESAPEAKE ENERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS -- (CONTINUED)

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

The Company has a financing arrangement with a vendor to supply certain oil and gas equipment inventory. The total amounts owed at June 30, 1997, 1996 and 1995 were \$1,380,000, \$3,156,000 and \$6,513,000, respectively. No cash consideration is exchanged for inventory under this financing arrangement until actual draws on the inventory are made.

In fiscal 1997, 1996 and 1995, the Company recognized income tax benefits of \$4,808,000, \$7,950,000 and \$1,229,000, respectively, related to the disposition of stock options by directors and employees of the Company. The tax benefits were recorded as an adjustment to deferred income taxes and paid-in capital.

Proceeds from the issuance of \$150 million of 7.875% Senior Notes and \$150 million of 8.5% Senior Notes in March 1997 are net of \$6.4 million in offering fees and expenses which were deducted from the actual cash received.

Proceeds from the issuances of \$90 million of 10.5% Senior Notes in May 1995 and \$120 million of 9.125% Senior Notes in April 1996 are net of \$2.7 million and \$3.9 million, respectively, in offering fees and expenses which were deducted from the actual cash received.

On June 13, 1997 the Company declared a dividend of \$0.02 per common share, or \$1,405,000, which was paid on July 15, 1997.

CHESAPEAKE ENERGY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,		
	1997	1996	1995
	(\$ IN THOUSANDS)		
COMMON STOCK:			
Balance, beginning of period	3,008	58	51
Issuance of 8,972,000 shares of Common Stock	90		
Issuance of 5,989,500 shares of Common Stock		299	
Exercise of stock options and warrants	12	79	7
Change in par value	(2,407)	2,572	
Balance, end of period	703	3,008	
	=======	=======	======
COMMON STOCK WARRANTS:			
Balance, beginning of period			5
Exercise of Common Stock Warrants			(5)
Delever and of nonited			
Balance, end of period			
PAID-IN CAPITAL:			
Balance, beginning of period	106 700	20 205	20 242
Exercise of stock options and warrants	136,782	30,295	28,243 823
Issuance of Common Stock	1,375 301,593	1,910	
	(13,974)	105,516	
Offering expenses and other Tax benefit from exercise of stock options		(6,317) 7,950	1,229
	4,808		,
Change in par value	2,407	(2,572)	
Balance, end of period	432,991	136,782	
·····	=======	=======	=======
ACCUMULATED EARNINGS (DEFICIT):			
Balance, beginning of period	37,977	14,622	2,961
Net income (loss)	(183,377)	23,355	11,661
Dividends on common stock of \$0.02 per share	(1,405)	·	
Balance, end of period	(146,805)	37,977	14,622
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$286,889	\$177,767	\$44,975
TOTAL STOCKNOLDERS EQUITITION CONTRACTOR CONTRA TOR CONTRA TOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRA TOR CONTRA TOR CON	\$200,009 ======	\$177,707	\$44,975 ======

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of Company

The Company is a U.S. petroleum exploration and production company engaged in the acquisition, exploration, and development of properties for the production of crude oil and natural gas from underground reservoirs. The Company's properties are located primarily in Texas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Montana, North Dakota and New Mexico.

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of Chesapeake Energy Corporation (the "Company" or "Parent") include the accounts of Chesapeake Operating, Inc. ("COI"), Chesapeake Exploration Limited Partnership ("CEX"), a limited partnership, Chesapeake Louisiana, L.P. ("CLLP"), a limited partnership, Chesapeake Gas Development Corporation ("CGDC"), Chesapeake Energy Marketing, Inc. ("CEMI"), Chesapeake Canada Corporation ("CCC"), Chesapeake Energy Louisiana Corporation ("CELC"), Lindsay Oil Field Supply, Inc.("LOF"), Sander Trucking Company, Inc. ("STCO") and subsidiaries of those entities. As of June 30, 1997, CGDC had been merged into CEX and LOF and STCO had been dissolved. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the consolidated financial statements, the Company considers investments in all highly liquid debt instruments with maturities of three months or less at date of purchase to be cash equivalents.

Investments

The Company invests in various equity securities and short-term debt instruments including corporate bonds and auction preferreds, commercial paper and government agency notes. The Company has classified all of its short-term investments in equity and debt instruments as trading securities, which are carried at fair value with unrealized holding gains and losses included in earnings. At June 30, 1997, the Company had an unrealized holding loss of \$0.6 million included in interest and other revenue. At June 30, 1996 the Company had no trading securities. Investments in equity securities and limited partnerships that do not have readily determinable fair values are stated at cost and are included in noncurrent other assets. In determining realized gains and losses, the cost of securities sold is based on the average cost method.

Inventory

Inventory consists primarily of tubular goods and other lease and well equipment which the Company plans to utilize in its ongoing exploration and development activities and is carried at the lower of cost or market using the specific identification method.

Oil and Gas Properties

The Company follows the full cost method of accounting under which all costs associated with property acquisition, exploration and development activities are capitalized. The Company capitalizes internal costs

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- (CONTINUED)

that can be directly identified with its acquisition, exploration and development activities and does not include any costs related to production, general corporate overhead or similar activities (see Note 11). Capitalized costs are amortized on a composite unit-of-production method based on proved oil and gas reserves. The Company's oil and gas reserves are estimated annually by independent petroleum engineers as well as the Company's internal engineers. The average composite rates used for depreciation, depletion and amortization were \$1.31, \$0.85 and \$0.80 per equivalent Mcf in 1997, 1996, and 1995, respectively. Proceeds from the sale of properties are accounted for as reductions to capitalized costs unless such sales involve a significant change in the relationship between costs and the value of proved reserves or the underlying value of unproved properties, in which case a gain or loss is recognized. The costs of unproved properties are excluded from amortization until the properties are evaluated. The Company reviews the carrying value of its oil and gas properties under the full cost accounting rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission on a quarterly basis. Under these rules, capitalized costs, less accumulated amortization and related deferred income taxes, shall not exceed an amount equal to the sum of the present value of estimated future net revenues less estimated future expenditures to be incurred in developing and producing the proved reserves, less any related income tax effects. At June 30, 1997, capitalized costs of oil and gas properties exceeded the estimated present value of future net revenues from the Company's proved reserves, net of related income tax considerations, resulting in a fourth quarter writedown in the carrying value of oil and gas properties of \$236 million.

Other Property and Equipment

Other property and equipment consists primarily of gas gathering and processing facilities, vehicles, land, office buildings and equipment, and software. Major renewals and betterments are capitalized while the costs of repairs and maintenance are charged to expense as incurred. The costs of assets retired or otherwise disposed of and the applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is reflected in operations. Other property and equipment costs are depreciated on both straight-line and accelerated methods over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from three to 30 years.

Leases

The Company has various operating leases primarily for transportation equipment and field offices. Minimum lease payments under these operating leases are as follows (\$ in thousands):

		RATING ASES
1998 1999 2000 2001.	·	500 446 446
2002		306
Total minimum lease payments	\$2,	, 277
Total minimum lease payments	\$2, ===	,277

Capitalized Interest

During fiscal 1997, 1996 and 1995, interest of approximately \$12,935,000, \$6,428,000 and \$1,574,000 was capitalized on significant investments in unproved properties that are not being currently depreciated, depleted, or amortized and on which exploration activities are in progress.

Service Operations

Certain subsidiaries of the Company performed contractual services on wells the Company operated as well as for third parties until June 30, 1996. Oil and gas service operations revenues and costs and expenses reflected in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations include amounts derived from certain of

the contractual services provided. The Company's economic interest in its oil and gas properties is not affected by the performance of these contractual services and all intercompany profits have been eliminated.

On June 30, 1996, Peak USA Energy Services, Ltd., a limited partnership ("Peak"), was formed by Peak Oilfield Services Company (a joint venture between Cook Inlet Region, Inc. and Nabors Industries, Inc.) and the Company for the purpose of purchasing the Company's oilfield service assets and providing rig moving, transportation and related site construction services. The Company sold its service company assets to Peak for \$6.4 million, and simultaneously invested \$2.5 million in exchange for a 33.3% partnership interest in Peak. This transaction resulted in recognition of a \$1.8 million pre-tax gain during the fourth fiscal quarter of 1996 reported in Interest and other. A deferred gain from the sale of service company assets of \$6.9 million was recorded as a reduction in the Company's investment in Peak and will be amortized to income over the estimated useful lives of the Peak assets. The Company's investment in Peak is accounted for using the equity method.

Income Taxes

The Company has adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes ("SFAS 109"). SFAS 109 requires deferred tax liabilities or assets to be recognized for the anticipated future tax effects of temporary differences that arise as a result of the differences in the carrying amounts and the tax bases of assets and liabilities.

Net Income (Loss) Per Share

Primary and fully diluted earnings (loss) per share for all periods have been computed based upon the weighted average number of shares of Common Stock outstanding after giving retroactive effect to all stock splits and the issuance of common stock equivalents when their effect is dilutive. Dilutive options or warrants which are issued during a period or which expire or are cancelled during a period are reflected in both primary and fully diluted earnings per share computations for the time they were outstanding during the period being reported upon.

In February 1997, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 128, Earnings Per Share ("SFAS 128"). SFAS 128 requires presentation of "basic" and "diluted" earnings per share, as defined, on the face of the statement of operations for all entities with complex capital structures. SFAS 128 is effective for financial statements issued for periods ending after December 15, 1997 and requires restatement of all prior period earnings per share amounts. The Company does not believe that SFAS 128 will have a material impact on its earnings per share when adopted.

Gas Imbalances -- Revenue Recognition

Revenues from the sale of oil and gas production are recognized when title passes, net of royalties. The Company follows the "sales method" of accounting for its gas revenue whereby the Company recognizes sales revenue on all gas sold to its purchasers, regardless of whether the sales are proportionate to the Company's ownership in the property. A liability is recognized only to the extent that the Company has a net imbalance in excess of the reserves on the underlying properties. The Company's net imbalance positions at June 30, 1997 and 1996 were not material.

Hedging

The Company periodically uses certain instruments to hedge its exposure to price fluctuations on oil and natural gas transactions. Recognized gains and losses on hedge contracts are reported as a component of the related transaction. Results for hedging transactions are reflected in oil and gas sales to the extent related to the Company's oil and gas production (see Note 10).

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- (CONTINUED)

Debt Issue Costs

Other assets include debt issue costs associated with the issuance of the 10.5% Senior Notes on May 25, 1995, the 9.125% Senior Notes on April 9, 1996, and the 7.875% and 8.5% Senior Notes on March 17, 1997 (see Note 2). The remaining unamortized costs on these issuances of Senior Notes at June 30, 1997 totaled \$12.5 million and are being amortized over the life of the Senior Notes.

Stock Options

In October 1995, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 123 ("SFAS 123"), "Accounting for Stock Based Compensation". As permitted by SFAS 123, the Company has continued its previous method of accounting for stock compensation and has adopted the disclosure requirements of this Statement in fiscal 1997.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the consolidated financial statements for the years ended June 30, 1996 and 1995 to conform to the presentation used for the June 30, 1997 consolidated financial statements.

2. SENIOR NOTES

On March 17, 1997, the Company issued \$150 million principal amount of 7.875% Senior Notes due 2004 ("7.875% Senior Notes"). The 7.875% Senior Notes are redeemable at the option of the Company at any time at the make-whole prices determined in accordance with the indenture.

On March 17, 1997, the Company issued \$150 million principal amount of 8.5% Senior Notes due 2012 ("8.5% Senior Notes"). The 8.5% Senior Notes are redeemable at the option of the Company at any time at the make-whole prices determined in accordance with the indenture, or on or after March 15, 2004, at the redemption price set forth therein.

On April 9, 1996, the Company issued \$120 million principal amount of 9.125% Senior Notes due 2006 ("9.125% Senior Notes"). The 9.125% Senior Notes are redeemable at the option of the Company at any time prior to April 15, 2001 at the make-whole prices determined in accordance with the indenture and on or after April 15, 2001, at the redemption prices set forth therein. The Company may also redeem at its option at any time on or prior to April 15, 1999 up to \$42 million of the 9.125% Senior Notes at 109.125% of the principal amount thereof with the proceeds of an equity offering.

On May 25, 1995, the Company issued \$90 million principal amount of 10.5% Senior Notes due 2002 ("10.5% Senior Notes"). The 10.5% Senior Notes are redeemable at the option of the Company at any time on or after June 1, 1999. The Company may also redeem at its option at any time on or prior to June 1, 1998 up to \$30 million of the 10.5% Senior Notes at 110% of the principal amount thereof with the proceeds of an equity offering.

The Company is a holding company and owns no operating assets and has no significant operations independent of its subsidiaries. The Company's obligations under the 10.5% Senior Notes, the 9.125% Senior Notes, the 7.875% Senior Notes and the 8.5% Senior Notes have been fully and unconditionally guaranteed, on a joint and several basis, by each of the Company's "Restricted Subsidiaries" (as defined in the respective indentures governing the Senior Notes) (collectively, the "Guarantor Subsidiaries"). Each of the Guarantor Subsidiaries is a direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

The 10.5%, 9.125%, 7.875% and 8.5% Senior Note Indentures contain certain covenants, including covenants limiting the Company and the Guarantor Subsidiaries with respect to asset sales; restricted payments; the incurrence of additional indebtedness and the issuance of preferred stock; liens; sale and

leaseback transactions; lines of business; dividend and other payment restrictions affecting Guarantor Subsidiaries; mergers or consolidations; and transactions with affiliates. The Company is obligated to repurchase the 10.5% and 9.125% Senior Notes in the event of a change of control or certain asset sales.

Set forth below are condensed consolidating financial statements of the Guarantor Subsidiaries, the Company's subsidiaries which are not guarantors of the Senior Notes (the "Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries") and the Company. Separate audited financial statements of each Guarantor Subsidiary have not been provided because management has determined that they are not material to investors.

As of and for the year ended June 30, 1997, the Guarantor Subsidiaries were COI, CEX, CLLP, CELC and CGDC, and the Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries were CEMI and CCC. Prior to fiscal 1997, the Guarantor Subsidiaries were COI, CEX and two service company subsidiaries the assets of which were sold effective June 30, 1996, and the Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries were CGDC and CEMI (which was acquired in December 1995).

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET AS OF JUNE 30, 1997 (\$ IN THOUSANDS)

ASSETS

	GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES	NON- GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES	COMPANY (PARENT)	ELIMINATIONS	CONSOLIDATED
CURRENT ASSETS:	¢ (0 504)	¢ 4 000	¢100 100	\$	¢ 104 017
Cash and cash equivalents Short-term investments	\$ (6,534)	\$ 4,363 4,324	\$126,188 100,161	ф 	\$ 124,017 104,485
Accounts receivable	47,379	19,943	3,022	(6,787)	63,557
Inventory	47,379	19,943	3,022	(0,787)	4,854
Other	4,795	26			4,834
other		20			
Total Current Assets	46,306	28,715	229,371	(6,787)	297,605
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT:					
Oil and gas properties	865,485	31			865,516
Unevaluated leasehold	128,519	(14)			128,505
Other property and equipment Less: accumulated depreciation,	33,486	1,904	14,989		50,379
depletion and amortization	(436,276)		(758)		(437,034)
	591,214	1,921	14,231		607,366
INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES AND INTERCOMPANY ADVANCES	817		680,439	(681,256)	
OTHER ASSETS	4,961	673	38,463		44,097
TOTAL ASSETS	\$643,298 ======	\$31,309 ======	\$962,504 ======	\$(688,043) ======	\$ 949,068

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

CURRENT LIABILITIES:

	=======	======			
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$643,298	\$31,309	\$962,504	\$(688,043)	\$ 949,068
	(76,337)	12,290	441,589	(90,653)	286,889
	(=0,00=)				
Common Stock	11 (76,348)	1 12,289	693 440,896	(2) (90,651)	703 286,186
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:					
INTERCOMPANY PAYABLES	589,111	1,492		(590,603)	
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES					
REVENUES AND ROYALTIES DUE OTHERS	6,903				6,903
LONG-TERM DEBT			508,950		508,950
Total Current Liabilities	123,621	17,527	11,965	(6,787)	146,326
CURRENT LIABILITIES: Notes payable and current maturities of long-term debt Accounts payable and other	\$ 1,380 122,241	\$ 17,527	\$ 11,965	\$ (6,787)	\$ 1,380 144,946

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET AS OF JUNE 30, 1996 (\$ IN THOUSANDS)

ASSETS

	GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES	NON- GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES	COMPANY (PARENT)	ELIMINATIONS	CONSOLIDATED
CURRENT ASSETS:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,061	\$ 2,751	\$ 44,826	\$	\$ 51,638
Accounts receivable	44,080	7,723		(1,589)	50,214
Inventory	4,947	216			5,163
Other	2,155	3			2,158
Total Current Assets	55,243	10,693	44,826	(1,589)	109,173
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT:					
Oil and gas properties	338,610	24,603			363,213
Unevaluated leasehold	165,441	24,003			165,441
Other property and equipment Less: accumulated depreciation,	9,608	61	8,493		18,162
depletion and amortization	(87,193)	(8,007)	(442)		(95,642)
	426,466	16,657	8,051		451,174
INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES AND					
INTERCOMPANY ADVANCES	519,386	8,132	382,388	(909,906)	
OTHER ASSETS	2,310	940	8,738		11,988
TOTAL ASSETS	\$1,003,405	\$36,422	\$444,003	\$(911,495)	\$572,335 =======

CURRENT LIABILITIES:

Notes payable and current maturities					
of long-term debt	\$ 3,846	\$ 2,880	\$ 29	\$	\$ 6,755
Accounts payable and other	91,069	7,339	5,260	(1,589)	102,079
Total Current Liabilities	94,915	10,219	5,289	(1,589)	108,834
LONG-TERM DEBT	2,113	10,020	256,298		268,431
REVENUES AND ROYALTIES DUE OTHERS	5,118				5,118
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES	23,950	1,335	(13,100)		12,185
INTERCOMPANY PAYABLES	824,307	8,182	73,647	(906,136)	
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:					
Common Stock	117	2	2,891	(2)	3,008
Other	52,885	6,664	118,978	(3,768)	174,759
	53,002	6,666	121,869	(3,770)	177,767
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS'					
EQUITY	\$1,003,405	\$36,422	\$444,003	\$(911,495)	\$572,335
	========	======	=======	========	=======

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (\$ IN THOUSANDS)

	GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES	NON- GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES	COMPANY (PARENT)	ELIMINATIONS	CONSOLIDATED
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1997:					
REVENUES: Oil and gas sales Oil and gas marketing sales Interest and other	\$ 191,303 778	\$ 145,942 749	\$ 49,224	\$ 1,617 (69,770) (39,528)	\$ 192,920 76,172 11,223
Total Revenues	192,081	146,691	49,224	(107,681)	280,315
COSTS AND EXPENSES: Production expenses and taxes Oil and gas marketing expenses Impairment of oil and gas properties Oil and gas depreciation, depletion and amortization Other depreciation and amortization General and administrative Interest	15,107 236,000 103,264 2,152 6,313 37,644	143,293 80 921 10	1,550 1,568 20,424	(68,153) (39,528)	15,107 75,140 236,000 103,264 3,782 8,802 18,550
Total Costs & Expenses	400,480	144,304	23,542	(107,681)	460,645
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES AND EXTRAORDINARY ITEM INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT)	(208,399) (4,129)	2,387 47	25,682 509		(180,330) (3,573)
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE EXTRAORDINARY ITEM	(204,270)	2,340	25,173		(176,757)
EXTRAORDINARY ITEM: Loss on early extinguishment of debt, net of applicable income tax	(769)		(5,851)		(6,620)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$(205,039) ======	\$ 2,340	\$19,322 =======	\$ =======	\$(183,377) ========
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1996: REVENUES: Oil and gas sales Gas marketing sales Oil and gas service operations Interest and other	\$ 103,712 	\$ 6,884 34,973 238	\$ 1,676	\$ 253 (6,545) 	\$ 110,849 28,428 6,314 3,831
COSTS AND EXPENSES: Production expenses and taxes	111,943 7,557 4,895 48,333 1,924 3,683 508	42,095 746 33,744 2,566 73 496 711	1,676 1,160 649 12,460	(6,292) 	149,422 8,303 27,452 4,895 50,899 3,157 4,828 13,679
	66,900	38,336	14,269	(6,292)	113,213
Income (loss) before income taxes Income tax expense (benefit) Net income (loss)	45,043 15,990 \$ 29,053 =======	3,759 1,335 \$ 2,424 ========	(12,593) (4,471) \$(8,122) ========	 \$ =======	36,209 12,854 \$ 23,355 =======
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1995: REVENUES: Oil and gas sales Oil and gas service operations Interest and other	\$ 55,417 8,836 1,394 65,647	\$ 1,566 1,566	\$ 130 130	\$ 	\$ 56,983 8,836 1,524 67,343
COSTS AND EXPENSES: Production expenses and taxes Oil and gas service operations Oil and gas depreciation, depletion and amortization Other depreciation and amortization General and administrative Interest and other	4,045 7,747 24,775 1,245 2,620 570 41,002	211 635 5 58 184 	 515 900 5,873 7,288		4,256 7,747 25,410 1,765 3,578 6,627
Income (loss) before income taxes Income tax expense (benefit)	24,645 8,639	473 165	(7,158) (2,505)		17,960 6,299
Net Income (loss)	\$ 16,006 ======	\$	\$(4,653) =======	\$ =======	\$ 11,661 ======

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (\$ IN THOUSANDS)

	GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES	NON-GUARANTOR SUBSIDIARIES	COMPANY (PARENT)	ELIMINATIONS	CONSOLIDATED
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1997: CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 165,850	\$(11,008)	\$ (70,753)	\$	\$ 84,089
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Oil and gas properties Proceeds from sale of assets Investment in service operations Long-term loans to third parties Other investments Other additions.	(468,519) 9,523 (3,048) (2,000) (24,318)	57 (1,999)	(18,000) (8,000) (7,550)		(468,462) 9,523 (3,048) (20,000) (8,000) (33,867)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from borrowings Payments on borrowings Exercise of stock options Issuance of common stock Other financing Intercompany advances, net	(488,362) 	(1,942) 	(33,550) 292,626 (680) 1,387 288,091 (379) (395,380) 		(523,854) 342,626 (119,581) 1,387 288,091 (379) 512,144
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash, beginning of period	(10,678) 4,144	1,695 2,668	81,362 44,826		72,379 51,638
Cash, end of period FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1996: CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (6,534) ======= \$ 126,868	\$ 4,363 ====== \$ 4,204	<pre>\$ 126,188 =========== \$ (10,100)</pre>	\$ ======= \$	<pre>\$ 124,017 ======== \$ 120,972</pre>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Oil and gas properties Proceeds from sales Investment in gas marketing company Other additions	(341,246) 12,165 (4,683) (333,764)	(6,099) 266 (109) (5,942)	(629) (4,054) (4,683)	5,300 (5,300) 	(342,045) 6,865 (363) (8,846)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from borrowings Payments on borrowings Exercise of stock options Issuance of common stock Intercompany advances, net	40,350 (45,397) 162,777 	10,300 (3,200) (2,616) 4,484	116,017 (37) 1,989 99,498 (160,161) 57,306	 	166,667 (48,634) 1,989 99,498
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash, beginning of period	(49,166) 53,227	2,746 5	42,523 2,303		(3,897) 55,535
Cash, end of period	\$ 4,061	\$ 2,751 =======	\$ 44,826	\$ =======	\$ 51,638 =======
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1995: CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 60,049	\$ 305	\$ (4,692)	\$ (931)	\$ 54,731
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Oil and gas properties Proceeds from sales Purchase of oil and gas properties Other additions	(113,722) 24,557 (7,929) (97,094)	(4,109) (11,500) (15,609)	 	(11,500) 11,500 	(117,831) 13,057 (7,929) (112,703)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from borrowings Payments on borrowings Intercompany advances, net Other financing	30,034 (32,032) 78,324 76,326	11,500 (700) 4,509 15,309	87, 300 362 (83, 764) 818 4, 716	 931 931	128,834 (32,370)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash, beginning of period	39,281 13,946	5 	24 2,279		39,310 16,225
Cash, end of period	\$ 53,227 =======	\$5 ======	\$ 2,303 ======	\$ =======	\$ 55,535 ======

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- (CONTINUED)

3. NOTES PAYABLE AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Notes payable and long-term debt consist of the following:

	JUNE	30,
	1997	
	(\$ IN TH	OUSANDS)
7.875% Senior Notes (see Note 2) Discount on 7.875% Senior Notes	\$150,000 (115)	\$
8.5% Senior Notes (see Note 2) Discount on 8.5% Senior Notes	150,000 (862)	
9.125% Senior Notes (see Note 2) Discount on 9.125% Senior Notes	120,000 (73)	120,000 (81)
10.5% Senior Notes (see Note 2)	90,000	90, 000
12% Senior Notes Discount on 12% Senior Notes		47,500 (1,772)
Term note payable to Union Bank collateralized by CGDC, not guaranteed by the Company, variable interest at Union Bank's base rate (8.25% per annum at June 30, 1996), or at Eurodollar rate +1.875% collateralized by CGDC's producing oil and gas properties, payable in		
monthly installments through November 2002 Note payable to a vendor, collateralized by oil and gas tubulars, payments due 60 days from shipment of the		12,900
<pre>tubulars Note payable to a bank, variable interest at a referenced base rate + 1.75% (10% per annum at June 30, 1996), collateralized by office buildings, payments due in</pre>	1,380	3,156
monthly installments through May 1998 Notes payable to various entities to acquire oil service equipment, interest varies from 7% to 11% per annum, collateralized by equipment, payments due in monthly		680
installments through December 2000		1,212
Other unsecured		1,469 122
Total notes payable and long-term debt Less Current maturities	510,330	275,186
Notes payable and long-term debt, net of current maturities		

The aggregate scheduled maturities of notes payable and long-term debt for the next five fiscal years ending June 30, 2002 and thereafter were as follows as of June 30, 1997 (in thousands of dollars):

1998	. ,
1999	
2000	
2001	
2002	90,000
After 2002	
	\$510,330
	=======

During the quarter ended December 31, 1996, the Company exercised its covenant defeasance rights with respect to all of its outstanding \$47.5 million of 12% Senior Notes due 2001. A combination of cash and non-

callable U.S. Government Securities in the amount of \$55.0 million was irrevocably deposited in trust to satisfy the Company's obligations, including accrued but unpaid interest through the date of defeasance of \$1.3 million.

4. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

The Company and certain of its officers and directors are currently involved in various purported class actions alleging violations of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The plaintiffs assert that the defendants made materially false and misleading statements and failed to disclose material facts about the success of the Company's exploration efforts, principally in the Louisiana Trend. As a result, the complaints allege, the price of the Company's common stock was artificially inflated during periods beginning as early as January 25, 1996 and ending on June 27, 1997, when the Company issued a press release announcing disappointing drilling results in the Louisiana Trend and a full-cost ceiling writedown to be reflected in its June 30, 1997 financial statements. The plaintiffs further allege that certain of the named individual defendants sold common stock during the class period when they knew or should have known adverse nonpublic information. Each case seeks a determination that the suit is a proper class action, certification of the plaintiff as a class representative and damages in an unspecified amount, together with costs of litigation, including attorneys' fees. The Company and the individual defendants believe that these actions are without merit, and intend to defend against them vigorously.

On October 15, 1996, Union Pacific Resources Company ("UPRC") filed suit against the Company in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Texas, Fort Worth Division alleging (a) infringement and inducing infringement of UPRC's claim to a patent (the "UPRC Patent") for an invention involving a method of maintaining a borehole in a stratigraphic zone during drilling, and (b) tortious interference with certain business relations between UPRC and certain of its former employees. UPRC's claims against the Company are based on services provided by a third party vendor to the Company. UPRC is seeking injunctive relief, damages of an unspecified amount, including actual, enhanced, consequential and punitive damages, interest, costs and attorneys' fees. The Company believes that it has meritorious defenses to UPRC's allegations and has requested the court to declare the UPRC Patent invalid. The Company has also filed a motion to limit the scope of UPRC's claims and for summary judgment. No prediction can be made as to the outcome of the matter.

The Company is currently involved in various other routine disputes incidental to its business operations. While it is not possible to determine the ultimate disposition of these matters, management, after consultation with legal counsel, is of the opinion that the final resolution of all such currently pending or threatened litigation is not likely to have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial position or results of operations of the Company.

The Company has employment contracts with its two principal shareholders and its chief financial officer and various other senior management personnel which provide for annual base salaries, bonus compensation and various benefits. The contracts provide for the continuation of salary and benefits for the respective terms of the agreements in the event of termination of employment without cause. These agreements expire at various times from June 30, 1998 through June 30, 2000.

Due to the nature of the oil and gas business, the Company and its subsidiaries are exposed to possible environmental risks. The Company has implemented various policies and procedures to avoid environmental contamination and risks from environmental contamination. The Company is not aware of any potential material environmental issues or claims.

As of June 30, 1997, the Company had guaranteed \$1.3 million of debt owed by Peak.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- (CONTINUED)

5. INCOME TAXES

The components of the income tax provision (benefit) for each of the periods are as follows:

	YEAR I	ENDED JUNE	30,
	1997	1996	1995
	(\$ 1	IN THOUSAND	s)
Current Deferred	\$ (3,573)	\$ 12,854	\$ 6,299
Total	\$(3,573) ======	\$12,854 ======	\$6,299 =====

The effective income tax rate differed from the computed "expected" federal income tax rate on earnings before income taxes for the following reasons:

	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,		
	1997	1996	1995
	(\$ II	THOUSANDS)
Computed "expected" income tax provision (benefit) Tax percentage depletion Valuation allowance State income taxes and other	(294) 64,116 (4,279)	\$12,673 (238) 419 	\$6,286 (144) 157
	\$ (3,573) ======	\$12,854 ======	\$6,299 =====

Deferred income taxes are provided to reflect temporary differences in the basis of net assets for income tax and financial reporting purposes. The tax effected temporary differences and tax loss carryforwards which comprise deferred taxes are as follows:

	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,			
	1997	1996		
		IN THOUSAND		
Deferred tax liabilities: Acquisition, exploration and development costs and related depreciation, depletion and				
amortization Deferred tax assets:	\$(49,831)	\$(63,725)	\$(31,220)	
Net operating loss carryforwards Percentage depletion carryforward		50,776 764		
	113,947	51,540	23,940	
Net deferred tax asset (liability) Less: Valuation allowance	\$ 64,116			
Total deferred tax asset (liability)	\$ =======	\$(12,185) =======	\$ (7,280) =======	

SFAS 109 requires that the Company record a valuation allowance when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. In the fourth quarter of fiscal 1997, the Company recorded a \$236 million write-down related to the impairment of oil and gas properties. This write-down and significant tax net operating loss carryforwards (caused primarily by expensing intangible drilling costs for tax purposes) result in a net deferred tax asset at June 30, 1997. Management believes it is more likely than not that the Company will generate future tax net operating losses for at least the next five years, based in part on the Company's continued drilling efforts. Therefore, the Company has recorded a valuation allowance equal to the net deferred tax asset.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 1997, the Company had regular tax net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$300 million and alternative minimum tax net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$45 million. These loss carryforward amounts will expire during the years 2007 through 2012. The Company also had a percentage depletion carryforward of approximately \$2.8 million at June 30, 1997, which is available to offset future federal income taxes payable and has no expiration date.

In accordance with certain provisions of the Tax Reform Act of 1986, a change of greater than 50% of the beneficial ownership of the Company within a three-year period (an "Ownership Change") would place an annual limitation on the Company's ability to utilize its existing tax carryforwards. Under regulations issued by the Internal Revenue Service, the Company has had an Ownership Change. However, management believes this will not result in a significant limitation of the utilization of the tax carryforwards.

6. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Certain directors, shareholders and employees of the Company have acquired working interests in certain of the Company's oil and gas properties. The owners of such working interests are required to pay their proportionate share of all costs. As of June 30, 1997, 1996 and 1995 the Company had accounts receivable for these costs of \$7.4 million, \$2.9 million and \$4.4 million, respectively.

During fiscal 1997, 1996 and 1995 the Company incurred legal expenses of 207,000, 347,000 and 516,000, respectively, for legal services provided by the law firm of which a director is a member.

7. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The Company maintains the Chesapeake Energy Corporation Savings and Incentive Stock Bonus Plan, a 401(k) profit sharing plan. Eligible employees may make voluntary contributions to the plan which are matched by the Company up to 10% of the employees' annual salary with the Company's common stock. The amount of employee contributions is limited as specified in the plan. The Company may, at its discretion, make additional contributions to the plan. The Company contributed \$603,000, \$187,000 and \$95,000 to the plan during the fiscal years ended June 30, 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively.

8. MAJOR CUSTOMERS

Sales to individual customers constituting 10% or more of total oil and gas sales were as follows:

YEAR		AMOUNT	PERCENT OF OIL AND GAS SALES
		(\$ IN THOUSANDS)	
1997	Aquila Southwest Pipeline Corporation	\$53,885	28%
	Koch Oil Company	\$29,580	15%
	GPM Gas Corporation	\$27,682	14%
1996	Aquila Southwest Pipeline Corporation	\$41,900	38%
	GPM Gas Corporation	\$28,700	26%
	Wickford Energy Marketing, L.C.	\$18,500	17%
1995	Aquila Southwest Pipeline Corporation	\$18,548	33%
	Wickford Energy Marketing, L.C.	\$15,704	28%
	GPM Gas Corporation	\$11,686	21%

Management believes that the loss of any of the above customers would not have a material impact on the Company's results of operations or its financial position.

9. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY AND STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

On December 2, 1996, the Company completed a public offering of 8,972,000 shares of Common Stock at a price of \$33.63 per share, which resulted in net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$288.1 million.

On April 12, 1996 the Company completed a public offering of 5,989,500 shares of Common Stock at a price of \$17.67 per share, resulting in net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$99.4 million.

A 2-for-1 stock split of the Common Stock in December 1994, a 3-for-2 stock split of the Common Stock in December 1995 and June 1996, and a 2-for-1 stock split of the Common Stock in December 1996 have been given retroactive effect in these financial statements.

Stock Option Plans

Under the Company's 1992 Incentive Stock Option Plan (the "ISO Plan"), options to purchase Common Stock may be granted only to employees of the Company and its subsidiaries. Subject to any adjustment as provided by the ISO Plan, the aggregate number of shares which may be issued and sold may not exceed 3,762,000 shares. The maximum period for exercise of an option may not be more than ten years (or five years for an optionee who owns more than 10% of the Common Stock) from the date of grant, and the exercise price may not be less than the fair market value of the shares underlying the options on the date of grant (or 110% of such value for an optionee who owns more than 10% of the Common Stock). Options granted become exercisable at dates determined by the Stock Option Committee of the Board of Directors. No options may be granted under the ISO Plan after December 16, 1994.

Under the Company's 1992 Nonstatutory Stock Option Plan (the "NSO Plan"), non-qualified options to purchase Common Stock may be granted only to directors and consultants of the Company. Subject to any adjustment as provided by the NSO Plan, the aggregate number of shares which may be issued and sold may not exceed 3,132,000 shares. The maximum period for exercise of an option may not be more than ten years from the date of grant, and the exercise price may not be less than the fair market value of the shares underlying the options on the date of grant. Options granted become exercisable at dates determined by the Stock Option Committee of the Board of Directors. No options may be granted under the NSO Plan after December 10, 2002.

Under the Company's 1994 Stock Option Plan (the "1994 Plan"), and its 1996 Stock Option Plan (the "1996 Plan"), incentive and nonqualified stock options to purchase Common Stock may be granted to employees of the Company and its subsidiaries. Subject to any adjustment as provided by the respective plans, the aggregate number of shares which may be issued and sold may not exceed 4,886,910 shares under the 1994 Plan and 6,000,000 shares under the 1996 Plan. The maximum period for exercise of an option may not be more than ten years from the date of grant, and the exercise price may not be less than the fair market value of the shares underlying the options on the date of grant. Options granted become exercisable at dates determined by the Stock Option Committee of the Board of Directors. No options may be granted under the 1994 Plan after December 16, 2004 or under the 1996 Plan after October 14, 2006.

The Company has elected to follow APB No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees and related Interpretations in accounting for its employee stock options. Under APB No. 25, compensation expense is recognized for the difference between the option price and market value on the measurement date. No compensation expense has been recognized because the exercise price of the stock options equaled the market price of the underlying stock on the date of grant.

Pro forma information regarding net income and earnings per share is required by SFAS No. 123 and has been determined as if the Company had accounted for its employee stock options under the fair value method of the Statement. The fair value for these options was estimated at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions for fiscal 1997 and 1996, respectively:

interest rates (zero-coupon U.S. government issues with a remaining life equal to the expected term of the options) of 6.74% and 6.21%; dividend yields of 0.9% and 0.9%; volatility factors of the expected market price of the Company's common stock of .60 and .60; and weighted-average expected life of the options of four years.

The Black-Scholes option valuation model was developed for use in estimating the fair value of traded options which have no vesting restrictions and are fully transferable. In addition, option valuation models require the input of highly subjective assumptions including the expected stock price volatility. Because the Company's employee stock options have characteristics significantly different from those of traded options, and because changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, in management's option, the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of its employee stock options.

The Company's pro forma information follows:

	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,	
	1997	1996
	(IN THOUSANDS PER SHARE A	
Net Income (Loss) As reported Pro forma Earnings (Loss) per Share	\$(183,377) (190,160)	\$23,355 22,081
5 ()]	\$ (2.79) (2.89)	\$ 0.40 0.38

For purposes of the pro forma disclosures, the estimated fair value of the options is amortized to expense over the options' vesting period, which is four years. Because the Company's stock options vest generally over four years and additional awards are typically made each year, the above pro forma disclosures are not likely to be representative of the effects on pro forma net income for future years. A summary of the Company's stock option activity and related information follows:

	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,					
	1	.997	1996		1995	
	OPTIONS	WEIGHTED-AVG EXERCISE PRICE	OPTIONS	WEIGHTED-AVG EXERCISE PRICE	OPTIONS	WEIGHTED-AVG EXERCISE PRICE
Outstanding Beginning of Year Granted Exercised Forfeited	3,564,884 (1,197,998)	\$ 4.66 19.35 1.95 22.26	6,828,592 2,426,850 (1,574,046) (78,512)	\$1.97 9.98 1.31 2.61	5,033,340 3,185,550 (1,288,732) (101,566)	\$0.72 3.38 0.67 0.92
Outstanding End of Year	7,903,659	7.09	7,602,884	4.66	6,828,592	1.97
Exercisable End of Year	3,323,824		2,974,386		2,489,742	
Shares Authorized for Future Grants	5,212,056		713,826		3,102,982	
Fair Value of Options Granted During the Year		\$ 7.51		\$4.84		N/A

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding at June 30, 1997:

	OPTIONS OUTSTANDING			OPTIONS EXERCISABLE		
RANGE OF EXERCISE PRICES	NUMBER OUTSTANDING 6/30/97	WEIGHTED-AVG. REMAINING CONTRACTUAL LIFE	WEIGHTED-AVG. EXERCISE PRICE	NUMBER EXERCISABLE 6/30/97	WEIGHTED-AVG. EXERCISE PRICE	
\$ 0.56-\$ 0.67	843,767	5.36	\$ 0.59	843,767	\$ 0.59	
\$ 0.71-\$ 1.33	784,116	4.36	\$ 1.00	784,116	\$ 1.00	
\$ 2.25-\$ 2.25	1,128,883	7.30	\$ 2.25	406,183	\$ 2.25	
\$ 2.43-\$ 4.92	408,689	7.43	\$ 3.15	394,159	\$ 3.08	
\$ 4.92-\$ 4.92	974,910	7.82	\$ 4.92	390,774	\$ 4.92	
\$ 5.67-\$ 5.67	1,213,534	8.17	\$ 5.67	217,140	\$ 5.67	
\$ 6.47-\$ 6.47	180,000	8.28	\$ 6.47	180,000	\$ 6.47	
\$14.25-\$14.25	1,513,010	9.82	\$14.25	Θ	\$ 0.00	
\$14.75-\$25.88	756,750	6.30	\$17.85	7,685	\$17.67	
\$30.63-\$30.63	100,000	9.27	\$30.63	100,000	\$30.63	
\$ 0.56-\$30.63	7,903,659	7.44	\$ 7.09	3,323,824	\$ 3.29	

The exercise of certain stock options results in state and federal income tax benefits to the Company related to the difference between the market price of the Common Stock at the date of disposition (or sale) and the option price. During fiscal 1997, 1996 and 1995, \$4,808,000, \$7,950,000 and \$1,229,000, respectively, were recorded as adjustments to additional paid-in capital and deferred income taxes with respect to such tax benefits.

10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES

The Company has only limited involvement with derivative financial instruments, as defined in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 119 "Disclosure About Derivative Financial Instruments and Fair Value of Financial Instruments" and does not use them for trading purposes. The Company's objective is to hedge a portion of its exposure to price volatility from producing crude oil and natural gas. These arrangements may expose the Company to credit risk from its counterparties and to basis risk. The Company does not expect that the counterparties will fail to meet their obligations given their high credit ratings.

Hedging Activities

Periodically the Company utilizes hedging strategies to hedge the price of a portion of its future oil and gas production. These strategies include (1) swap arrangements that establish an index-related price above which the Company pays the counterparty and below which the Company is paid by the counterparty, (2) the purchase of index-related puts that provide for a "floor" price below which the counterparty pays the Company the amount by which the price of the commodity is below the contracted floor, (3) the sale of index-related calls that provide for a "ceiling" price above which the Company pays the counterparty the amount by which the price of the commodity is above the contracted ceiling, and (4) basis protection swaps. Results from hedging transactions are reflected in oil and gas sales to the extent related to the Company's oil and gas production. The Company has not entered into hedging transactions unrelated to the Company's oil and gas production or physical purchase or sale commitments.

As of June 30, 1997, the Company had the following oil swap arrangements for periods after June 1997:

MONTH	VOLUME (BBLS)	NYMEX-INDEX STRIKE PRICE (PER BBL)
July 1997	31,000	\$18.60
August 1997 September 1997		\$18.43 \$18.30
October 1997	31,000	\$18.19
November 1997	30,000	\$18.13
December 1997	'	\$18.08
January through June 1998	724,000	\$19.82

The Company entered into oil swap arrangements to cancel the effect of the swaps for the months of August through December at an average price of \$21.07 per Bbl.

As of June 30, 1997, the Company had the following gas swap arrangements for periods after June 1997:

MONTHS	VOLUME (MMBTU)	HOUSTON SHIP CHANNEL INDEX STRIKE PRICE (PER MMBTU)
July 1997 August 1997 September 1997 October 1997	1,240,000	\$2.313 \$2.301 \$2.285 \$2.300

The Company entered into gas swap arrangements to cancel the effect of the swaps for the months of July through October at an average price of \$2.133 per MMBtu.

The Company has entered into a curve lock for 4.9 Bcf of gas which allows the Company the option to hedge April 1999 through November 1999 gas based upon a negative \$0.285 differential to December 1998 gas any time between the strike date and December 1998.

Gains or losses on the crude oil and natural gas hedging transactions are recognized as price adjustments in the month of related production. The Company estimates that had all of the crude oil and natural gas swap agreements in effect for production periods beginning July 1, 1997 terminated on June 30, 1997, based on the closing prices for NYMEX futures contracts as of that date, the Company would have paid the counterparty approximately \$185,000, which would have represented the "fair value" at that date. These agreements were not terminated. The fair value of hedging instruments at June 30, 1996 was a loss of approximately \$4.6 million.

Periodically, the Company's oil and gas marketing subsidiary CEMI enters into various hedging transactions designed to hedge against physical purchase commitments made by CEMI. Gains or losses on these transactions are recorded as adjustments to Oil and Gas Marketing Sales in the consolidated statements of operations and are not considered by management to be material.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Other financial instruments which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash, short-term investments in debt instruments and trade receivables. The Company's accounts receivable are primarily from purchasers of oil and natural gas products and exploration and production companies which own interests in properties operated by the Company. The industry concentration has the potential to impact the Company's overall exposure to credit risk, either positively or negatively, in that the customers may be similarly affected by changes in economic, industry or other conditions. The Company generally requires letters of credit for receivables from customers which are not considered

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- (CONTINUED)

investment grade, unless the credit risk can otherwise be mitigated. The cash and investments in debt securities are with major banks or institutions with high credit ratings.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The following disclosure of the estimated fair value of financial instruments is made in accordance with the requirements of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 107, "Disclosures About Fair Value of Financial Instruments". The estimated fair value amounts have been determined by the Company using available market information and valuation methodologies. Considerable judgment is required in interpreting market data to develop the estimates of fair value. The use of different market assumptions or valuation methodologies may have a material effect on the estimated fair value amounts.

The carrying values of items comprising current assets and current liabilities approximate fair values due to the short-term maturities of these instruments. The carrying value of financial instruments included in noncurrent other assets approximates fair value at June 30, 1997. The Company estimates the fair value of its long-term, fixed-rate debt using quoted market prices. The Company's carrying amount for such debt at June 30, 1997 and 1996 was \$508.9 million and \$255.6 million, respectively, compared to approximate fair values of \$514.1 million and \$261.2 million, respectively. The carrying value of other long-term debt approximates its fair value as interest rates are primarily variable, based on prevailing market rates.

11. DISCLOSURES ABOUT OIL AND GAS PRODUCING ACTIVITIES

Net Capitalized Costs

Evaluated and unevaluated capitalized costs related to the Company's oil and gas producing activities are summarized as follows:

	JUNE 30,	
	1997	1996
	(\$ IN TH	OUSANDS)
Oil and gas properties: Proved Unproved	\$865,516 128,505	\$363,213 165,441
Total Less accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization	994,021 (431,983)	528,654 (92,720)
Net capitalized costs	\$562,038 ======	\$435,934 =======

Unproved properties not subject to amortization at June 30, 1997 and 1996 consisted mainly of lease acquisition costs. The Company capitalized approximately \$12,935,000 and \$6,428,000 of interest during the years ended June 30, 1997 and 1996 on significant investments in unproved properties that were not being depreciated, depleted, or amortized and on which exploration or development activities were not in progress. The Company will continue to evaluate its unevaluated properties, however, the timing of the ultimate evaluation and disposition of the properties has not been determined.

Costs Incurred in Oil and Gas Acquisition, Exploration and Development

Costs incurred in oil and gas property acquisition, exploration and development activities which have been capitalized are summarized as follows:

		JUNE 30,	
	1997	1996	1995
	(\$	IN THOUSAND	s)
Development costs	\$187,736	\$138,188	\$ 78,679
Exploration costs	136,473	39,410	14,129
Acquisition costs: Unproved properties	140,348	138,188	24,437
Proved properties		24,560	,
Capitalized internal costs	3,905	1,699	586
Proceeds from sale of leasehold, equipment and other	(3,095)	(6,167)	(11,953)
Total	\$465,367	\$335,878	\$105,878
	=======	=======	=======

Results of Operations from Oil and Gas Producing Activities (unaudited)

The Company's results of operations from oil and gas producing activities are presented below for the years ended June 30, 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively. The following table includes revenues and expenses associated directly with the Company's oil and gas producing activities. It does not include any allocation of the Company's interest costs and, therefore, is not necessarily indicative of the contribution to consolidated net operating results of the Company's oil and gas operations.

	JUNE 30,		
	1997	1996	1995
		(\$ IN	THOUSANDS)
Oil and gas sales Production costs (a) Impairment of oil and gas properties Depletion and depreciation Imputed income tax (provision) benefit(b)	<pre>\$ 192,920 (15,107) (236,000) (103,264) 60,544</pre>	\$110,849 (8,303) (50,899) (18,335)	· · · ·
Results of operations from oil and gas producing activities	\$(100,907) =======	\$ 33,312 =======	\$ 17,756

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(a) Production costs include lease operating expenses and production taxes.

(b) The imputed income tax provision is hypothetical (at the statutory rate) and determined without regard to the Company's deduction for general and administrative expenses, interest costs and other income tax credits and deductions.

Capitalized costs, less accumulated amortization and related deferred income taxes, shall not exceed an amount equal to the sum of the present value of estimated future net revenues less estimated future expenditures to be incurred in developing and producing the proved reserves, less any related income tax effects. At June 30, 1997, capitalized costs of oil and gas properties exceeded the estimated present value of future net revenues for the Company's proved reserves, net of related income tax considerations, resulting in a fourth quarter writedown in the carrying value of oil and gas properties of \$236 million.

Oil and Gas Reserve Quantities (unaudited)

The reserve information presented below is based upon reports prepared by the independent petroleum engineering firm of Williamson Petroleum Consultants, Inc. ("Williamson") and the Company's petroleum engineers as of June 30, 1997, 1996 and 1995. The reserves evaluated internally by the Company constituted

approximately 50.0%, 0.6% and 0.5% of total proved reserves as of June 30, 1997, 1996 and 1995, respectively. The information is presented in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company emphasizes that reserve estimates are inherently imprecise. The Company's reserve estimates were generally based upon extrapolation of historical production trends, analogy to similar properties and volumetric calculations. Accordingly, these estimates are expected to change, and such changes could be material, as future information becomes available.

Proved oil and gas reserves represent the estimated quantities of crude oil, natural gas, and natural gas liquids which geological and engineering data demonstrate with reasonable certainty to be recoverable in future years from known reservoirs under existing economic and operating conditions. Proved developed oil and gas reserves are those expected to be recovered through existing wells with existing equipment and operating methods. All of the Company's oil and gas reserves are located in the United States.

Presented below is a summary of changes in estimated reserves of the Company based upon the reports prepared by Williamson and the Company's petroleum engineers for 1997, 1996 and 1995:

	JUNE 30,					
	19	97	1996		1995	
	OIL (MBBL)	GAS (MMCF)	OIL (MBBL)	GAS (MMCF)	OIL (MBBL)	GAS (MMCF)
Proved reserves, beginning of						
year Extensions, discoveries and other	12,258	351,224	5,116	211,808	4,154	117,066
additions		147,485		158,052	,	138,372
Revisions of previous estimate		(137,938)	• • •	,	. ,	(18,516)
Production	()	(62,005)	.,,,,	. , ,	(1,139)	(25,114)
Sale of reserves-in-place Purchase of reserves-in-place			443	20,087		
Proved reserves, end of year	17,373	298,766	12,258	351,224	5,116	211,808
	======	=======	======	======	======	======
Proved developed reserves,						
end of year	7,324	151,879	3,648	144,721	1,973	77,764
	======	=======	======	=======	======	======

As of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1997, the Company recorded revisions to the previous years' reserve estimates of approximately six million barrels of oil and 138 million Mcf, or approximately 174 Bcfe. The reserve revisions are primarily attributable to the decrease in oil and gas pricing between periods, escalating development costs at June 30, 1997, and unfavorable developmental drilling and production results during fiscal 1997. Specifically, the Company recorded downward adjustments to proved reserves of 159 Bcfe in the Knox, Giddings and Louisiana Trend areas.

On April 30, 1996, the Company purchased interests in certain producing and non-producing oil and gas properties, including approximately 14,000 net acres of unevaluated leasehold, from Amerada Hess Corporation for \$37.8 million. The properties are located in the Knox and Golden Trend fields of southern Oklahoma, most of which are operated by the Company. In fiscal 1996 the reserves acquired from Amerada Hess Corporation were included in both "Extensions, discoveries and other additions" and "Purchase of reserves in-place". The fiscal 1996 presentation has been restated in the current year to remove the acquired reserves from "Extensions, discoveries and other additions" with a corresponding offset to "Revisions of previous estimate". This revision resulted in no net change to total oil and gas reserves.

In prior years, the Company reported "Extensions, discoveries and other additions" net of current year production related thereto. The Company began reporting this category inclusive of current year production in fiscal 1997 and restated fiscal 1996 and fiscal 1995 quantities accordingly. A corresponding change in fiscal

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- (CONTINUED)

1996 and fiscal 1995 was recorded to "Revisions of previous estimate" with no net change to year-end reserve quantities.

Standardized Measure of Discounted Future Net Cash Flows (unaudited)

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 69 ("SFAS 69") prescribes guidelines for computing a standardized measure of future net cash flows and changes therein relating to estimated proved reserves. The Company has followed these guidelines which are briefly discussed below.

Future cash inflows and future production and development costs are determined by applying year-end prices and costs to the estimated quantities of oil and gas to be produced. Estimates are made of quantities of proved reserves and the future periods during which they are expected to be produced based on year-end economic conditions. Estimated future income taxes are computed using current statutory income tax rates including consideration for the current tax basis of the properties and related carryforwards, giving effect to permanent differences and tax credits. The resulting future net cash flows are reduced to present value amounts by applying a 10% annual discount factor.

The assumptions used to compute the standardized measure are those prescribed by the Financial Accounting Standards Board and, as such, do not necessarily reflect the Company's expectations of actual revenue to be derived from those reserves nor their present worth. The limitations inherent in the reserve quantity estimation process, as discussed previously, are equally applicable to the standardized measure computations since these estimates are the basis for the valuation process.

The following summary sets forth the Company's future net cash flows relating to proved oil and gas reserves based on the standardized measure prescribed in SFAS 69:

	JUNE 30,		
	1997	1996	1995
	(\$	IN THOUSANDS)	
Future cash inflows	<pre>\$ 954,839 (190,604) (152,281) (104,183)</pre>	\$1,101,642	\$ 427,377
Future production costs		(168,974)	(75,927)
Future development costs		(137,068)	(76,543)
Future income tax provision		(135,543)	(51,789)
Future net cash flows	507,771	660,057	223,118
Less effect of a 10% discount factor	(92,273)	(198,646)	(63,207)
Standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows	\$ 415,498	\$ 461,411	\$ 159,911
	======	=======	======

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- (CONTINUED)

The principal sources of change in the standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows are as follows:

		JUNE 30,	
	1997	1996	1995
	(\$	IN THOUSANDS	3)
Standardized measure, beginning of year Sales of oil and gas produced, net of production	\$ 461,411	\$ 159,911	\$118,608
costs	(177,813)	(102,546)	(52,727)
Net changes in prices and production costs Extensions and discoveries, net of production and		88,729	
development costs	287,068	275,916	108,644
Changes in future development costs	(12,831)		,
Development costs incurred during the period that			
reduced future development costs	46,888	43,409	23,678
Revisions of previous quantity estimates	(199,738)	12,728	(21,595)
Purchase of reserves-in-place		29,641	
Accretion of discount	54,702	18,814	14,126
Net change in income taxes	63,719	(57,382)	(5,586)
Changes in production rates and other	,	3, 392	
Standardized measure, end of year	\$ 415,498	\$ 461,411	\$159,911
	========	========	=======

For an explanation of the reclassifications made to the standardized measure of discounted future net cash flows in fiscal 1996 and fiscal 1995, see discussion of Oil and Gas Reserve Quantities included above.

12. QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA (UNAUDITED)

Summarized unaudited quarterly financial data for fiscal 1997 and 1996 are as follows (\$ in thousands except per share data):

	QUARTER ENDED			
	SEPTEMBER 30, 1996	DECEMBER 31, 1996	MARCH 31, 1997	JUNE 30, 1997
Net sales Gross profit (loss)(a) Net income (loss) before extraordinary	\$48,937 14,889	\$71,249 28,057	\$79,809 25,737	\$ 69,097 (241,686)
Net income (loss) per share before extraordinary item:	8,204	10,274	15,928	(217,783)
Primary Fully-diluted	.13 .13	.15 .15	.22 .22	(3.12) (3.12)

QUARTER ENDED

	SEPTEMBER 30,	DECEMBER 31,	MARCH 31,	JUNE 30,
	1995	1995	1996	1996
Net sales	\$21,988	\$31,766	\$44,145	\$ 47,692
Gross profit(a)	6,368	11,368	14,741	13,580
Net income	2,915	5,459	7,623	7,358
Net income per share: Primary Fully-diluted	.05 .05	.10 .09	.13 .13	.12 .12

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(a) Total revenue excluding interest and other income, less total costs and expenses excluding interest and other expense.

Capitalized costs, less accumulated amortization and related deferred income taxes, can not exceed an amount equal to the sum of the present value of estimated future net revenues less estimated future expenditures to be incurred in developing and producing the proved reserves, less any related income tax effects. At June 30, 1997, capitalized costs of oil and gas properties exceeded the estimated present value of future net revenues for the Company's proved reserves, net of related income tax considerations, resulting in a fourth quarter writedown in the carrying value of oil and gas properties of \$236 million.

ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

Effective July 1, 1996, Price Waterhouse LLP sold its Oklahoma City practice to Coopers & Lybrand L.L.P. and resigned as the Company's independent accountants. The Company's decision to change independent accountants and retain Coopers & Lybrand L.L.P. was approved by the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors and by the Board of Directors. During the period Price Waterhouse LLP was engaged by the Company, Price Waterhouse LLP did not issue any report on the Company's financial statements containing an adverse opinion, disclaimer of opinion, or qualification. There were no disagreements between the Company and Price Waterhouse LLP on any matter of accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosure or auditing scope or procedure, nor were there any reportable events.

PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT

The information called for by this Item 10 is incorporated herein by reference to the definitive Proxy Statement to be filed by the Company pursuant to Regulation 14A of the General Rules and Regulations under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 not later than October 28, 1997.

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The information called for by this Item 11 is incorporated herein by reference to the definitive Proxy Statement to be filed by the Company pursuant to Regulation 14A of the General Rules and Regulations under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 not later than October 28, 1997.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

The information called for by this Item 12 is incorporated herein by reference to the definitive Proxy Statement to be filed by the Company pursuant to Regulation 14A of the General Rules and Regulations under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 not later than October 28, 1997.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

The information called for by this Item 13 is incorporated herein by reference to the definitive Proxy Statement to be filed by the Company pursuant to Regulation 14A of the General Rules and Regulations under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 not later than October 28, 1997.

PART IV

ITEM 14. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES, AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a) The following documents are filed as part of this report:

1. Financial Statements. The Company's Consolidated Financial Statements are included in Item 8 of this report. Reference is made to the accompanying Index to Consolidated Financial Statements.

 $\ensuremath{2.5ex}$. Financial Statement Schedules. No financial statement schedules are filed with this report as no schedules are applicable or required.

3. Exhibits. The following exhibits are filed herewith pursuant to the requirements of Item 601 of Regulation S-K:

EXHIBIT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
3.1	 Registrant's Certificate of Incorporation. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Registrant's quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 1996.
3.2	 Registrant's Bylaws. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to Registrant's registration statement on Form 8-B (No. 001-13726).
4.1	Indenture dated as of March 15, 1997 among the Registrant, as issuer, Chesapeake Operating, Inc., Chesapeake Gas Development Corporation and Chesapeake Exploration Limited Partnership, as Subsidiary Guarantors, and United States Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, with respect to 7.875% Senior Notes due 2004. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Registrant registration statement on Form S-4 (No. 333-24995).
4.2	Indenture dated as of March 15, 1997 among the Registrant, as issuer, Chesapeake Operating, Inc., Chesapeake Gas Development Corporation and Chesapeake Exploration Limited Partnership, as Subsidiary Guarantors, and United States Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, with respect to 8.5% Senior Notes due 2012. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.1.3 to Registrant registration statement on Form S-4 (No. 333-24995).
4.3	Indenture dated as of May 15, 1995 among Chesapeake Energy Corporation, its subsidiaries signatory thereto as Subsidiary Guarantors and United States Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, with respect to 10.5% Senior Notes due 2002. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to Registrant's registration statement on Form S-4 (No. 33-93718).
4.4	Indenture dated April 1, 1996 among Chesapeake Energy Corporation, its subsidiaries signatory thereto as Subsidiary Guarantors and United States Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, with respect to 9.125% Senior Notes due 2006. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.6 to Registrant's registration statement on Form S-3 Registration Statement (No. 333-1588)
4.5*	Agreement to furnish copies of unfiled long-term debt instruments.
4.8	Stock Registration Agreement dated May 21, 1992 between Chesapeake Energy Corporation and various lenders, as amended by First Amendment thereto dated May 26, 1992. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibits 10.26.1 and 10.26.2 to Registrant's registration statement on Form S-1 (No. 33-55600).
10.1.1+	Registrant's 1992 Incentive Stock Option Plan. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1.1 to Registrant's registration statement on Form S-4 (No. 33-93718).

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NUMBER DESCRIPTION -- Registrant's 1992 Nonstatutory Stock Option Plan, as 10.1.2+ amended. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1.2 to Registrant's quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 1996. Registrant's 1994 Stock Option Plan, as amended. 10.1.3+ Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1.3 to Registrant's quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 1996. Registrant's 1996 Stock Option Plan. Incorporated herein by reference to Registrant's Proxy Statement for its 1996 10.1.4 +- -Annual Meeting of Shareholders. 10.1.4.1* -- Amendment to the Chesapeake Energy Corporation 1996 Stock Option Plan. Employment Agreement dated as of July 1, 1995 between 10.2.1+ Aubrey K. McClendon and Chesapeake Energy Corporation. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.2.1 to Registrant's quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 1995. Employment Agreement dated as of July 1, 1995 between Tom 10.2.2+ L. Ward and Chesapeake Energy Corporation. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.2.2 to Registrant's guarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 1995. -- Employment Agreement dated as of March 1, 1995 between 10.2.3+Marcus C. Rowland and Chesapeake Energy Corporation. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.2.3 to Registrant's quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 1995. Employment Agreement dated as of July 1, 1995 between 10.2.4+ - -Steven C. Dixon and Chesapeake Energy Corporation. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.2.4 to Registrant's quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 1995. -- Employment Agreement dated as of July 1, 1997 between J. 10.2.5+* Mark Lester and Chesapeake Energy Corporation. Employment Agreement dated as of July 1, 1997 between 10.2.6+* Henry J. Hood and Chesapeake Energy Corporation. -- Employment Agreement dated as of July 1, 1997 between 10.2.7+* - Employment Agreement dated as of July 1, 1997 between 10.2.8+* Martha A. Burger and Chesapeake Energy Corporation. -- Form of Indemnity Agreement for officers and directors of 10.3+ Registrant and its subsidiaries. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.30 to Registrant's registration statement on Form S-1 (No. 33-55600). 10.9 -- Indemnity and Stock Registration Agreement, as amended by First Amendment (Revised) thereto, dated as of February 12, 1993, and as amended by Second Amendment thereto dated as of October 20, 1995, among Chesapeake Energy Corporation, Chesapeake Operating, Inc., Chesapeake Investments, TLW Investments, Inc., et al. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.35 to Registrant's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 1993 and Exhibit 10.4.1 to Registrant's quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 1995.

EXHIBIT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
10.10	Partnership Agreement of Chesapeake Exploration Limited Partnership dated December 27, 1994 between Chesapeake Energy Corporation and Chesapeake Operating, Inc. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.10 to Registrant's registration statement on Form S-4 (No. 33-93718).
10.11*	Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement of Chesapeake Louisiana, L.P. dated June 30, 1997 between Chesapeake Operating, Inc. and Chesapeake Energy Louisiana Corporation.
11*	Statement of Net Income (Loss) Per Share.
21*	Subsidiaries of Registrant
23.1*	Consent of Coopers & Lybrand L.L.P.
23.2*	Consent of Price Waterhouse LLP
23.3*	Consent of Williamson Petroleum Consultants, Inc.
27*	Financial Data Schedule

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- * Filed herewith.
- + Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.
 - (b) Reports on Form 8-K

During the quarter ended June 30, 1997, the Company filed the following Current Reports on Form $8\mathchar`-K$ dated

April 2, 1997 announcing the completion of its Brown $\#1\mathchar`-H$ in Washington County, Texas,

April 24, 1997 reporting third quarter and first nine months fiscal 1997 results, and

June 27, 1997 announcing refocused Louisiana drilling program and expected asset writedown.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CHESAPEAKE ENERGY CORPORATION

Date	October 13, 1997	By /s/ AUBREY K. MCCLENDON
		Aubrey K. McClendon
		Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

SIGNATURE	TITLE	DATE	
/s/ AUBREY K. MCCLENDON	Chairman of the Board, Chief	October 13, 1997	
Aubrey K. McClendon	- Executive Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer)		
/s/ TOM L. WARD	President, Chief Operating Officer - and Director (Principal	October 13, 1997	
Tom L. Ward	Executive Officer)		
/s/ MARCUS C. ROWLAND	Vice President-Finance and Chief - Financial Officer (Principal	October 13, 1997	
Marcus C. Rowland	Financial Officer)		
/s/ RONALD A. LEFAIVE	Controller (Principal Accounting	October 13, 1997	
Ronald A. Lefaive			
/s/ EDGAR F. HEIZER, JR.	Director	October 13, 1997	
Edgar F. Heizer, Jr.			
/s/ BREENE M. KERR	Director	October 13, 1997	
Breene M. Kerr			
/s/ SHANNON T. SELF	Director	October 13, 1997	
Shannon T. Self			
/s/ FREDERICK B. WHITTEMORE	Director	October 13, 1997	
Frederick B. Whittemore			
/s/ WALTER C. WILSON	Director	October 13, 1997	
Walter C. Wilson	-		

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3.1	Registrant's Certificate of Incorporation. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Registrant's quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 1996.
3.2	Registrant's Bylaws. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to Registrant's registration statement on Form 8-B (No. 001-13726).
4.1	Indenture dated as of March 15, 1997 among the Registrant, as issuer, Chesapeake Operating, Inc., Chesapeake Gas Development Corporation and Chesapeake Exploration Limited Partnership, as Subsidiary Guarantors, and United States Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, with respect to 7.875% Senior Notes due 2004. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Registrant registration statement on Form S-4 (No. 333-24995).
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4.3	Indenture dated as of May 15, 1995 among Chesapeake Energy Corporation, its subsidiaries signatory thereto as Subsidiary Guarantors and United States Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, with respect to 10.5% Senior Notes due 2002. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to Registrant's registration statement on Form S-4 (No. 33-93718).
4.4	Indenture dated April 1, 1996 among Chesapeake Energy Corporation, its subsidiaries signatory thereto as Subsidiary Guarantors and United States Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, with respect to 9.125% Senior Notes due 2006. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.6 to Registrant's registration statement on Form S-3 Registration Statement (No. 333-1588)
4.5*	Agreement to furnish copies of unfiled long-term debt instruments.
4.8	 Stock Registration Agreement dated May 21, 1992 between Chesapeake Energy Corporation and various lenders, as amended by First Amendment thereto dated May 26, 1992. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibits 10.26.1 and 10.26.2 to Registrant's registration statement on Form S-1 (No. 33-55600).
10.1.1+	Registrant's 1992 Incentive Stock Option Plan. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1.1 to Registrant's registration statement on Form S-4 (No. 33-93718).
10.1.2+	 Registrant's 1992 Nonstatutory Stock Option Plan, as amended. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1.2 to Registrant's quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 1996.
10.1.3+	Registrant's 1994 Stock Option Plan, as amended. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1.3 to Registrant's quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 1996.
10.1.4+	 Registrant's 1996 Stock Option Plan. Incorporated herein by reference to Registrant's Proxy Statement for its 1996 Annual Meeting of Shareholders.
10.1.4.1*	Amendment to the Chesapeake Energy Corporation 1996 Stock Option Plan.
10.2.1+	Employment Agreement dated as of July 1, 1995 between Aubrey K. McClendon and Chesapeake Energy Corporation. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.2.1 to Registrant's quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 1995.

EXHIBIT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
10.2.2+	Employment Agreement dated as of July 1, 1995 between Tom L. Ward and Chesapeake Energy Corporation. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.2.2 to Registrant's quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 1995.
10.2.3+	Employment Agreement dated as of March 1, 1995 between Marcus C. Rowland and Chesapeake Energy Corporation. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.2.3 to Registrant's quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 1995.
10.2.4+	Employment Agreement dated as of July 1, 1995 between Steven C. Dixon and Chesapeake Energy Corporation. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.2.4 to Registrant's quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 1995.
10.2.5+*	Employment Agreement dated as of July 1, 1997 between J. Mark Lester and Chesapeake Energy Corporation.
10.2.6+*	Employment Agreement dated as of July 1, 1997 between Henry J. Hood and Chesapeake Energy Corporation.
10.2.7+*	Employment Agreement dated as of July 1, 1997 between Ronald A. Lefaive and Chesapeake Energy Corporation.
10.2.8+*	Employment Agreement dated as of July 1, 1997 between Martha A. Burger and Chesapeake Energy Corporation.
10.3+	Form of Indemnity Agreement for officers and directors of Registrant and its subsidiaries. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.30 to Registrant's registration statement on Form S-1 (No. 33-55600).
10.9	 Indemnity and Stock Registration Agreement, as amended by First Amendment (Revised) thereto, dated as of February 12, 1993, and as amended by Second Amendment thereto dated as of October 20, 1995, among Chesapeake Energy Corporation, Chesapeake Operating, Inc., Chesapeake Investments, TLW Investments, Inc., et al. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.35 to Registrant's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 1993 and Exhibit 10.4.1 to Registrant's quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 1995.
10.10	Partnership Agreement of Chesapeake Exploration Limited Partnership dated December 27, 1994 between Chesapeake Energy Corporation and Chesapeake Operating, Inc. Incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.10 to Registrant's registration statement on Form S-4 (No. 33-93718).
10.11*	Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement of Chesapeake Louisiana, L.P. dated June 30, 1997 between Chesapeake Operating, Inc. and Chesapeake Energy Louisiana Corporation.
11*	Statement of Net Income (Loss) Per Share
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23.2*	Consent of Price Waterhouse LLP
23.3*	Consent of Williamson Petroleum Consultants, Inc.
27*	Financial Data Schedule

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* Filed herewith.

+ Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

CHESAPEAKE ENERGY CORPORATION 6100 North Western Avenue Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73118

October 8, 1997

Securities and Exchange Commission 450 Fifth Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20549

RE: Unfiled Debt Instruments

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Chesapeake Energy Corporation (the "Company") is a party to certain long-term debt instruments which authorize borrowings by the Company in amounts that do not exceed 10% of the total assets of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries. The Company has not filed, and may not file in the future, such debt instruments as exhibits to its reports under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or registration statements under the Securities Act of 1933. Pursuant to Item 601(4) (iii) (A) of Regulation S-K, the Company hereby agrees to furnish the Commission a copy of any such unfiled debt instruments upon request.

Very truly yours,

Marcus C. Rowland Vice President-Finance

AMENDMENT TO THE CHESAPEAKE ENERGY CORPORATION 1996 STOCK OPTION PLAN

WHEREAS, Chesapeake Energy Corporation (the "Company") presently has in existence the Chesapeake Energy Corporation 1996 Stock Option Plan (the "Plan"); and

WHEREAS, the Plan provides in Section 3.1 that it will consist of two separate stock option plans, a "Non-Executive Officer Participant Plan" which is limited to Non-Executive Officer Participants and administered by the Regular Stock Option Committee together with an "Executive Officer Participant Plan" which is limited to Executive Officer Participants and administered by the Special Stock Option Committee; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors has previously administered the Executive Officer Participant Plan by authorizing option grants to Aubrey K. McClendon and Tom L. Ward, the first of such option grants being made on December 13, 1996; and

WHEREAS, the Board has the authority to amend the Plan to permit administration of the Executive Officer Plan, previously exercised such authority by its actual administration of the Executive Officer Plan but did not formalize such amendment to the Plan; and

WHEREAS, the Board deems it advisable to formalize an amendment to the Plan effective as of December 13, 1996, to permit administration of the Executive Officer Plan by either the Special Stock Option Committee or the full Board of Directors; and

WHEREAS the Board of Directors of the Company has authorized and approved this Amendment to the Plan pursuant to resolutions adopted on August 21, 1997;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Plan be, and is hereby, amended as follows:

1. Amendment. Section 3.1 Administration of the Plan; the Committee. Section 3.1 of the Plan is hereby amended by deleting the second paragraph in its entirety and replacing it with the following:

The Non-Executive Officer Participant Plan shall be administered by the Regular Stock Option Committee and the Executive Officer Participant Plan shall be administered by either (1) the Special Stock Option Committee or (ii) the Board. Accordingly, with respect to decisions relating to Non-Executive Officer Participants, including the grant of Options, the term "Committee" shall mean only the Regular Stock Option Committee; and, with respect to all decisions relating to the Executive Officer Participants, including the grant of Options, the term "Committee" shall mean either the Special Stock Option Committee or the Board.

2. Effective Date. Except as provided in this Amendment, in all other respects the Plan is hereby ratified and confirmed. The effective date of this Amendment shall be as of December 13, 1996.

EXHIBIT 10.2.5

EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

between

J. MARK LESTER

and

CHESAPEAKE ENERGY CORPORATION

Effective July 1, 1997

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EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

THIS AGREEMENT is made effective July 1, 1997, between CHESAPEAKE ENERGY CORPORATION, an Oklahoma corporation (the "Company"), and J. MARK LESTER, an individual (the "Executive") and replaces and supersedes that certain Employment Agreement between Company and Executive dated July 1, 1995.

WITNESSSETH:

WHEREAS, the Company desires to retain the services of the Executive and the Executive desires to make the Executive's services available to the Company.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual promises herein contained, the Company and the Executive agree as follows:

1. Employment. The Company hereby employs the Executive and the Executive hereby accepts such employment subject to the terms and conditions contained in this Agreement. The Executive is engaged as an employee of the Company, and the Executive and the Company do not intend to create a joint venture, partnership or other relationship which might impose a fiduciary obligation on the Executive or the Company in the performance of this Agreement.

2. Executive's Duties. The Executive is employed on a full-time basis. Throughout the term of this Agreement, the Executive will use the Executive's best efforts and due diligence to assist the Company in achieving the most profitable operation of the Company and the Company's affiliated entities consistent with developing and maintaining a quality business operation.

- 2.1 Specific Duties. The Executive will serve as Senior Vice President - Exploration for the Company. The Executive will perform all of the services required to fully and faithfully execute the office and position to which the Executive is appointed and such other services as may be reasonably requested by the Executive's supervisor. During the term of this Agreement, the Executive may be nominated for election or appointed to serve as a director or officer of the Company's subsidiaries as determined in the board of directors' sole discretion.
- 2.2 Supervision. The services of the Executive will be requested and directed by the President and Chief Operating Officer, Mr. Tom L. Ward, and the Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Aubrey K. McClendon.
- 2.3 Rules and Regulations. The Company currently has an Employment Policies Manual which addresses frequently asked questions regarding the

Company. The Executive agrees to comply with the Employment Policies Manual except to the extent inconsistent with this Agreement. The Employment Policies Manual is subject to change without notice in the sole discretion of the Company at any time.

2.4 Stock Investment. For each calendar year during which this Agreement is in effect, the Executive agrees to hold shares of the Company's common stock having aggregate Investment Value equal to fifteen percent (15%) of the compensation paid to the Executive under paragraphs 4.1 and 4.2 of this Agreement during such calendar year. For purposes of this section, the "Investment Value" of each share of stock will be the higher of either (a) the price paid by the Executive for such share as part of an open market purchase; or (b) the fair market value on the date of exercise for shares acquired through the exercise of employee stock options. Any shares of common stock acquired by the Executive prior to the date of this Agreement and still owned by the Executive during the term of this Agreement may be used to satisfy this requirement to acquire common stock. The Investment Value for previously acquired stock shall be calculated using the average stock price during the first six months of this Agreement.

> The stock acquired or owned pursuant to this paragraph 2.4 must be held by the Executive at all times during the Executive's employment by the Company or the Company's affiliated entities. In order to administer this provision, the Executive agrees to return to the Company's Chief Executive Officer a semi-annual report of purchases and ownership in a form prepared by the Company. This paragraph will become null and void if the Company's common stock ceases to be listed on the New York Stock Exchange or on the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotation System. The Company has no obligation to sell or to purchase from the Executive any of the Company's stock in connection with this paragraph 2.4 and has made no representations or warranties regarding the Company's stock, operations or financial condition.

3. Other Activities. Unless the Executive has obtained the prior written approval of the board of directors of the Company, the Executive will not: (a) engage in business independent of the Executive's employment by the Company; (b) serve as an officer, general partner or member in any corporation, partnership, company, or firm; (c) directly or indirectly invest in, participate in or acquire an interest in any oil and gas business, including, without limitation, (i) producing oil and gas, (ii) drilling, owning or operating oil and gas leases or wells, (iii) providing services or materials to the oil and gas industry, (iv) marketing or refining oil or gas, or (v) owning any interest in any corporation, partnership, company or entity which conducts any of the foregoing activities. The limitation in this paragraph 3 will not prohibit an investment by the Executive in publicly traded securities; or the continued direct ownership and operation of oil and gas interests and leases to the extent such interests were owned by the Executive on July 1, 1995. The Executive agrees not to directly or indirectly acquire any additional oil

and gas interests or increase ownership of any oil and gas interests owned by the Executive on July 1, 1995.

4. Executive's Compensation. The Company agrees to compensate the Executive as follows:

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- 4.1 Base Salary. A base salary (the "Base Salary"), at the initial annual rate of not less than One Hundred Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$160,000.00), will be paid to the Executive in equal semi-monthly installments beginning July 15, 1997 during the term of this Agreement.
- 4.2 Bonus. In addition to the Base Salary described at paragraph 4.1 of this Agreement, the Company may periodically pay bonus compensation to the Executive. Any bonus compensation will be at the absolute discretion of the Company in such amounts and at such times as the board of directors of the Company may determine.
- 4.3 Stock Options. In addition to the compensation set forth in paragraphs 4.1 and 4.2 of this Agreement, the Executive may periodically receive grants of stock options from the Company's various stock option plans, subject to the terms and conditions thereof.
- 4.4 Benefits. The Company will provide the Executive such retirement benefits, reimbursement of reasonable expenditures for dues, travel and entertainment and such other benefits as are customarily provided by the Company and as are set forth in the Company's Employment Policies Manual. The Company will also provide the Executive the opportunity to apply for coverage under the Company's medical, life and disability plans, if any. If the Executive is accepted for coverage under such plans, the Company will provide such coverage on the same terms as is customarily provided by the Company to the plan participants as modified from time to time. The following specific benefits will also be provided to the Executive at the expense of the Company:
 - 4.4.1 Vacation. The Executive will be entitled to take three (3) weeks of paid vacation each twelve (12) months during the term of this Agreement. No additional compensation will be paid for failure to take vacation and no vacation may be carried forward from one twelve (12) month period to another.
 - 4.4.2 Membership Dues. The Company will reimburse the Executive for: (a) the monthly dues necessary to maintain a full membership in a country club in the Oklahoma City area selected by the Executive in an amount not to exceed Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) per month; and (b) the reasonable cost of any qualified business entertainment at such country club. All other costs, including, without implied

- limitation, any initiation costs, initial membership costs, personal use and business entertainment unrelated to the Company will be the sole obligation of the Executive and the Company will have no liability with respect to such amounts.
- 4.4.3 Compensation Review. The compensation of the Executive will be reviewed not less frequently than annually by the board of directors of the Company.

5. Term. The employment relationship evidenced by this Agreement is an "at will" employment relationship and the Company reserves the right to terminate the Executive at any time with or without cause. In the absence of such termination, this Agreement will extend for a term of three (3) years commencing on July 1, 1997, and ending on June 30, 2000 (the "Expiration Date").

6. Termination. This Agreement will continue in effect until the expiration of the term stated at paragraph 5 of this Agreement unless earlier terminated pursuant to this paragraph 6.

- 6.1 Termination by Company. The Company will have the following rights to terminate this Agreement:
 - 6.1.1 Termination without Cause. The Company may terminate this Agreement without cause at any time by the service of written notice of termination to the Executive specifying an effective date of such termination not sooner than sixty (60) business days after the date of such notice (the "Termination Date"). In the event the Executive is terminated without cause, or the Company elects not to renew the contract, the Executive will receive as termination compensation: (a) Base Salary for a period of ninety (90) days; (b) any benefits payable by operation of paragraph 4.4 of this Agreement; and (c) any vacation pay accrued through the Termination Date. The termination compensation in (a) shall be paid only if the Executive executes the Company's standard termination agreement releasing all legally waivable claims arising from the Executive's employment.
 - 6.1.2 Termination for Cause. The Company may terminate this Agreement for cause if the Executive: (a) misappropriates the property of the Company or commits any other act of dishonesty; (b) engages in personal misconduct which materially injures the Company; (c) willfully violates any law or regulation relating to the business of the Company which results in injury to the Company; or (d) willfully and repeatedly fails to perform the Executive's duties hereunder. In the event this Agreement is terminated for cause, the Company will not have any obligation to provide any further
 - 4

payments or benefits to the Executive after the effective date of such termination.

- 6.1.3 Termination After Change in Control. If, during the term of this Agreement, there is a "Change of Control" and within one (1) year thereafter: (a) this Agreement expires and is not extended; or (b) the Executive is terminated other than under paragraphs 6.1.2, 6.3 or 6.4 based on adequate grounds; or (c) the Executive resigns as a result of a reassignment of duties inconsistent with the Executive's position, a reduction in the Executive's then current compensation under paragraph 4 of this Agreement, or a required relocation more than 25 miles from the Executive's then current place of employment, then the Executive will be entitled to a severance payment (in addition to any other amounts pavable to the Executive under this Agreement or otherwise) in an amount equal to twelve (12) months of Base Salary as set forth in paragraph 4.1 of this Agreement. The term "Change of Control" means any action of a nature that would be required to be reported in response to Item 6(e) of Schedule 14A of Regulation 14A under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 with respect to the Company including, without limitation (i) the direct or indirect acquisition by any person after the date hereof of beneficial ownership of the right to vote or securities of the Company representing the right to vote thirty five percent (35%) or more of the combined voting power of the Company's then outstanding securities having the right to vote for the election of directors, or (ii) within two years of a tender offer or exchange offer for the voting stock of the Company or as a result of a merger, consolidation, sale of assets or contested election (or any combination of the foregoing), a majority of the members of the Company's board of directors is replaced by directors who were not nominated and approved by the board of directors.
- 6.2 Termination by Executive. The Executive may voluntarily terminate this Agreement with or without cause by the service of written notice of such termination to the Company specifying an effective date of such termination thirty (30) days after the date of such notice, during which time Executive may use remaining accrued vacation days, or at the Company's option, be paid for such days. In the event this Agreement is terminated by the Executive, neither the Company nor the Executive will have any further obligations hereunder including, without limitation, any obligation of the Company to provide any further payments or benefits to the Executive after the effective date of such termination.
- 6.3 Incapacity of Executive. If the Executive suffers from a physical or mental condition which in the reasonable judgment of the Company's management

- prevents the Executive in whole or in part from performing the duties specified herein for a period of three (3) consecutive months, the Executive may be terminated. Although the termination shall be deemed as a termination with cause, any compensation payable under paragraph 4 of this Agreement will be continued for ninety (90) days. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Executive's Base Salary specified in paragraph 4.1 of this Agreement will be reduced by any benefits payable under any disability plans.
- 6.4 Death of Executive. If the Executive dies during the term of this Agreement, the Company may thereafter terminate this Agreement without compensation to the Executive's estate except: (a) the obligation to continue the Base Salary payments under paragraph 4.1 of this Agreement for ninety (90) days; and (b) the benefits described in paragraph 4.4 of this Agreement accrued through the effective date of such termination.
- Effect of Termination. The termination of this Agreement will 6.5 terminate all obligations of the Executive to render services on behalf of the Company, provided that the Executive will maintain the confidentiality of all information acquired by the Executive during the term of his employment in accordance with paragraph 7 of this Agreement. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph 6 of this Agreement, no accrued bonus, severance pay or other form of compensation will be payable by the Company to the Executive by reason of the termination of this Agreement. All keys, entry cards, credit cards, files, records, financial information, furniture, furnishings, equipment examples and etta its interview. equipment, supplies and other items relating to the Company will remain the property of the Company. The Executive will have the right to retain and remove all personal property and effects which are owned by the Executive and located in the offices of the Company. All such personal items will be removed from such offices no later than two (2) days after the effective date of termination, and the Company is hereby authorized to discard any items remaining and to reassign the Executive's office space after such date. Prior to the effective date of termination, the Executive will render such services to the Company as might be reasonably required to provide for the orderly termination of the Executive's employment.

7. Confidentiality. The Executive recognizes that the nature of the Executive's services are such that the Executive will have access to information which constitutes trade secrets, is of a confidential nature, is of great value to the Company or is the foundation on which the business of the Company is predicated. The Executive agrees not to disclose to any person other than the Company's employees or the Company's legal counsel nor use for any purpose, other than the performance of this Agreement, any confidential information ("Confidential Information"). Confidential Information includes data or material (regardless of form) which is: (a) a trade secret; (b) provided, disclosed or delivered to Executive by the Company, any officer, director, employee, agent, attorney, accountant, consultant, or other

person or entity employed by the Company in any capacity, any customer, borrower or business associate of the Company or any public authority having jurisdiction over the Company of any business activity conducted by the Company; or (c) produced, developed, obtained or prepared by or on behalf of Executive or the Company (whether or not such information was developed in the performance of this Agreement) with respect to the Company or any assets oil and gas prospects, business activities, officers, directors, employees, borrowers or customers of the foregoing. However, Confidential Information shall not include any information, data or material which at the time of disclosure or use was generally available to the public other than by a breach of this Agreement, was available to the party to whom disclosed on a non-confidential basis by disclosure or access provided by the Company or a third party, or was otherwise developed or obtained independently by the person to whom disclosed without a breach of this Agreement. On request by the Company, the Company will be entitled to a copy of any Confidential Information in the possession of the Executive. The Executive also agrees that the provisions of this paragraph 7 will survive the termination, expiration or cancellation of this Agreement for a period of five (5) years. The Executive will deliver to the Company all originals and copies of the documents or materials containing Confidential Information. For purposes of paragraphs 7, 8, and 9 of this Agreement, the Company expressly includes any of the Company's affiliated corporations, partnerships or entities.

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Noncompetition. For a period of twelve (12) months after Executive is no longer employed by the Company as a result of either the resignation by the Executive pursuant to paragraph 6.2 above, or Termination for Cause pursuant to paragraph 6.1.2 above, Executive will not: (a) acquire, attempt to acquire or aid another in the acquisition or attempted acquisition of an interest in oil and gas assets, oil and gas production, oil and gas leases, mineral interests, oil and gas wells or other such oil and gas exploration, development or production activities within five (5) miles of any operations or ownership interests of the Company or its affiliated corporations, partnerships or entities, provided, however, this provision shall not apply to acquisitions within said five (5) mile radius of assets or activities of a successor entity resulting from a "Change in Control" as described in paragraph 6.1.3., which assets were owned or activities were being conducted (1) prior to the date of such Change in Control, or (2) after such Change in Control but for which the Executive had no material responsibility; and; (b) for the Executive's own account or for the benefit of another party solicit, induce, entice or attempt to entice any employee, contractor, customer, vendor or subcontractor to terminate or breach any relationship with the Company or the Company's affiliates. The Executive further agrees that the Executive will not circumvent or attempt to circumvent the foregoing agreements by any future arrangement or through the actions of a third party.

9. Proprietary Matters. The Executive expressly understands and agrees that any and all improvements, inventions, discoveries, processes or know-how that are generated or conceived by the Executive during the term of this Agreement, whether generated or conceived during the Executive's regular working hours or otherwise, will be the sole and exclusive property of the Company. Whenever requested by the Company (either during the term of this Agreement or thereafter), the Executive will assign or execute any and all

applications, assignments and or other instruments and do all things which the Company deems necessary or appropriate in order to permit the Company to: (a) assign and convey or otherwise make available to the Company the sole and exclusive right, title, and interest in and to said improvements, inventions, discoveries, processes, know-how, applications, patents, copyrights, trade names or trademarks; or (b) apply for, obtain, maintain, enforce and defend patents, copyrights, trade names, or trademarks of the United States or of foreign countries for said improvements, inventions, discoveries, processes or know-how. However, the improvements, inventions, discoveries, processes or know-how generated or conceived by the Executive and referred to above (except as they may be included in the patents, copyrights or registered trade names or trademarks of the Company, or corporations, partnerships or other entities which may be affiliated with the Company) shall not be exclusive property of the Company at any time after having been disclosed or revealed or have otherwise become available to the public or to a third party on a non-confidential basis other than by a breach of this Agreement, or after they have been independently developed or discussed without a breach of this Agreement by a third party who has no obligation to the Company or its affiliates.

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Arbitration. The parties will attempt to promptly resolve any dispute 10. or controversy arising out of or relating to this Agreement or termination of the Executive by the Company. Any negotiations pursuant to this paragraph 10 are confidential and will be treated as compromise and settlement negotiations for all purposes. If the parties are unable to reach a settlement amicably, the dispute will be submitted to binding arbitration before a single arbitrator in accordance with the Employment Dispute Resolution Rules of the American Arbitration Association. The arbitrator will be instructed and empowered to take reasonable steps to expedite the arbitration and the arbitrator's judgment will be final and binding upon the parties subject solely to challenge on the grounds of fraud or gross misconduct. Except for damages arising out of a breach of paragraphs 7, 8 or 9 of this Agreement, the arbitrator is not empowered to award total damages (including compensatory damages) which exceed 300% of compensatory damages and each party hereby irrevocably waives any damages in excess of that amount. The arbitration will be held in Oklahoma County, Oklahoma. Judgment upon any verdict in arbitration may be entered in any court of competent jurisdiction and the parties hereby consent to the jurisdiction of, and proper venue in, the federal and state courts located in Oklahoma County, Oklahoma. Each party will bear its own costs in connection with the arbitration and the costs of the arbitrator will be borne by the party who the arbitrator determines did not prevail in the matter. Unless otherwise expressly set forth in this Agreement, the procedures specified in this paragraph 10 will be the sole and exclusive procedures for the resolution of disputes and controversies between the parties arising out of or relating to this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a party may seek a preliminary injunction or other provisional judicial relief if in such party's judgment such action is necessary to avoid irreparable damage or to preserve the status quo.

11. Miscellaneous. The parties further agree as follows:

11.1 Time. Time is of the essence of each provision of this Agreement.

11.2 Notices. Any notice, payment, demand or communication required or permitted to be given by any provision of this Agreement will be in writing and will be deemed to have been given when delivered personally or by telefacsimile to the party designated to receive such notice, or on the date following the day sent by overnight courier, or on the third (3rd) business day after the same is sent by certified mail, postage and charges prepaid, directed to the following address or to such other or additional addresses as any party might designate by written notice to the other party:

To the Company:	Chesapeake Energy Corporation Post Office Box 18496 Oklahoma City, OK 73154-0496 Attn: Aubrey K. McClendon
To the Executive:	Mr. J. Mark Lester 13525 Green Cedar Lane

Oklahoma City, OK 73131

- 11.3 Assignment. Neither this Agreement nor any of the parties' rights or obligations hereunder can be transferred or assigned without the prior written consent of the other parties to this Agreement.
- 11.4 Construction. If any provision of this Agreement or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is determined, to any extent, to be invalid or unenforceable, the remainder of this Agreement, or the application of such provision to persons or circumstances other than those as to which the same is held invalid or unenforceable, will not be affected thereby, and each term and provision of this Agreement will be valid and enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law. This Agreement is intended to be interpreted, construed and enforced in accordance with the laws of the State of Oklahoma and any litigation relating to this Agreement will be conducted in a court of competent jurisdiction sitting in Oklahoma County, Oklahoma.
- 11.5 Entire Agreement. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter herein contained, and no modification hereof will be effective unless made by a supplemental written agreement executed by all of the parties hereto.
- 11.6 Binding Effect. This Agreement will be binding on the parties and their respective successors, legal representatives and permitted assigns. In the event of a merger, consolidation, combination, dissolution or liquidation of the Company, the performance of this Agreement will be assumed by any entity which succeeds to or is transferred the business of the Company as a result thereof.

- 11.7 Attorneys' Fees. If any party institutes an action or proceeding against any other party relating to the provisions of this Agreement or any default hereunder, the unsuccessful party to such action or proceeding will reimburse the successful party therein for the reasonable expenses of attorneys' fees and disbursements and litigation expenses incurred by the successful party.
- 11.8 Supercession. On execution of this Agreement by the Company and the Executive, the relationship between the Company and the Executive will be bound by the terms of this Agreement and the Employment Policies Manual and not by any other agreements or otherwise. In the event of a conflict between the Employment Policies Manual and this Agreement, this Agreement will control in all respects.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have executed this Agreement effective the date first above written.

CHESAPEAKE ENERGY CORPORATION, an Oklahoma corporation

By: /s/ AUBREY K. MCCLENDON Aubrey K. McClendon, Chief Executive Officer (the "Company")

By: /s/ J. MARK LESTER

J. Mark Lester, Individually (the "Executive")

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between

HENRY J. HOOD

and

CHESAPEAKE ENERGY CORPORATION

Effective July 1, 1997

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EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

THIS AGREEMENT is made effective July 1, 1997, between CHESAPEAKE ENERGY CORPORATION, an Oklahoma corporation (the "Company"), and HENRY J. HOOD, an individual (the "Executive") and replaces and supersedes that certain Employment Agreement between Company and Executive dated July 1, 1995.

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the Company desires to retain the services of the Executive and the Executive desires to make the Executive's services available to the Company.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual promises herein contained, the Company and the Executive agree as follows:

1. Employment. The Company hereby employs the Executive and the Executive hereby accepts such employment subject to the terms and conditions contained in this Agreement. The Executive is engaged as an employee of the Company, and the Executive and the Company do not intend to create a joint venture, partnership or other relationship which might impose a fiduciary obligation on the Executive or the Company in the performance of this Agreement.

2. Executive's Duties. The Executive is employed on a full-time basis. Throughout the term of this Agreement, the Executive will use the Executive's best efforts and due diligence to assist the Company in achieving the most profitable operation of the Company and the Company's affiliated entities consistent with developing and maintaining a quality business operation.

- 2.1 Specific Duties. The Executive will serve as Senior Vice President - Land and Legal for the Company. The Executive will perform all of the services required to fully and faithfully execute the office and position to which the Executive is appointed and such other services as may be reasonably requested by the Executive's supervisor. During the term of this Agreement, the Executive may be nominated for election or appointed to serve as a director or officer of the Company's subsidiaries as determined in the board of directors' sole discretion.
- 2.2 Supervision. The services of the Executive will be requested and directed by the President and Chief Operating Officer, Mr. Tom L. Ward, and the Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Aubrey K. McClendon.
- 2.3 Rules and Regulations. The Company currently has an Employment Policies Manual which addresses frequently asked questions regarding the

Company. The Executive agrees to comply with the Employment Policies Manual except to the extent inconsistent with this Agreement. The Employment Policies Manual is subject to change without notice in the sole discretion of the Company at any time.

2.4 Stock Investment. For each calendar year during which this Agreement is in effect, the Executive agrees to hold shares of the Company's common stock having aggregate Investment Value equal to ten percent (10%) of the compensation paid to the Executive under paragraphs 4.1 and 4.2 of this Agreement during such calendar year. For purposes of this section, the "Investment Value" of each share of stock will be the higher of either (a) the price paid by the Executive for such share as part of an open market purchase; or (b) the fair market value on the date of exercise for shares acquired through the exercise of employee stock options. Any shares of common stock acquired by the Executive prior to the date of this Agreement and still owned by the Executive during the term of this Agreement may be used to satisfy this requirement to acquire common stock. The Investment Value for previously acquired stock shall be calculated using the average stock price during the first six months of this Agreement.

The stock acquired or owned pursuant to this paragraph 2.4 must be held by the Executive at all times during the Executive's employment by the Company or the Company's affiliated entities. In order to administer this provision, the Executive agrees to return to the Company's Chief Executive Officer a semi-annual report of purchases and ownership in a form prepared by the Company. This paragraph will become null and void if the Company's common stock ceases to be listed on the New York Stock Exchange or on the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotation System. The Company has no obligation to sell or to purchase from the Executive any of the Company's stock in connection with this paragraph 2.4 and has made no representations or warranties regarding the Company's stock, operations or financial condition.

3. Other Activities. Unless the Executive has obtained the prior written approval of the board of directors of the Company, the Executive will not: (a) engage in business independent of the Executive's employment by the Company; (b) serve as an officer, general partner or member in any corporation, partnership, company, or firm; (c) directly or indirectly invest in, participate in or acquire an interest in any oil and gas business, including, without limitation, (i) producing oil and gas, (ii) drilling, owning or operating oil and gas leases or wells, (iii) providing services or materials to the oil and gas industry, (iv) marketing or refining oil or gas, or (v) owning any interest in any corporation, partnership, company or entity which conducts any of the foregoing activities. The limitation in this paragraph 3 will not prohibit an investment by the Executive in publicly traded securities; or the continued direct ownership and operation of oil and gas interests and leases to the extent such interests were owned by the Executive on July 1, 1995. The Executive agrees not to directly

or indirectly acquire any additional oil and gas interests or increase ownership of any oil and gas interests owned by the Executive on July 1, 1995.

4. Executive's Compensation. The Company agrees to compensate the Executive as follows:

- 4.1 Base Salary. A base salary (the "Base Salary"), at the initial annual rate of not less than One Hundred Fifty Five Thousand Dollars (\$155,000.00), will be paid to the Executive in equal semi-monthly installments beginning July 15, 1997 during the term of this Agreement.
- 4.2 Bonus. In addition to the Base Salary described at paragraph 4.1 of this Agreement, the Company may periodically pay bonus compensation to the Executive. Any bonus compensation will be at the absolute discretion of the Company in such amounts and at such times as the board of directors of the Company may determine.
- 4.3 Stock Options. In addition to the compensation set forth in paragraphs 4.1 and 4.2 of this Agreement, the Executive may periodically receive grants of stock options from the Company's various stock option plans, subject to the terms and conditions thereof.
- 4.4 Benefits. The Company will provide the Executive such retirement benefits, reimbursement of reasonable expenditures for dues, travel and entertainment and such other benefits as are customarily provided by the Company and as are set forth in the Company's Employment Policies Manual. The Company will also provide the Executive the opportunity to apply for coverage under the Company's medical, life and disability plans, if any. If the Executive is accepted for coverage under such plans, the Company will provide such coverage on the same terms as is customarily provided by the Company to the plan participants as modified from time to time. The following specific benefits will also be provided to the Executive at the expense of the Company:
 - 4.4.1 Vacation. The Executive will be entitled to take three (3) weeks of paid vacation each twelve months during the term of this Agreement. No additional compensation will be paid for failure to take vacation and no vacation may be carried forward from one twelve month period to another.
 - 4.4.2 Membership Dues. The Company will reimburse the Executive for: (a) the monthly dues necessary to maintain a full membership in a country club in the Oklahoma City area selected by the Executive in an amount not to exceed Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) per

month; and (b) the reasonable cost of any qualified business entertainment at such country club. All other costs, including, without implied limitation, any initiation costs, initial membership costs, personal use and business entertainment unrelated to the Company will be the sole obligation of the Executive and the Company will have no liability with respect to such amounts.

4.4.3 Compensation Review. The compensation of the Executive will be reviewed not less frequently than annually by the board of directors of the Company.

5. Term. The employment relationship evidenced by this Agreement is an "at will" employment relationship and the Company reserves the right to terminate the Executive at any time with or without cause. In the absence of such termination, this Agreement will extend for a term of three (3) years commencing on July 1, 1997, and ending on June 30, 2000 (the "Expiration Date").

6. Termination. This Agreement will continue in effect until the expiration of the term stated at paragraph 5 of this Agreement unless earlier terminated pursuant to this paragraph 6.

- 6.1 Termination by Company. The Company will have the following rights to terminate this Agreement:
 - 6.1.1 Termination without Cause. The Company may terminate this Agreement without cause at any time by the service of written notice of termination to the Executive specifying an effective date of such termination not sooner than sixty (60) business days after the date of such notice (the "Termination Date"). In the event the Executive is terminated without cause, or the Company elects not to renew the contract, the Executive will receive as termination compensation: (a) Base Salary for a period of ninety (90) days; (b) any benefits payable by operation of paragraph 4.4 of this Agreement; and (c) any vacation pay accrued through the Termination Date. The termination compensation in (a) shall be paid only if the Executive executes the Company's standard termination agreement releasing all legally waivable claims arising from the Executive's employment.
 - 6.1.2 Termination for Cause. The Company may terminate this Agreement for cause if the Executive: (a) misappropriates the property of the Company or commits any other act of dishonesty; (b) engages in personal misconduct which materially injures the Company; (c) willfully violates any law or regulation relating to

the business of the Company which results in injury to the Company; or (d) willfully and repeatedly fails to perform the Executive's duties hereunder. In the event this Agreement is terminated for cause, the Company will not have any obligation to provide any further payments or benefits to the Executive after the effective date of such termination.

- 6.1.3 Termination After Change in Control. If, during the term of this Agreement, there is a "Change of Control" and within one (1) year thereafter: (a) this Agreement expires and is not extended; or (b) the Executive is terminated other than under paragraphs 6.1.2, 6.3 or 6.4 based on adequate grounds; or (c) the Executive resigns as a result of a reassignment of duties inconsistent with the Executive's position, a reduction in the Executive's then current compensation under paragraph 4 of this Agreement, or a required relocation more than 25 miles from the Executive's then current place of employment, then the Executive will be entitled to a severance payment (in addition to any other amounts payable to the Executive under this Agreement or otherwise) in an amount equal to twelve (12) months of Base Salary as set forth in paragraph 4.1 of this Agreement. The term "Change of Control" means any action of a nature that would be required to be reported in response to Item 6(e) of Schedule 14A of Regulation 14A under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 with respect to the Company including, without limitation (i) the direct or indirect acquisition by any person after the date hereof of beneficial ownership of the right to vote or securities of the Company representing the right to vote thirty five percent (35%) or more of the combined voting power of the Company's then outstanding securities having the right to vote for the election of directors, or (ii) within two years of a tender offer or exchange offer for the voting stock of the Company or as a result of a merger, consolidation, sale of assets or contested election (or any combination of the foregoing), a majority of the members of the Company's board of directors is replaced by directors who were not nominated and approved by the board of directors.
- 6.2 Termination by Executive. The Executive may voluntarily terminate this Agreement with or without cause by the service of written notice of such termination to the Company specifying an effective date of such termination thirty (30) days after the date of such notice, during which time Executive may use remaining accrued vacation days, or at the Company's option, be paid for such days. In the event this Agreement is terminated by the Executive, neither the Company nor the Executive will have any further obligations

hereunder including, without limitation, any obligation of the Company to provide any further payments or benefits to the Executive after the effective date of such termination.

- 6.3 Incapacity of Executive. If the Executive suffers from a physical or mental condition which in the reasonable judgment of the Company's management prevents the Executive in whole or in part from performing the duties specified herein for a period of three (3) consecutive months, the Executive may be terminated. Although the termination shall be deemed as a termination with cause, any compensation payable under paragraph 4 of this Agreement will be continued for ninety (90) days. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Executive's Base Salary specified in paragraph 4.1 of this Agreement will be reduced by any benefits payable under any disability plans.
- 6.4 Death of Executive. If the Executive dies during the term of this Agreement, the Company may thereafter terminate this Agreement without compensation to the Executive's estate except: (a) the obligation to continue the Base Salary payments under paragraph 4.1 of this Agreement for ninety (90) days; and (b) the benefits described in paragraph 4.4 of this Agreement accrued through the effective date of such termination.
- 6.5 Effect of Termination. The termination of this Agreement will terminate all obligations of the Executive to render services on behalf of the Company, provided that the Executive will maintain the confidentiality of all information acquired by the Executive during the term of his employment in accordance with paragraph 7 of this Agreement. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph 6 of this Agreement, no accrued bonus, severance pay or other form of compensation will be payable by the Company to the Executive by reason of the termination of this Agreement. All keys, entry cards, credit cards, files, records, financial information, furniture, furnishings, equipment, supplies and other items relating to the Company will remain the property of the Company. The Executive will have the right to retain and remove all personal property and effects which are owned by the Executive and located in the offices of the Company. All such personal items will be removed from such offices no later than two (2) days after the effective date of termination, and the Company is hereby authorized to discard any items remaining and to reassign the Executive's office space after such date. Prior to the effective date of termination, the Executive will render such services to the Company as might be reasonably required to provide for the orderly termination of the Executive's employment.

7. Confidentiality. The Executive recognizes that the nature of the Executive's services are such that the Executive will have access to information which constitutes trade secrets,

is of a confidential nature, is of great value to the Company or is the foundation on which the business of the Company is predicated. The Executive agrees not to disclose to any person other than the Company's employees or the Company's legal counsel nor use for any purpose, other than the performance of this Agreement, any confidential information ("Confidential Information"). Confidential Information includes data or material (regardless of form) which is: (a) a trade secret; (b) provided, disclosed or delivered to Executive by the Company, any officer, director, employee, agent, attorney, accountant, consultant, or other person or entity employed by the Company in any capacity, any customer, borrower or business associate of the Company or any public authority having jurisdiction over the Company of any business activity conducted by the Company; or (c) produced, developed, obtained or prepared by or on behalf of Executive or the Company (whether or not such information was developed in the performance of this Agreement) with respect to the Company or any assets oil and gas prospects, business activities, officers, directors, employees, borrowers or customers of the foregoing. However, Confidential Information shall not include any information, data or material which at the time of disclosure or use was generally available to the public other than by a breach of this Agreement, was available to the party to whom disclosed on a non-confidential basis by disclosure or access provided by the Company or a third party, or was otherwise developed or obtained independently by the person to whom disclosed without a breach of this Agreement. On request by the Company, the Company will be entitled to a copy of any Confidential Information in the possession of the Executive. The Executive also agrees that the provisions of this paragraph 7 will survive the termination, expiration or cancellation of this Agreement for a period of five (5) years. The Executive will deliver to the Company all originals and copies of the documents or materials containing Confidential Information. For purposes of paragraphs 7, 8, and 9 of this Agreement, the Company expressly includes any of the Company's affiliated corporations, partnerships or entities.

Noncompetition. For a period of twelve (12) months after Executive is no longer employed by the Company as a result of either the resignation by the Executive pursuant to paragraph 6.2 above, or Termination for Cause pursuant to paragraph 6.1.2 above, Executive will not: (a) acquire, attempt to acquire or aid another in the acquisition or attempted acquisition of an interest in oil and gas assets, oil and gas production, oil and gas leases, mineral interests, oil and gas wells or other such oil and gas exploration, development or production activities within five (5) miles of any operations or ownership interests of the Company or its affiliated corporations, partnerships or entities, provided, however, this provision shall not apply to acquisitions within said five (5) mile radius of assets or activities of a successor entity resulting from a "Change in Control" as described in paragraph 6.1.3., which assets were owned or activities were being conducted (1) prior to the date of such Change in Control, or (2) after such Change in Control but for which the Executive had no material responsibility; and (b) for the Executive's own account or for the benefit of another party solicit, induce, entice or attempt to entice any employee, contractor, customer, vendor or subcontractor to terminate or breach any relationship with the Company or the Company's affiliates. The Executive further agrees that the Executive will not

circumvent or attempt to circumvent the foregoing agreements by any future arrangement or through the actions of a third party.

11

Proprietary Matters. The Executive expressly understands and agrees that any and all improvements, inventions, discoveries, processes or know-how that are generated or conceived by the Executive during the term of this Agreement, whether generated or conceived during the Executive's regular working hours or otherwise, will be the sole and exclusive property of the Company. Whenever requested by the Company (either during the term of this Agreement or thereafter), the Executive will assign or execute any and all applications, assignments and or other instruments and do all things which the Company deems necessary or appropriate in order to permit the Company to: (a) assign and convey or otherwise make available to the Company the sole and exclusive right, title, and interest in and to said improvements, inventions, discoveries, processes, know-how, applications, patents, copyrights, trade names or trademarks; or (b) apply for, obtain, maintain, enforce and defend patents, copyrights, trade names, or trademarks of the United States or of foreign countries for said improvements, inventions, discoveries, processes or know-how. However, the improvements, inventions, discoveries, processes or know-how generated or conceived by the Executive and referred to above (except as they may be included in the patents, copyrights or registered trade names or trademarks of the Company, or corporations, partnerships or other entities which may be affiliated with the Company) shall not be exclusive property of the Company at any time after having been disclosed or revealed or have otherwise become available to the public or to a third party on a non-confidential basis other than by a breach of this Agreement, or after they have been independently developed or discussed without a breach of this Agreement by a third party who has no obligation to the Company or its affiliates.

Arbitration. The parties will attempt to promptly resolve any dispute or 10. controversy arising out of or relating to this Agreement or termination of the Executive by the Company. Any negotiations pursuant to this paragraph 10 are confidential and will be treated as compromise and settlement negotiations for all purposes. If the parties are unable to reach a settlement amicably, the dispute will be submitted to binding arbitration before a single arbitrator in accordance with the Employment Dispute Resolution Rules of the American Arbitration Association. The arbitrator will be instructed and empowered to take reasonable steps to expedite the arbitration and the arbitrator's judgment will be final and binding upon the parties subject solely to challenge on the grounds of fraud or gross misconduct. Except for damages arising out of a breach of paragraphs 7, 8 or 9 of this Agreement, the arbitrator is not empowered to award total damages (including compensatory damages) which exceed 300% of compensatory damages and each party hereby irrevocably waives any damages in excess of that amount. The arbitration will be held in Oklahoma County, Oklahoma. Judgment upon any verdict in arbitration may be entered in any court of competent jurisdiction and the parties hereby consent to the jurisdiction of, and proper venue in, the federal and state courts located in Oklahoma County, Oklahoma. Each party will bear its own costs in connection with the arbitration and the costs of the arbitrator will be borne by the party who the arbitrator determines did not prevail in the matter. Unless otherwise

expressly set forth in this Agreement, the procedures specified in this paragraph 10 will be the sole and exclusive procedures for the resolution of disputes and controversies between the parties arising out of or relating to this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a party may seek a preliminary injunction or other provisional judicial relief if in such party's judgment such action is necessary to avoid irreparable damage or to preserve the status quo.

- 11. Miscellaneous. The parties further agree as follows:
 - 11.1 Time. Time is of the essence of each provision of this Agreement.
 - 11.2 Notices. Any notice, payment, demand or communication required or permitted to be given by any provision of this Agreement will be in writing and will be deemed to have been given when delivered personally or by telefacsimile to the party designated to receive such notice, or on the date following the day sent by overnight courier, or on the third (3rd) business day after the same is sent by certified mail, postage and charges prepaid, directed to the following address or to such other or additional addresses as any party might designate by written notice to the other party:

To the Company:	Chesapeake Energy Corporation Post Office Box 18496 Oklahoma City, OK 73154-0496 Attn: Aubrey K. McClendon	
To the Executive:	Mr. Henry J. Hood	

- 6700 N.W. Grand Blvd. Oklahoma City, OK 73116
- 11.3 Assignment. Neither this Agreement nor any of the parties' rights or obligations hereunder can be transferred or assigned without the prior written consent of the other parties to this Agreement.
- 11.4 Construction. If any provision of this Agreement or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is determined, to any extent, to be invalid or unenforceable, the remainder of this Agreement, or the application of such provision to persons or circumstances other than those as to which the same is held invalid or unenforceable, will not be affected thereby, and each term and provision of this Agreement will be valid and enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law. This Agreement is intended to be interpreted, construed and enforced in accordance with the laws of the State of Oklahoma and any litigation relating to this Agreement will be conducted in a court of competent jurisdiction sitting in Oklahoma.

- 11.5 Entire Agreement. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter herein contained, and no modification hereof will be effective unless made by a supplemental written agreement executed by all of the parties hereto.
- 11.6 Binding Effect. This Agreement will be binding on the parties and their respective successors, legal representatives and permitted assigns. In the event of a merger, consolidation, combination, dissolution or liquidation of the Company, the performance of this Agreement will be assumed by any entity which succeeds to or is transferred the business of the Company as a result thereof.
- 11.7 Attorneys' Fees. If any party institutes an action or proceeding against any other party relating to the provisions of this Agreement or any default hereunder, the unsuccessful party to such action or proceeding will reimburse the successful party therein for the reasonable expenses of attorneys' fees and disbursements and litigation expenses incurred by the successful party.
- 11.8 Supercession. On execution of this Agreement by the Company and the Executive, the relationship between the Company and the Executive will be bound by the terms of this Agreement and the Employment Policies Manual and not by any other agreements or otherwise. In the event of a conflict between the Employment Policies Manual and this Agreement, this Agreement will control in all respects.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have executed this Agreement effective the date first above written.

CHESAPEAKE ENERGY CORPORATION, an Oklahoma corporation

By: /s/ AUBREY K. MCCLENDON Aubrey K. McClendon, Chief Executive Officer (the "Company")

By: /s/ HENRY J. HOOD Henry J. Hood, Individually (the "Executive")

EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

between

RONALD A. LEFAIVE

and

CHESAPEAKE ENERGY CORPORATION

Effective July 1, 1997

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EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

THIS AGREEMENT is made effective July 1, 1997, between CHESAPEAKE ENERGY CORPORATION, an Oklahoma corporation (the "Company"), and RONALD A. LEFAIVE, an individual (the "Executive") and replaces and supersedes that certain Employment Agreement between Company and Executive dated May 1, 1995.

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the Company desires to retain the services of the Executive and the Executive desires to make the Executive's services available to the Company.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual promises herein contained, the Company and the Executive agree as follows:

1. Employment. The Company hereby employs the Executive and the Executive hereby accepts such employment subject to the terms and conditions contained in this Agreement. The Executive is engaged as an employee of the Company, and the Executive and the Company do not intend to create a joint venture, partnership or other relationship which might impose a fiduciary obligation on the Executive or the Company in the performance of this Agreement.

2. Executive's Duties. The Executive is employed on a full-time basis. Throughout the term of this Agreement, the Executive will use the Executive's best efforts and due diligence to assist the Company in achieving the most profitable operation of the Company and the Company's affiliated entities consistent with developing and maintaining a quality business operation.

- 2.1 Specific Duties. The Executive will serve as Controller for the Company. The Executive will perform all of the services required to fully and faithfully execute the office and position to which the Executive is appointed and such other services as may be reasonably requested by the Executive's supervisor. During the term of this Agreement, the Executive may be nominated for election or appointed to serve as a director or officer of the Company's subsidiaries as determined in the board of directors' sole discretion.
- 2.2 Supervision. The services of the Executive will be requested and directed by the Vice President Finance, Mr. Marcus C. Rowland and the Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Aubrey K. McClendon.
- 2.3 Rules and Regulations. The Company currently has an Employment Policies Manual which addresses frequently asked questions regarding the

Company. The Executive agrees to comply with the Employment Policies Manual except to the extent inconsistent with this Agreement. The Employment Policies Manual is subject to change without notice in the sole discretion of the Company at any time.

2.4 Stock Investment. For each calendar year during which this Agreement is in effect, the Executive agrees to hold shares of the Company's common stock having aggregate Investment Value equal to ten percent (10%) of the compensation paid to the Executive under paragraphs 4.1 and 4.2 of this Agreement during such calendar year. For purposes of this section, the "Investment Value" of each share of stock will be the higher of either (a) the price paid by the Executive for such share as part of an open market purchase; or (b) the fair market value on the date of exercise for shares acquired through the exercise of employee stock options. Any shares of common stock acquired by the Executive prior to the date of this Agreement and still owned by the Executive during the term of this Agreement may be used to satisfy this requirement to acquire common stock. The Investment Value for previously acquired stock shall be calculated using the average stock price during the first six months of this Agreement.

> The stock acquired or owned pursuant to this paragraph 2.4 must be held by the Executive at all times during the Executive's employment by the Company or the Company's affiliated entities. In order to administer this provision, the Executive agrees to return to the Company's Chief Executive Officer a semi-annual report of purchases and ownership in a form prepared by the Company. This paragraph will become null and void if the Company's common stock ceases to be listed on the New York Stock Exchange or on the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotation System. The Company has no obligation to sell or to purchase from the Executive any of the Company's stock in connection with this paragraph 2.4 and has made no representations or warranties regarding the Company's stock, operations or financial condition.

3. Other Activities. Unless the Executive has obtained the prior written approval of the board of directors of the Company, the Executive will not: (a) engage in business independent of the Executive's employment by the Company; (b) serve as an officer, general partner or member in any corporation, partnership, company, or firm; (c) directly or indirectly invest in, participate in or acquire an interest in any oil and gas business, including, without limitation, (i) producing oil and gas, (ii) drilling, owning or operating oil and gas leases or wells, (iii) providing services or materials to the oil and gas industry, (iv) marketing or refining oil or gas, or (v) owning any interest in any corporation, partnership, company or entity which conducts any of the foregoing activities. The limitation in this paragraph 3 will not prohibit an investment by the Executive in publicly traded securities; or the continued direct ownership and operation of oil and gas interests and leases to the extent such interests were owned by the Executive on July 1, 1995. The Executive agrees not to directly

or indirectly acquire any additional oil and gas interests or increase ownership of any oil and gas interests owned by the Executive on May 1, 1993.

4. Executive's Compensation. The Company agrees to compensate the Executive as follows:

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- 4.1 Base Salary. A base salary (the "Base Salary"), at the initial annual rate of not less than One Hundred Forty Thousand Dollars (\$140,000.00), will be paid to the Executive in equal semimonthly installments beginning July 15, 1997 during the term of this Agreement.
- 4.2 Bonus. In addition to the Base Salary described at paragraph 4.1 of this Agreement, the Company may periodically pay bonus compensation to the Executive. Any bonus compensation will be at the absolute discretion of the Company in such amounts and at such times as the board of directors of the Company may determine.
- 4.3 Stock Options. In addition to the compensation set forth in paragraphs 4.1 and 4.2 of this Agreement, the Executive may periodically receive grants of stock options from the Company's various stock option plans, subject to the terms and conditions thereof.
- 4.4 Benefits. The Company will provide the Executive such retirement benefits, reimbursement of reasonable expenditures for dues, travel and entertainment and such other benefits as are customarily provided by the Company and as are set forth in the Company's Employment Policies Manual. The Company will also provide the Executive the opportunity to apply for coverage under the Company's medical, life and disability plans, if any. If the Executive is accepted for coverage under such plans, the Company will provide such coverage on the same terms as is customarily provided by the Company to the plan participants as modified from time to time. The following specific benefits will also be provided to the Executive at the expense of the Company:
 - 4.4.1 Vacation. The Executive will be entitled to take three (3) weeks of paid vacation each twelve months during the term of this Agreement. No additional compensation will be paid for failure to take vacation and no vacation may be carried forward from one twelve month period to another.
 - 4.4.2 Membership Dues. The Company will reimburse the Executive for: (a) the monthly dues necessary to maintain a full membership in a country club in the Oklahoma City area selected by the Executive in an amount not to exceed Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) per

- month; and (b) the reasonable cost of any qualified business entertainment at such country club. All other costs, including, without implied limitation, any initiation costs, initial membership costs, personal use and business entertainment unrelated to the Company will be the sole obligation of the Executive and the Company will have no liability with respect to such amounts.
- 4.4.3 Compensation Review. The compensation of the Executive will be reviewed not less frequently than annually by the board of directors of the Company.

5. Term. The employment relationship evidenced by this Agreement is an "at will" employment relationship and the Company reserves the right to terminate the Executive at any time with or without cause. In the absence of such termination, this Agreement will extend for a term of three (3) years commencing on July 1, 1997, and ending on June 30, 2000 (the "Expiration Date").

6. Termination. This Agreement will continue in effect until the expiration of the term stated at paragraph 5 of this Agreement unless earlier terminated pursuant to this paragraph 6.

- 6.1 Termination by Company. The Company will have the following rights to terminate this Agreement:
 - 6.1.1 Termination without Cause. The Company may terminate this Agreement without cause at any time by the service of written notice of termination to the Executive specifying an effective date of such termination not sooner than sixty (60) business days after the date of such notice (the "Termination Date"). In the event the Executive is terminated without cause, or the Company elects not to renew the contract, the Executive will receive as termination compensation: (a) Base Salary for a period of ninety (90) days; (b) any benefits payable by operation of paragraph 4.4 of this Agreement; and (c) any vacation pay accrued through the Termination Date. The termination compensation in (a) shall be paid only if the Executive executes the Company's standard termination agreement releasing all legally waivable claims arising from the Executive's employment.
 - 6.1.2 Termination for Cause. The Company may terminate this Agreement for cause if the Executive: (a) misappropriates the property of the Company or commits any other act of dishonesty; (b) engages in personal misconduct which materially injures the Company; (c) willfully violates any law or regulation relating to the

business of the Company which results in injury to the Company; or (d) willfully and repeatedly fails to perform the Executive's duties hereunder. In the event this Agreement is terminated for cause, the Company will not have any obligation to provide any further payments or benefits to the Executive after the effective date of such termination.

- 6.1.3 Termination After Change in Control. If, during the term of this Agreement, there is a "Change of Control" and within one (1) year thereafter: (a) this Agreement expires and is not extended; or (b) the Executive is terminated other than under paragraphs 6.1.2, 6.3 or 6.4 based on adequate grounds; or (c) the Executive resigns as a result of a reassignment of duties inconsistent with the Executive's position, a reduction in the Executive's then current compensation under paragraph 4 of this Agreement, or a required relocation more than 25 miles from the Executive's then current place of employment, then the Executive will be entitled to a severance payment (in addition to any other amounts payable to the Executive under this Agreement or otherwise) in an amount equal to twelve (12) months of Base Salary as set forth in paragraph 4.1 of this Agreement. The term "Change of Control" means any action of a nature that would be required to be reported in response to Item 6(e) of Schedule 14A of Regulation 14A under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 with respect to the Company including, without limitation (i) the direct or indirect acquisition by any person after the date hereof of beneficial ownership of the right to vote or securities of the Company representing the right to vote thirty five percent (35%) or more of the combined voting power of the Company's then outstanding securities having the right to vote for the election of directors, or (ii) within two years of a tender offer or exchange offer for the voting stock of the Company or as a result of a merger, consolidation, sale of assets or contested election (or any combination of the foregoing), a majority of the members of the Company's board of directors is replaced by directors who were not nominated and approved by the board of directors.
- 6.2 Termination by Executive. The Executive may voluntarily terminate this Agreement with or without cause by the service of written notice of such termination to the Company specifying an effective date of such termination thirty (30) days after the date of such notice, during which time Executive may use remaining accrued vacation days, or at the Company's option, be paid for such days. In the event this Agreement is terminated by the Executive, neither the Company nor the Executive will have any further obligations hereunder including, without limitation, any obligation of the

Company to provide any further payments or benefits to the $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Executive}}$ after the effective date of such termination.

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- 6.3 Incapacity of Executive. If the Executive suffers from a physical or mental condition which in the reasonable judgment of the Company's management prevents the Executive in whole or in part from performing the duties specified herein for a period of three (3) consecutive months, the Executive may be terminated. Although the termination shall be deemed as a Termination With Cause, any compensation payable under paragraph 4 of this Agreement will be continued for ninety (90) days. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Executive's Base Salary specified in paragraph 4.1 of this Agreement will be reduced by any benefits payable under any disability plans.
- 6.4 Death of Executive. If the Executive dies during the term of this Agreement, the Company may thereafter terminate this Agreement without compensation to the Executive's estate except:
 (a) the obligation to continue the Base Salary payments under paragraph 4.1 of this Agreement for ninety (90) days; and (b) the benefits described in paragraph 4.4 of this Agreement accrued through the effective date of such termination.
- 6.5 Effect of Termination. The termination of this Agreement will terminate all obligations of the Executive to render services on behalf of the Company, provided that the Executive will maintain the confidentiality of all information acquired by the Executive during the term of his employment in accordance with paragraph 7 of this Agreement. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph 6 of this Agreement, no accrued bonus, severance pay or other form of compensation will be payable by the Company to the Executive by reason of the termination of this Agreement. All keys, entry cards, credit cards, files, records, financial information, furniture, furnishings, equipment, supplies and other items relating to the Company will remain the property of the Company. The Executive will have the right to retain and remove all personal property and effects which are owned by the Executive and located in the offices of the Company. All such personal items will be removed from such offices no later than two (2) days after the effective date of termination, and the Company is hereby authorized to discard any items remaining and to reassign the Executive's office space after such date. Prior to the effective date of termination, the Executive will render such services to the Company as might be reasonably required to provide for the orderly termination of the Executive's employment.

7. Confidentiality. The Executive recognizes that the nature of the Executive's services are such that the Executive will have access to information which constitutes trade secrets,

is of a confidential nature, is of great value to the Company or is the foundation on which the business of the Company is predicated. The Executive agrees not to disclose to any person other than the Company's employees or the Company's legal counsel nor use for any purpose, other than the performance of this Agreement, any confidential information ("Confidential Information"). Confidential Information includes data or material (regardless of form) which is: (a) a trade secret; (b) provided, disclosed or delivered to Executive by the Company, any officer, director, employee, agent, attorney, accountant, consultant, or other person or entity employed by the Company in any capacity, any customer, borrower or business associate of the Company or any public authority having jurisdiction over the Company of any business activity conducted by the Company; or (c) produced, developed, obtained or prepared by or on behalf of Executive or the Company (whether or not such information was developed in the performance of this Agreement) with respect to the Company or any assets oil and gas prospects, business activities, officers, directors, employees, borrowers or customers of the foregoing. However, Confidential Information shall not include any information, data or material which at the time of disclosure or use was generally available to the public other than by a breach of this Agreement, was available to the party to whom disclosed on a non-confidential basis by disclosure or access provided by the Company or a third party, or was otherwise developed or obtained independently by the person to whom disclosed without a breach of this Agreement. On request by the Company, the Company will be entitled to a copy of any Confidential Information in the possession of the Executive. The Executive also agrees that the provisions of this paragraph 7 will survive the termination, expiration or cancellation of this Agreement for a period of five (5) years. The Exec will deliver to the Company all originals and copies of the documents or The Executive materials containing Confidential Information. For purposes of paragraphs 7, 8, and 9 of this Agreement, the Company expressly includes any of the Company's affiliated corporations, partnerships or entities.

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8. Noncompetition. For a period of twelve (12) months after Executive is no longer employed by the Company as a result of either the resignation by the Executive pursuant to paragraph 6.2 above, or Termination for Cause pursuant to paragraph 6.1.2 above, Executive will not: (a) acquire, attempt to acquire or aid another in the acquisition or attempted acquisition of an interest in oil and gas assets, oil and gas production, oil and gas leases, mineral interests, oil and gas wells or other such oil and gas exploration, development or production activities within five (5) miles of any operations or ownership interests of the Company or its affiliated corporations, partnerships or entities, provided, however, this provision shall not apply to acquisitions within said five (5) mile radius of assets or activities of a successor entity resulting from a "Change in Control" as described in paragraph 6.1.3., which assets were owned or activities were being conducted (1) prior to the date of such Change in Control, or (2) after such Change in Control but for which the Executive had no material responsibility; and; (b) for the Executive's own account or for the benefit of another party solicit, induce, entice or attempt to entice any employee, contractor, customer, vendor or subcontractor to terminate or breach any relationship with the Company or the Company's affiliates. The Executive further agrees that the Executive

will not circumvent or attempt to circumvent the foregoing agreements by any future arrangement or through the actions of a third party.

11

Proprietary Matters. The Executive expressly understands and agrees 9 that any and all improvements, inventions, discoveries, processes or know-how that are generated or conceived by the Executive during the term of this Agreement, whether generated or conceived during the Executive's regular working hours or otherwise, will be the sole and exclusive property of the Company. Whenever requested by the Company (either during the term of this Agreement or thereafter), the Executive will assign or execute any and all applications, assignments and or other instruments and do all things which the Company deems necessary or appropriate in order to permit the Company to: (a) assign and convey or otherwise make available to the Company the sole and exclusive right, title, and interest in and to said improvements, inventions, discoveries, processes, know-how, applications, patents, copyrights, trade names or trademarks; or (b) apply for, obtain, maintain, enforce and defend patents, copyrights, trade names, or trademarks of the United States or of foreign countries for said improvements, inventions, discoveries, processes or know-how. However, the improvements, inventions, discoveries, processes or know-how generated or conceived by the Executive and referred to above (except as they may be included in the patents, copyrights or registered trade names or trademarks of the Company, or corporations, partnerships or other entities which may be affiliated with the Company) shall not be exclusive property of the Company at any time after having been disclosed or revealed or have otherwise become available to the public or to a third party on a nonconfidential basis other than by a breach of this Agreement, or after they have been independently developed or discussed without a breach of this Agreement by a third party who has no obligation to the Company or its affiliates.

10. Arbitration. The parties will attempt to promptly resolve any dispute or controversy arising out of or relating to this Agreement or termination of the Executive by the Company. Any negotiations pursuant to this paragraph 10 are confidential and will be treated as compromise and settlement negotiations for all purposes. If the parties are unable to reach a settlement amicably, the dispute will be submitted to binding arbitration before a single arbitrator in accordance with the Employment Dispute Resolution Rules of the American Arbitration Association. The arbitrator will be instructed and empowered to take reasonable steps to expedite the arbitration and the arbitrator's judgment will be final and binding upon the parties subject solely to challenge on the grounds of fraud or gross misconduct. Except for damages arising out of a breach of paragraphs 7, 8 or 9 of this Agreement, the arbitrator is not empowered to award total damages (including compensatory damages) which exceed 300% of compensatory damages and each party hereby irrevocably waives any damages in excess of that amount. The arbitration will be held in Oklahoma County, Oklahoma. Judgment upon any verdict in arbitration may be entered in any court of competent jurisdiction and the parties hereby consent to the jurisdiction of, and proper venue in, the federal and state courts located in Oklahoma County, Oklahoma. Each party will bear its own costs in connection with the arbitration and the costs of the arbitrator will be borne by the party who the arbitrator determines did not prevail in the matter. Unless otherwise

expressly set forth in this Agreement, the procedures specified in this paragraph 10 will be the sole and exclusive procedures for the resolution of disputes and controversies between the parties arising out of or relating to this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a party may seek a preliminary injunction or other provisional judicial relief if in such party's judgment such action is necessary to avoid irreparable damage or to preserve the status quo.

11. Miscellaneous. The parties further agree as follows:

12

- 11.1 Time. Time is of the essence of each provision of this Agreement.
- 11.2 Notices. Any notice, payment, demand or communication required or permitted to be given by any provision of this Agreement will be in writing and will be deemed to have been given when delivered personally or by telefacsimile to the party designated to receive such notice, or on the date following the day sent by overnight courier, or on the third (3rd) business day after the same is sent by certified mail, postage and charges prepaid, directed to the following address or to such other or additional addresses as any party might designate by written notice to the other party:

Chesapeake Energy Corporation
Post Office Box 18496
Oklahoma City, OK 73154-0496
Attn: Aubrey K. McClendon

To the Executive: Mr. Ronald A. Lefaive 1804 Oak Forest Dr. Edmond, OK 73002

- 11.3 Assignment. Neither this Agreement nor any of the parties' rights or obligations hereunder can be transferred or assigned without the prior written consent of the other parties to this Agreement.
- 11.4 Construction. If any provision of this Agreement or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is determined, to any extent, to be invalid or unenforceable, the remainder of this Agreement, or the application of such provision to persons or circumstances other than those as to which the same is held invalid or unenforceable, will not be affected thereby, and each term and provision of this Agreement will be valid and enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law. This Agreement is intended to be interpreted, construed and enforced in accordance with the laws of the State of Oklahoma and any litigation relating to this Agreement will be conducted in a court of competent jurisdiction sitting in Oklahoma County, Oklahoma.

11.5 Entire Agreement. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter herein contained, and no modification hereof will be effective unless made by a supplemental written agreement executed by all of the parties hereto.

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- 11.6 Binding Effect. This Agreement will be binding on the parties and their respective successors, legal representatives and permitted assigns. In the event of a merger, consolidation, combination, dissolution or liquidation of the Company, the performance of this Agreement will be assumed by any entity which succeeds to or is transferred the business of the Company as a result thereof.
- 11.7 Attorneys' Fees. If any party institutes an action or proceeding against any other party relating to the provisions of this Agreement or any default hereunder, the unsuccessful party to such action or proceeding will reimburse the successful party therein for the reasonable expenses of attorneys' fees and disbursements and litigation expenses incurred by the successful party.
- 11.8 Supercession. On execution of this Agreement by the Company and the Executive, the relationship between the Company and the Executive will be bound by the terms of this Agreement and the Employment Policies Manual and not by any other agreements or otherwise. In the event of a conflict between the Employment Policies Manual and this Agreement, this Agreement will control in all respects.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have executed this Agreement effective the date first above written.

CHESAPEAKE ENERGY CORPORATION, an Oklahoma corporation

By: /s/ AUBREY K. MCLENDON Aubrey K. McClendon, Chief Executive Officer (the "Company")

By: /s/ RONALD A. LEFAIVE Ronald A. Lefaive, Individually (the "Executive")

EXHIBIT 10.2.8

EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

between

MARTHA A. BURGER

and

CHESAPEAKE ENERGY CORPORATION

Effective July 1, 1997

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EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT

THIS AGREEMENT is made effective July 1, 1997, between CHESAPEAKE ENERGY CORPORATION, an Oklahoma corporation (the "Company"), and MARTHA A. BURGER, an individual (the "Executive") and replaces and supersedes that certain Employment Agreement between Company and Executive dated July 1, 1995.

WITNESSSETH:

WHEREAS, the Company desires to retain the services of the Executive and the Executive desires to make the Executive's services available to the Company.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual promises herein contained, the Company and the Executive agree as follows:

1. Employment. The Company hereby employs the Executive and the Executive hereby accepts such employment subject to the terms and conditions contained in this Agreement. The Executive is engaged as an employee of the Company, and the Executive and the Company do not intend to create a joint venture, partnership or other relationship which might impose a fiduciary obligation on the Executive or the Company in the performance of this Agreement.

2. Executive's Duties. The Executive is employed on a full-time basis. Throughout the term of this Agreement, the Executive will use the Executive's best efforts and due diligence to assist the Company in achieving the most profitable operation of the Company and the Company's affiliated entities consistent with developing and maintaining a quality business operation.

- 2.1 Specific Duties. The Executive will serve as Treasurer and Director of Human Resources for the Company. The Executive will perform all of the services required to fully and faithfully execute the office and position to which the Executive is appointed and such other services as may be reasonably requested by the Executive's supervisor. During the term of this Agreement, the Executive may be nominated for election or appointed to serve as a director or officer of the Company's subsidiaries as determined in the board of directors' sole discretion.
- 2.2 Supervision. The services of the Executive will be requested and directed by the Vice President - Finance and Chief Financial Officer, Mr. Marcus C. Rowland.
- 2.3 Rules and Regulations. The Company currently has an Employment Policies Manual which addresses frequently asked questions regarding the

Company. The Executive agrees to comply with the Employment Policies Manual except to the extent inconsistent with this Agreement. The Employment Policies Manual is subject to change without notice in the sole discretion of the Company at any time.

Stock Investment. For each calendar year during which this 2.4 Agreement is in effect, the Executive agrees to hold shares of the Company's common stock having aggregate Investment Value equal to ten percent (10%) of the compensation paid to the Executive under paragraphs 4.1 and 4.2 of this Agreement during such calendar year. For purposes of this section, the "Investment Value" of each share of stock will be the higher of either (a) the price paid by the Executive for such share as part of an open market purchase; or (b) the fair market value on the date of exercise for shares acquired through the exercise of employee stock options. Any shares of common stock acquired by the Executive prior to the date of this Agreement and still owned by the Executive during the term of this Agreement may be used to satisfy this requirement to acquire common stock. The Investment Value for previously acquired stock shall be calculated using the average stock price during the first six months of this Agreement.

> The stock acquired or owned pursuant to this paragraph 2.4 must be held by the Executive at all times during the Executive's employment by the Company or the Company's affiliated entities. In order to administer this provision, the Executive agrees to return to the Company's Chief Executive Officer a semi-annual report of purchases and ownership in a form prepared by the Company. This paragraph will become null and void if the Company's common stock ceases to be listed on the New York Stock Exchange or on the National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotation System. The Company has no obligation to sell or to purchase from the Executive any of the Company's stock in connection with this paragraph 2.4 and has made no representations or warranties regarding the Company's stock, operations or financial condition.

3. Other Activities. Unless the Executive has obtained the prior written approval of the board of directors of the Company, the Executive will not: (a) engage in business independent of the Executive's employment by the Company; (b) serve as an officer, general partner or member in any corporation, partnership, company, or firm; (c) directly or indirectly invest in, participate in or acquire an interest in any oil and gas business, including, without limitation, (i) producing oil and gas, (ii) drilling, owning or operating oil and gas leases or wells, (iii) providing services or materials to the oil and gas industry, (iv) marketing or refining oil or gas, or (v) owning any interest in any corporation, partnership, company or entity which conducts any of the foregoing activities. The limitation in this paragraph 3 will not prohibit an investment by the Executive in publicly traded securities; or the continued direct ownership and operation of oil and gas interests and leases to the extent such interests were owned by the Executive on July 1, 1995. The Executive agrees not to directly

or indirectly acquire any additional oil and gas interests or increase ownership of any oil and gas interests owned by the Executive on July 1, 1995.

4. Executive's Compensation. The Company agrees to compensate the Executive as follows:

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- 4.1 Base Salary. A base salary (the "Base Salary"), at the initial annual rate of not less than One Hundred Ten Thousand Dollars (\$110,000.00), will be paid to the Executive in equal semi-monthly installments beginning July 15, 1997 during the term of this Agreement.
- 4.2 Bonus. In addition to the Base Salary described at paragraph 4.1 of this Agreement, the Company may periodically pay bonus compensation to the Executive. Any bonus compensation will be at the absolute discretion of the Company in such amounts and at such times as the board of directors of the Company may determine.
- 4.3 Stock Options. In addition to the compensation set forth in paragraphs 4.1 and 4.2 of this Agreement, the Executive may periodically receive grants of stock options from the Company's various stock option plans, subject to the terms and conditions thereof.
- 4.4 Benefits. The Company will provide the Executive such retirement benefits, reimbursement of reasonable expenditures for dues, travel and entertainment and such other benefits as are customarily provided by the Company and as are set forth in the Company's Employment Policies Manual. The Company will also provide the Executive the opportunity to apply for coverage under the Company's medical, life and disability plans, if any. If the Executive is accepted for coverage under such plans, the Company will provide by the Company to the plan participants as modified from time to time. The following specific benefits will also be provided to the Executive at the expense of the Company:
 - 4.4.1 Vacation. The Executive will be entitled to take three (3) weeks of paid vacation each twelve months during the term of this Agreement. No additional compensation will be paid for failure to take vacation and no vacation may be carried forward from one twelve month period to another.
 - 4.4.2 Membership Dues. The Company will reimburse the Executive for: (a) the monthly dues necessary to maintain a full membership in a country club in the Oklahoma City area selected by the Executive in an amount not to exceed Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) per

month; and (b) the reasonable cost of any qualified business entertainment at such country club. All other costs, including, without implied limitation, any initiation costs, initial membership costs, personal use and business entertainment unrelated to the Company will be the sole obligation of the Executive and the Company will have no liability with respect to such amounts.

4.4.3 Compensation Review. The compensation of the Executive will be reviewed not less frequently than annually by the board of directors of the Company.

5. Term. The employment relationship evidenced by this Agreement is an "at will" employment relationship and the Company reserves the right to terminate the Executive at any time with or without cause. In the absence of such termination, this Agreement will extend for a term of three (3) years commencing on July 1, 1997, and ending on June 30, 1999 (the "Expiration Date").

6. Termination. This Agreement will continue in effect until the expiration of the term stated at paragraph 5 of this Agreement unless earlier terminated pursuant to this paragraph 6.

- 6.1 Termination by Company. The Company will have the following rights to terminate this Agreement:
 - 6.1.1 Termination without Cause. The Company may terminate this Agreement without cause at any time by the service of written notice of termination to the Executive specifying an effective date of such termination not sooner than sixty (60) business days after the date of such notice (the "Termination Date"). In the event the Executive is terminated without cause, or the Company elects not to renew the contract, the Executive will receive as termination compensation: (a) Base Salary for a period of ninety (90) days; (b) any benefits payable by operation of paragraph 4.4 of this Agreement; and (c) any vacation pay accrued through the Termination Date. The termination compensation in (a) shall be paid only if the Executive executes the Company's standard termination agreement releasing all legally waivable claims arising from the Executive's employment.
 - 6.1.2 Termination for Cause. The Company may terminate this Agreement for cause if the Executive: (a) misappropriates the property of the Company or commits any other act of dishonesty; (b) engages in personal misconduct which materially injures the Company; (c) willfully violates any law or regulation relating to the

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business of the Company which results in injury to the Company; or (d) willfully and repeatedly fails to perform the Executive's duties hereunder. In the event this Agreement is terminated for cause, the Company will not have any obligation to provide any further payments or benefits to the Executive after the effective date of such termination.

6.1.3

Termination After Change in Control. If, during the term of this Agreement, there is a "Change of Control" and within one (1) year thereafter: (a) this Agreement expires and is not extended; or (b) the Executive is terminated other than under paragraphs 6.1.2, 6.3 or 6.4 based on adequate grounds; or (c) the Executive resigns as a result of a reassignment of duties inconsistent with the Executive's position, a reduction in the Executive's then current compensation under paragraph 4 of this Agreement, or a required relocation more than 25 miles from the Executive's then current place of employment, then the Executive will be entitled to a severance payment (in addition to any other amounts payable to the Executive under this Agreement or otherwise) in an amount equal to twelve (12) months of Base Salary as set forth "Change of Control" means any action of a nature that would be required to be reported in response to Item 6(e) of Schedule 14A of Regulation 14A under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 with respect to the Company including, without limitation (i) the direct or indirect acquisition by any person after the date hereof of beneficial ownership of the right to vote or securities of the Company representing the right to vote thirty five percent (35%) or more of the combined voting power of the Company's then outstanding securities having the right to vote for the election of directors, or (ii) within two years of a tender offer or exchange offer for the voting stock of the Company or as a result of a merger, consolidation, sale of assets or contested election (or any combination of the foregoing), a majority of the members of the Company's board of directors is replaced by directors who were not nominated and approved by the board of directors.

6.2 Termination by Executive. The Executive may voluntarily terminate this Agreement with or without cause by the service of written notice of such termination to the Company specifying an effective date of such termination thirty (30) days after the date of such notice, during which time Executive may use remaining accrued vacation days, or at the Company's option, be paid for such days. In the event this Agreement is terminated by the Executive, neither the Company nor the Executive will have any further obligations hereunder including, without limitation, any obligation of the

Company to provide any further payments or benefits to the Executive after the effective date of such termination.

6.3 Incapacity of Executive. If the Executive suffers from a physical or mental condition which in the reasonable judgment of the Company's management prevents the Executive in whole or in part from performing the duties specified herein for a period of three (3) consecutive months, the Executive may be terminated. Although the termination shall be deemed as a termination with cause, any compensation payable under paragraph 4 of this Agreement will be continued for ninety (90) days. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Executive's Base Salary specified in paragraph 4.1 of this Agreement will be reduced by any benefits payable under any disability plans.

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- 6.4 Death of Executive. If the Executive dies during the term of this Agreement, the Company may thereafter terminate this Agreement without compensation to the Executive's estate except: (a) the obligation to continue the Base Salary payments under paragraph 4.1 of this Agreement for ninety (90) days; and (b) the benefits described in paragraph 4.4 of this Agreement accrued through the effective date of such termination.
- 6.5 Effect of Termination. The termination of this Agreement will terminate all obligations of the Executive to render services on behalf of the Company, provided that the Executive will maintain the confidentiality of all information acquired by the Executive during the term of her employment in accordance with paragraph 7 of this Agreement. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph 6 of this Agreement, no accrued bonus, severance pay or other form of compensation will be payable by the Company to the Executive by reason of the termination of this Agreement. All keys, entry cards, credit cards, files, records, financial information, furniture, furnishings, equipment, supplies and other items relating to the Company will remain the property of the Company. The Executive will have the right to retain and remove all personal property and effects which are owned by the Executive and located in the offices of the Company. All such personal items will be removed from such offices no later than two (2) days after the effective date of termination, and the Company is hereby authorized to discard any items remaining and to reassign the Executive's office space after such date. Prior to the effective date of termination, the Executive will render such services to the Company as might be reasonably required to provide for the orderly termination of the Executive's employment.

7. Confidentiality. The Executive recognizes that the nature of the Executive's services are such that the Executive will have access to information which constitutes trade secrets,

is of a confidential nature, is of great value to the Company or is the foundation on which the business of the Company is predicated. The Executive agrees not to disclose to any person other than the Company's employees or the Company's legal counsel nor use for any purpose, other than the performance of this Agreement, any confidential information ("Confidential Information"). Confidential Information includes data or material (regardless of form) which is: (a) a trade secret; (b) provided, disclosed or delivered to Executive by the Company, any officer, director, employee, agent, attorney, accountant, consultant, or other person or entity employed by the Company in any capacity, any customer, borrower or business associate of the Company or any public authority having jurisdiction over the Company of any business activity conducted by the Company; or (c) produced, developed, obtained or prepared by or on behalf of Executive or the Company (whether or not such information was developed in the performance of this Agreement) with respect to the Company or any assets oil and gas prospects, business activities, officers, directors, employees, borrowers or customers of the foregoing. However, Confidential Information shall not include any information, data or material which at the time of disclosure or use was generally available to the public other than by a breach of this Agreement, was available to the party to whom disclosed on a non-confidential basis by disclosure or access provided by the Company or a third party, or was otherwise developed or obtained independently by the person to whom disclosed without a breach of this Agreement. On request by the Company, the Company will be entitled to a copy of any Confidential Information in the possession of the Executive. The Executive also agrees that the provisions of this paragraph 7 will survive the termination, expiration or cancellation of this Agreement for a period of five (5) years. The Exec will deliver to the Company all originals and copies of the documents or The Executive materials containing Confidential Information. For purposes of paragraphs 7, 8, and 9 of this Agreement, the Company expressly includes any of the Company's affiliated corporations, partnerships or entities.

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8. Noncompetition. For a period of twelve (12) months after Executive is no longer employed by the Company as a result of either the resignation by the Executive pursuant to paragraph 6.2 above, or Termination for Cause pursuant to paragraph 6.1.2 above, Executive will not: (a) acquire, attempt to acquire or aid another in the acquisition or attempted acquisition of an interest in oil and gas assets, oil and gas production, oil and gas leases, mineral interests, oil and gas wells or other such oil and gas exploration, development or production activities within five (5) miles of any operations or ownership interests of the Company or its affiliated corporations, partnerships or entities, provided, however, this provision shall not apply to acquisitions within said five (5) mile radius of assets or activities of a successor entity resulting from a "Change in Control" as described in paragraph 6.1.3., which assets were owned or activities were being conducted (1) prior to the date of such Change in Control, or (2) after such Change in Control but for which the Executive had no material responsibility; and (b) for the Executive's own account or for the benefit of another party solicit, induce, entice or attempt to entice any employee, contractor, customer, vendor or subcontractor to terminate or breach any relationship with the Company or the Company's affiliates. The Executive further agrees that the Executive

will not circumvent or attempt to circumvent the foregoing agreements by any future arrangement or through the actions of a third party.

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9. Proprietary Matters. The Executive expressly understands and agrees that any and all improvements, inventions, discoveries, processes or know-how that are generated or conceived by the Executive during the term of this Agreement, whether generated or conceived during the Executive's regular working hours or otherwise, will be the sole and exclusive property of the Company. Whenever requested by the Company (either during the term of this Agreement or thereafter), the Executive will assign or execute any and all applications, assignments and or other instruments and do all things which the Company deems necessary or appropriate in order to permit the Company to: (a) assign and convey or otherwise make available to the Company the sole and exclusive right, title, and interest in and to said improvements, inventions, discoveries, processes, know-how, applications, patents, copyrights, trade names or trademarks; or (b) apply for, obtain, maintain, enforce and defend patents, copyrights, trade names, or trademarks of the United States or of foreign countries for said improvements, inventions, discoveries, processes or know-how. However, the improvements, inventions, discoveries, processes or know-how generated or conceived by the Executive and referred to above (except as they may be included in the patents, copyrights or registered trade names or trademarks of the Company, or corporations, partnerships or other entities which may be affiliated with the Company) shall not be exclusive property of the Company at any time after having been disclosed or revealed or have otherwise become available to the public or to a third party on a non-confidential basis other than by a breach of this Agreement, or after they have been independently developed or discussed without a breach of this Agreement by a third party who has no obligation to the Company or its affiliates.

Arbitration. The parties will attempt to promptly resolve any dispute 10. or controversy arising out of or relating to this Agreement or termination of the Executive by the Company. Any negotiations pursuant to this paragraph 10 are confidential and will be treated as compromise and settlement negotiations for all purposes. If the parties are unable to reach a settlement amicably, the dispute will be submitted to binding arbitration before a single arbitrator in accordance with the Employment Dispute Resolution Rules of the American Arbitration Association. The arbitrator will be instructed and empowered to take reasonable steps to expedite the arbitration and the arbitrator's judgment will be final and binding upon the parties subject solely to challenge on the grounds of fraud or gross misconduct. Except for damages arising out of a breach of paragraphs 7, 8 or 9 of this Agreement, the arbitrator is not empowered to award total damages (including compensatory damages) which exceed 300% of compensatory damages and each party hereby irrevocably waives any damages in excess of that amount. The arbitration will be held in Oklahoma County, Oklahoma. Judgment upon any verdict in arbitration may be entered in any court of competent jurisdiction and the parties hereby consent to the jurisdiction of, and proper venue in, the federal and state courts located in Oklahoma County, Oklahoma. Each party will bear its own costs in connection with the arbitration and the costs of the arbitrator will be borne by the party who the arbitrator determines did not prevail in the matter. Unless otherwise

expressly set forth in this Agreement, the procedures specified in this paragraph 10 will be the sole and exclusive procedures for the resolution of disputes and controversies between the parties arising out of or relating to this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a party may seek a preliminary injunction or other provisional judicial relief if in such party's judgment such action is necessary to avoid irreparable damage or to preserve the status quo.

11. Miscellaneous. The parties further agree as follows:

12

- 11.1 Time. Time is of the essence of each provision of this Agreement.
- 11.2 Notices. Any notice, payment, demand or communication required or permitted to be given by any provision of this Agreement will be in writing and will be deemed to have been given when delivered personally or by telefacsimile to the party designated to receive such notice, or on the date following the day sent by overnight courier, or on the third (3rd) business day after the same is sent by certified mail, postage and charges prepaid, directed to the following address or to such other or additional addresses as any party might designate by written notice to the other party:

To the Company:	Chesapeake Energy Corporation Post Office Box 18496
	Oklahoma City, OK 73154-0496 Attn: Aubrey K. McClendon

To the Executive:	Ms. Martha A. Burger
	3005 Red Oak Rd.
	Oklahoma City, OK 73120

- 11.3 Assignment. Neither this Agreement nor any of the parties' rights or obligations hereunder can be transferred or assigned without the prior written consent of the other parties to this Agreement.
- 11.4 Construction. If any provision of this Agreement or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is determined, to any extent, to be invalid or unenforceable, the remainder of this Agreement, or the application of such provision to persons or circumstances other than those as to which the same is held invalid or unenforceable, will not be affected thereby, and each term and provision of this Agreement will be valid and enforceable to the fullest extent permitted by law. This Agreement is intended to be interpreted, construed and enforce in accordance with the laws of the State of Oklahoma and any litigation relating to this Agreement will be conducted in a court of competent jurisdiction sitting in Oklahoma County, Oklahoma.

11.5 Entire Agreement. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter herein contained, and no modification hereof will be effective unless made by a supplemental written agreement executed by all of the parties hereto.

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- 11.6 Binding Effect. This Agreement will be binding on the parties and their respective successors, legal representatives and permitted assigns. In the event of a merger, consolidation, combination, dissolution or liquidation of the Company, the performance of this Agreement will be assumed by any entity which succeeds to or is transferred the business of the Company as a result thereof.
- 11.7 Attorneys' Fees. If any party institutes an action or proceeding against any other party relating to the provisions of this Agreement or any default hereunder, the unsuccessful party to such action or proceeding will reimburse the successful party therein for the reasonable expenses of attorneys' fees and disbursements and litigation expenses incurred by the successful party.
- 11.8 Supersession. On execution of this Agreement by the Company and the Executive, the relationship between the Company and the Executive will be bound by the terms of this Agreement and the Employment Policies Manual and not by any other agreements or otherwise. In the event of a conflict between the Employment Policies Manual and this Agreement, this Agreement will control in all respects.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have executed this Agreement effective the date first above written.

CHESAPEAKE ENERGY CORPORATION, an Oklahoma corporation

By: /s/ AUBREY K. MCCLENDON Aubrey K. McClendon, Chief Executive Officer (the "Company")

By: /s/ MARTHA A. BURGER Martha A. Burger, Individually (the "Executive")

EXHIBIT 10.11

AMENDED AND RESTATED

LIMITED PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT

CHESAPEAKE LOUISIANA, L.P., AN OKLAHOMA LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

JUNE 30, 1997

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(CHESAPEAKE LOUISIANA, L.P.)

THIS AGREEMENT is made effective the 30th day of June, 1997, between CHESAPEAKE OPERATING, INC., an Oklahoma corporation, and CHESAPEAKE ENERGY LOUISIANA CORPORATION, an Oklahoma corporation.

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the Partnership was formed by the filing of a Certificate of Limited Partnership (the "Certificate") with the Oklahoma Secretary of State on May 20, 1997;

WHEREAS, the General Partner and Chesapeake Exploration Limited Partnership, an Oklahoma limited partnership ("CELP"), as the sole limited partner, executed and delivered that certain Limited Partnership Agreement dated effective May 20, 1997 (the "Prior Agreement") as all of the Partners of the Partnership;

WHEREAS, pursuant to that certain Assignment dated May 20, 1997, CELP assigned all of its Partnership Interest to Chesapeake Energy Corporation, an Oklahoma corporation ("Chesapeake Energy"), and in connection therewith the General Partner and Chesapeake Energy executed and delivered the First Amendment to Limited Partnership Agreement (the "First Amendment") to reflect the admission of Chesapeake Energy as the new sole limited partner of the Partnership; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to that certain corporate Assignment dated June 30, 1997, Chesapeake Energy assigned all of its Partnership Interest to the Limited Partner and the parties desire to amend and restate the Prior Agreement in order to reflect the admission of the Limited Partner to the Partnership.

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the agreements herein set forth, the Partners agree as follows:

1. Defined Terms. The capitalized terms used in this Agreement are defined at paragraph 20 of this Agreement and are intended to have the meanings therein indicated.

2. Formation. The Partners hereby form a limited partnership pursuant to the Act and the terms of this Agreement. If any provision of this Agreement is inconsistent with the Act, the terms of this Agreement will control to the maximum extent permitted by the Act. The Partners agree to execute and deliver such certificates as might be required from time to time in the conduct of the Partnership's business.

3. Name; Place of Business. The name of the Partnership is "Chesapeake Louisiana, L.P.," and all business of the Partnership will be conducted under that name. The principal place of business of the Partnership will be 6100 North Western, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73118. The Partnership may maintain additional offices at other places designated by the General Partner.

4. Term. The Partnership will become effective as of the date of the filing of the Certificate of Limited Partnership with the Oklahoma Secretary of State and will continue until December 31, 2050, unless earlier terminated or further extended in accordance with the terms of this Agreement or the Act.

5. Partnership Purpose. The purpose of the Partnership is to engage in the acquisition, ownership, development and operation of oil and gas properties as the General Partner may select and to engage in any and all general business activities related thereto or in any way incidental thereto, including, without limitation, owning interests in corporations, partnerships, joint ventures or other entities and entering into oil and gas leases, contracts or other agreements with others to acquire, own, develop and operate such properties, and to do all things necessary or desirable for the promotion, conduct and operation of the business of the Partnership.

6. Capital Contributions. The Partners will make the following Capital Contributions to the Partnership:

6.1 Initial Contributions. On execution of this Agreement, each Partner will make the Capital Contribution set forth below and the capital account of each Partner will be credited with such amounts:

Partner	Amount		
General Partner	\$ 100.00		
Limited Partner	\$9,900.00		

Although the General Partner will be liable for the obligations of the Partnership to the same extent that the Partnership is liable for such obligations, the General Partner will have no obligation to lend money to the Partnership or to make any additional Capital Contribution.

6.2 Limited Liability. The Limited Partner will not be bound by or personally liable for: (a) the expenses, liabilities or obligations of the Partnership; or (b) any advances or additional Capital Contributions. Without limitation on the generality of the foregoing: (i) the Limited Partner will have no obligation or liability to make any Capital Contributions to the Partnership, lend any funds to the Partnership or assume any liability on behalf of the Partnership with

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respect to any financing of the Partnership or with respect to any matter or thing; and (ii) the Limited Partner will have no obligation or liability on account of any negative balance in the Limited Partner's capital account.

- 6.3 Optional Capital Contributions. If the General Partner determines that additional Capital Contributions are necessary, the General Partner may elect to make or not make all or part of the additional Capital Contributions. If the General Partner elects not to make all or part of the additional Capital Contributions, the General Partner will provide notice of such election to the Limited Partner setting forth the amount of the Capital Contribution and the amount of the additional Capital Contribution not made by the General Partner. The Limited Partner is permitted, but not required, to make an additional Capital Contribution in the amount set forth in such notice. Each Capital Contribution made hereunder will be credited to the appropriate capital account of the contributing Partner as determined in the reasonable discretion of the General Partner.
- 6.4 No Interest. Capital Contributions will not bear interest.
- 6.5 Nonpriority. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, no Partner will have the right to withdraw or reduce a Partner's Capital Contribution prior to the dissolution of the Partnership. No Partner will have the right to demand or receive property other than cash in return for such Partner's Capital Contribution or with respect to any distribution of the Partnership.

7. Capital Accounts and Allocations. With respect to each Partner, the Partnership will establish and maintain a separate capital account for the Partnership. Each Partner's capital account will be the amount of all Capital Contributions made by the Partner increased by the following amounts: (a) the amount of the Partner's distributive share of income or gain allocated to the Partner; and (b) the amount of any Partnership liabilities that are assumed by such Partner or that are secured by any Partnership property distributed to such Partner and decreased by (x) the amount of the Partner's distributive share of loss allocated to the Partner, (y) the amount of cash distributed and the net fair market value of all property distributed by the Partnership to the Partner, and (z) the amount of any liabilities of such Partner that are assumed by the Partnership. The allocation of income, expenses, gain, profit and loss will be as follows:

7.1 Allocations. Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph 7, the profits, losses, income, gain and expenses of the Partnership will be allocated to the Partners in accordance with the Partnership Percentages. Any allocation to a Partner of a portion of the net profits or net losses of the Partnership will be deemed to be an allocation to that Partner of the same proportional part of each

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item of income, gain, loss, deduction or credit that is earned, realized or available for or to the Partnership for federal income tax purposes.

- 7.2 Contributed Property. Notwithstanding paragraph 7.1 of this Agreement, any income, gain, loss or deduction with respect to property contributed by a Partner to the Partnership which has a fair market value different from its adjusted basis for federal income tax purposes will be allocated among the Partners in accordance with Section 704(c) of the Code.
- Limitation on Allocations. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, no allocation of net loss will be 7.3 made to the Limited Partner to the extent that such allocation would create or increase a negative balance in Limited Partner's capital account. To the extent that an allocation of net loss to the Limited Partner is prohibited under this paragraph 7.3, the net loss will be allocated one hundred percent (100%) to the General Partner until such time as the allocation of the net loss will not create or increase a negative balance in the Limited Partner's capital account. Any special allocations of net loss pursuant to this paragraph 7.3 will be taken into account in computing subsequent allocations of net losses so that the net losses allocated to each Partner pursuant to this paragraph 7.3 will, to the extent possible, be equal to the net amount that would have been allocated to each such Partner if such allocations had not occurred.
- Qualified Income Offset. Any Partner who unexpectedly receives an 7.4 adjustment, allocation or distribution which creates or increases a deficit balance in that Partner's capital account will be allocated items of income and gain (in that order) attributable to the appropriate portion of the Properties in an amount and manner sufficient to eliminate or reduce the deficit balance in that Partner's capital account as quickly as possible. Any special allocations of items of income or gain pursuant to this paragraph 7.4 will be taken into account in computing subsequent allocations of net profits so that the net amount of any items so allocated and the net profits, net losses and all other items allocated to each Partner pursuant to this paragraph 7.4 will, to the extent possible, be equal to the net amount that would have been allocated to each such Partner if such unexpected adjustments, allocations or distributions had not occurred.

8. Distributions. Proceeds and Net Cash Flow will be distributed to the Partners at least annually. Within forty-five (45) days after the close of each fiscal year, the General Partner will determine, in the General Partner's sole discretion, whether there is Net Cash Flow or Proceeds available for distribution. In computing Proceeds and Net Cash Flow, the General Partner may establish a Reserve for anticipated capital costs, a reasonable working capital Reserve and any other Reserves deemed necessary by the General Partner. The Proceeds and Net Cash Flow (if any) will be distributed to the Partners in accordance with each Partner's Partnership Percentage.

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9. Fiscal Matters. With respect to the financial affairs of the Partnership, it is agreed that: (a) the fiscal year will be the period commencing on each July 1 and ending on each subsequent June 30; (b) the books of the Partnership will be maintained at the principal office of the General Partner in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles consistently applied as determined by the General Partner; (c) annual balance sheets and statements of income and expenses will be rendered to each Partner within ninety (90) days after the close of each fiscal year reflecting the performance of the Partnership as a whole; (d) the funds of the Partnership will be maintained in a bank account or accounts on deposit with a bank or banks designated by the General Partner; (e) each Partner will have the right to examine and copy the books and records of the Partnership at all reasonable times; and (f) all tax returns and books of account of the Partnership will be prepared and maintained by the General Partner.

10. Tax Matters. The Partners acknowledge that the Partnership is subject to the partnership provisions of the Code and agree to file all necessary documents to be taxed as a partnership and agree not to elect pursuant to Section 761(a) of the Code to be excluded from the application of the provisions of Subchapter K of Chapter 1 of Subtitle A of the Code. The Partners further agree as follows:

- 10.1 Allocation on Transfer. If a Partnership Interest is transferred, the profit and loss for the fiscal year in which the transfer occurs which is attributable to the Partnership Interest transferred will be allocated between the transferor and the transferee of such Partnership Interest as such parties might agree, provided written notice of such allocation is given to the General Partner by the transferee prior to the January 15 following the date of such transfer and such allocation is consistent with Section 706 of the Code. In the event the transferee fails to specify a method of allocation on or before July 15 of the year following the year in which the transfer occurs, the General Partner is authorized to allocate the net profit and loss in accordance with the Code.
- 10.2 Tax Elections. If there is a distribution of property of the Partnership as described in Section 734 of the Code, or if there is a transfer of a Partnership Interest as described in Section 743 of the Code, the Partnership may, but is not required to, file an election under Section 754 of the Code to provide for an optional adjustment to the basis of the Partnership property. In addition to the foregoing election, the General Partner, after consultation with the Limited Partner, will make such other elections on behalf of the Partnership as the General Partner determines to be in the best interest of the Partnership.
- 10.3 Tax Returns. The General Partner will cause to be prepared and filed all tax returns on behalf of the Partnership required by each jurisdiction in which the Partnership operates. Each Partner agrees to furnish to the General Partner such information as might be reasonably required for the proper preparation of such tax returns.

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Tax Matters Partner. The General Partner is hereby designated the tax matters partner and will in good faith represent the Partnership in all administrative and judicial proceedings involving federal income tax matters. As the tax matters partner, the powers of the General Partner will include, but not be limited to, the power to: (a) appoint an attorney-in-fact to represent the Partnership in such proceedings; (b) engage in any activities enumerated in the Code; and (c) employ attorneys, accountants, consultants, appraisers and such other Persons as deemed appropriate. The General Partner will provide all present and former Partners affected by an Internal Revenue Service proceeding with such notice of the proceeding as is required by the Code. While acting as the tax matters partner, neither the General Partner nor the General Partner's agents will be liable to the Partners for any actions taken by or on behalf of the General Partner, including the execution of a settlement agreement with the Internal Revenue Service, so long as the General Partner acts in good faith in representing the interest of the Partnership and the Partners. The General Partner is entitled to reimbursement for all reasonable expenses relating to the representation of the Partnership as the tax matters partner, which may include, but are not limited to, expenses of Persons employed by the General Partner in connection with an examination, audit, administrative or judicial proceeding relating to federal income tax matters.

11. Management and Limitations. Subject only to the limitations hereafter set forth, the management of the Partnership and its business will rest exclusively with the General Partner, who will have all the rights and powers which may be possessed by a general partner pursuant to the Act and such further rights and powers as are otherwise conferred by law or are necessary, advisable or convenient in connection with the management of the business of the Partnership.

- 11.1 Role of General Partner. The General Partner will manage and control the Partnership, the Properties and the Partnership's business and affairs and will use reasonable efforts to carry out the business of the Partnership as set forth in this Agreement. The General Partner will devote the General Partner's efforts to the business of the Partnership to the extent the General Partner, in the General Partner's reasonable discretion, determines is necessary for the efficient administration thereof. The General Partner will be responsible for the acquisition and maintenance of the proper qualification of the Partnership in each jurisdiction and will provide evidence of such qualification to any Partner on request.
- 11.2 General Limitations. Without first obtaining the written consent of the Limited Partner, the General Partner will not have authority to: (a) do any act in contravention of this Agreement; (b) possess Partnership property for other than Partnership purposes; (c) assign Partnership property in trust for the

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benefit of creditors; (d) do any act which would make it impossible to carry on the ordinary business of the Partnership; or (e) amend this Agreement.

- 11.3 Funding. The General Partner is specifically authorized to take all Partnership actions reasonable or necessary to obtain funding for the operation of the Partnership's business, all pursuant to terms satisfactory to the General Partner in the General Partner's sole discretion. Such actions include, without implied limitation, the obtaining of credit secured by a lien on the Properties.
- 11.4 Compensation. Except as expressly provided herein, no Partner will receive any compensation, salary or fee from the Partnership as a Partner.

12. Powers, Rights and Obligations of Limited Partner. The Limited Partner will have the following rights, powers and obligations:

- 12.1 Limitation of Liability. The liability of the Limited Partner will be limited to the Limited Partner's Capital Contributions whether or not previously contributed, plus the Limited Partner's share of the net profits of the Partnership which are undistributed. In addition, if the Limited Partner has received the return in whole or in part of the Limited Partner's Capital Contributions, the Limited Partner nevertheless remains liable to the Partnership for any sum, not in excess of the amount of such Capital Contributions so returned plus interest, necessary to discharge the Partnership's liabilities to all creditors who extended credit or whose claims arose before such amount was returned. All of the Partnership's assets will be subject to the Partnership's debts and liabilities.
- 12.2 Participation in Management. The Limited Partner will not take part in, or interfere in any manner with, the management, control, conduct or operation of the Partnership, or have any right, power or authority to act for or bind the Partnership. The Limited Partner will not have the right to bring an action for partition against the Partnership.

13. Conveyances. The assets of the Partnership will be held in the name of the Partnership. Subject only to the limitations set forth in paragraph 11 of this Agreement, any deed, bill of sale, mortgage, lease, registration, contract of sale or other instrument purporting to convey or encumber the interest of the Partnership covering all or any portion of the Properties or any other asset of the Partnership will be sufficient if signed on behalf of the Partnership by the General Partner or by a representative designated by a certificate of authority executed by the General Partner. The Partnership may sell, transfer, convey or otherwise dispose of any of the Properties at any time to any Person, including, without limitation, any Affiliate.

14. Restrictions on Transfer of Partnership Interest. No Partner may transfer (a transfer includes, but is not limited to, any sale, transfer, assignment, pledge, creation of a security

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interest in or other disposition) or in any way alienate all or any part of a Partnership Interest without the prior written consent of the other Partner, which consent may be arbitrarily withheld.

15. Incapacity of Partner. On the Incapacity of a Partner, the Remaining Partner will have the option to: (a) continue the Partnership by accepting the Representative of the Departing Partner as a Partner; (b) purchase the Partnership Interest from the Departing Partner at a price acceptable to the Representative of the Departing Partner and the Remaining Partner; or (c) dissolve the Partnership in accordance with paragraph 17 of this Agreement. Written notice of the exercise of one of the foregoing options will be given by the Remaining Partner to the Representative of the Departing Partner within sixty (60) days after the appointment of such Representative. Each Partner hereby instructs his Representative to cooperate with the Remaining Partner and, on the exercise of any of the foregoing options, to consummate the transactions with regard to the Partnership Interest of the Departing Partner as provided in this paragraph 15.

16. Default; Remedies. The failure by a Partner to perform any obligation incumbent on such Partner under this Agreement within thirty (30) days after written demand for such performance by the Remaining Partner will constitute a default in the performance of this Agreement by such Partner. On the occurrence of a default, the Remaining Partner will have the option to dissolve the Partnership and wind up the Partnership's affairs in accordance with paragraph 17 of this Agreement. The Defaulting Partner will execute or cause to be executed all documents necessary to effect dissolution and winding up and will have only the right to receive, on a final winding up of the affairs of the Partnership, the distributive share to which the Defaulting Partner would have been entitled on a winding up had such default not occurred, less: (a) all damages, including, without limitation, reasonable attorneys' fees, resulting from the default; and (b) all of the costs, expenses and losses incurred which directly result from the winding up of the Partnership.

17. Liquidation Procedures. The Partnership will be dissolved on the occurrence of any of the following: (a) the consent of all of the Partners; (b) the written election of the General Partner and the giving of written notice of such election to the Limited Partner; (c) a valid election for dissolution under paragraph 15 of this Agreement; (d) a valid election for dissolution under paragraph 16 of this Agreement; or (e) the sale of all of the assets of the Partnership. On dissolution of the Partnership, the General Partner will promptly wind up and terminate the business and affairs of the Partnership. The Partners agree to execute or cause to be executed all documents required in connection with the dissolution, termination and winding up of the Partnership. A reasonable period of time will be allowed for the orderly termination of the Partnership to minimize the losses from the liquidation process. A full accounting of the assets and liabilities of the Partnership will be prepared and furnished to each Partner within thirty (30) days after completion. The Partnership property and assets and/or the Proceeds from the liquidation the reof will be paid, applied and/or distributed in the following order of priority:

17.1 Creditors' Claims. To the payment of the debts and liabilities of the Partnership and the expenses of liquidation including, but not limited to, any loans or advancements made by any Partner to the Partnership and any management fees to the General Partner, the General Partner's Affiliates, or any other Person managing the Partnership business.

- 17.2 Reserve. To the creation of any Reserves which the General Partner deems reasonably necessary for any liabilities of the Partnership or of the Partners arising out of the Partnership. Such Reserves will be paid over by the General Partner to a Person satisfactory to the General Partner to be held in escrow for such period as the General Partner deems advisable and for distribution at the expiration of such term in the manner hereinafter provided.
- 17.3 Capital Account Balance. To the Partners in accordance with the Partnership Percentages, adjusted to the date of distribution. For the purpose of the application of paragraph of this Agreement and determining the Partnership Percentages on liquidation, all unrealized gains, losses and accrued income and deductions will be treated as realized and recognized immediately before the date of distribution.
- 17.4 Distributions in Kind. Any non-cash assets to be distributed in kind will first be valued at their fair market value to determine the gain or loss that would have resulted if such assets were sold for such value. Such gain or loss will then be allocated pursuant to paragraph of this Agreement, and the Partnership Percentages will be adjusted to reflect such gain or loss. The amount distributed and charged to the capital account of each Partner receiving an interest in such distributed assets will be the fair market value of such interest.
- 17.5 Balancing of Accounts. The General Partner will not be required to make Capital Contributions or advance funds to the Partnership or the Limited Partner as a result of the inability of the Partnership to make the payments described in the foregoing paragraphs. The sole obligation of the General Partner with respect to such payments will be to apply Partnership funds to the extent the same are available in the order and manner provided in such paragraphs.

18. Indemnification. The Partnership will indemnify and hold each Partner harmless from all liability, loss and expense, including reasonable attorneys' fees and litigation expenses, which any Partner might incur by reason of any action which is not in violation of this Agreement and is performed by such Partner in good faith in furtherance of the Partnership's business interests, including, without limitation, the execution of Contracts of Indebtedness.

19. Miscellaneous. It is further agreed that:

- 19.1 Governing Law. This Agreement has been executed, delivered and is intended to be performed in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, and the substantive laws of the State of Oklahoma will govern the validity, construction and enforcement of this Agreement.
- 19.2 Right to Partition. The Partners agree that during the term of the Partnership and during the period of its dissolution, no Partner will have any right to ask for partition of the assets now owned or hereafter acquired by the Partnership or to maintain any action for partition with respect to any property of the Partnership.
- 19.3 Approvals. When approval by any Partner is required hereunder, such approval will not be unreasonably withheld except as specifically permitted under this Agreement. Unless provision is made for a specific period of time, the period of time in which the right of approval will be exercised will be thirty (30) days. If the Partner whose approval is required neither approves nor disapproves a proposed action within the applicable period, the Partner will be deemed to have given approval. If a Partner disapproves any action proposed by any other Partner hereunder, such disapproval will not be effective unless the reasons for such disapproval are stated in writing and provided to the Partner proposing the action.
- 19.4 Binding Effect. This instrument constitutes the entire agreement between the Partners relating to the subject matter hereof and may not be changed, modified, amended or supplemented except in writing, signed by all of the Partners. This Agreement will be binding on each of the Partners and their respective successors and permitted assigns. If any part of this Agreement is held to be unenforceable, the balance will nevertheless be carried into effect. All Persons to whom any Partnership Interest might be transferred in accordance with this Agreement will, by accepting such transfer, be bound by this Agreement to the same extent as if such Person had been an original party hereto.
- 19.5 Notices. Any notice, payment, demand or communication required or permitted to be given by any provision of this Agreement will be deemed to have been given when delivered personally to the Partner or when actually received if sent by registered or certified mail, postage and charges prepaid, to the parties at the following addresses:

General Partner: Chesapeake Operating, Inc. 6100 North Western Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73118

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Limited Partner:

Chesapeake Energy Louisiana Corporation 6100 North Western Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73118

- 19.6 Construction. This Agreement is made in accordance with the Act and is to be construed, enforced and governed in accordance therewith. Except for the terms defined in paragraph 20 of this Agreement, the descriptive headings contained herein are for convenience only and are not intended to define the subject matter of the provisions of this Agreement.
- 19.7 Execution. This Agreement may be executed in multiple counterparts with the same effect as if all Partners had signed the same document. All counterparts will be construed together and will constitute one instrument. This Agreement will not be binding or constitute evidence of an agreement until all of the Partners have executed and delivered a counterpart of this Agreement.
- 19.8 Time. Time is of the essence of this Agreement.
- 19.9 Remedies. The Partners intend that their respective obligations under this Agreement will be enforceable by specific performance, provided that any Defaulting Partner may also be liable in damages where permitted by law or this Agreement. All remedies of the Partnership or any Partner provided by this Agreement are cumulative and will not exclude any other remedy to which any Partner might be lawfully entitled. Failure by the Partnership or any Partner to insist on strict performance of the obligations created by this Agreement will not be a waiver of any right to demand strict compliance with this Agreement at any later time.
- 19.10 Supersession. This Agreement is the final, complete and exclusive expression of the agreement between the Partners with respect to the Partnership and supersedes and replaces in all respects the Prior Agreement. On execution of this Agreement by the Partners, the relationship between the Partners will be governed by the terms of this Agreement and not by the Prior Agreement.

20. Definitions. The following words are intended to have the following meanings when used in this Agreement:

- 20.1 Act. The Oklahoma Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act, as the same is hereafter amended from time to time.
- 20.2 Affiliate. Any Person which, directly or indirectly: (a) is controlled by a Partner; (b) controls a Partner; or (c) is under common control with a Partner. For the purpose of this paragraph 20.2, "control" means the direct or indirect

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power to determine or cause to be determined the management policies of such entity, whether through ownership, by contract or otherwise.

- 20.3 Agreement. This Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement and all amendments and modifications hereto.
- 20.4 Capital Contributions. A contribution by a Partner to the Partnership of cash or property.
- 20.5 Code. The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended from time to time, and all regulations issued pursuant thereto.
- 20.6 Contracts of Indebtedness. All promissory notes, lease agreements, purchase agreements, guarantees of payment or performance, operating contracts, employment agreements, undertakings and other assurances now or hereafter executed on behalf of the Partnership by the General Partner in connection with the business of the Partnership.
- 20.7 Defaulting Partner. A Partner who fails to perform an obligation under this Agreement as provided in paragraph 16 of this Agreement.
- 20.8 Departing Partner. Any Partner suffering from an Incapacity.
- 20.9 General Partner. Chesapeake Operating, Inc., an Oklahoma corporation, and its successors and permitted assigns.
- 20.10 Incapacity. The occurrence of any of the following events: (a) the filing by or against a Partner of any petition for discharge, arrangement, plan or other relief under the bankruptcy laws of the United States or any state; (b) the entry by a court of competent jurisdiction of any final judgment or decree subjecting the Partnership Interest of any Partner to a lien, attachment or charging order or purporting to transfer all or any part of a Partnership Interest to any Person not a Partner; (c) the dissolution or other termination of the legal existence of a Partner who is a corporation, partnership or trust; or (d) the death or mental incompetence of a Partner who is a natural Person.
- 20.11 Limited Partner. Chesapeake Energy Louisiana Corporation, an Oklahoma corporation, and its successors and permitted assigns.
- 20.12 Net Cash Flow. In respect of any period, the amount, if any, by which the Revenues for such period exceed the Operating Costs for such period.

- 20.13 Operating Costs. In respect of any period, all costs and expenses actually paid by the Partnership which include, without limitation: (a) the principal and interest on any Contracts of Indebtedness paid by the Partnership during such period; (b) all costs of acquiring, improving, developing, managing, leasing, operating, maintaining, replacing and preserving the Properties, including, without limitation all fees payable under any management contracts and all capital expenditures relating to the Properties; (c) any casualty losses to the extent not reimbursed by insurance proceeds during such period; and (d) deposits to Reserves during such period. Operating Costs does not include depreciation and amortization.
- 20.14 Partner(s). The General Partner and/or the Limited Partner.
- 20.15 Partnership. The Oklahoma limited partnership created by this Agreement and known as Chesapeake Louisiana, L.P.
- 20.16 Partnership Interest. In respect of any Partner, all of such Partner's right, title and ownership interest in the Partnership, including, without limitation, all profits, surplus, distributions, return of capital, contract rights, accounts receivable and general intangibles owing by the Partnership to a Partner solely by reason of the status of the Partner as a member of the Partnership.
- 20.17 Partnership Percentages. With respect to each Partner, the following percentage:

General	Partner	1%
Limited	Partner	99%

- 20.18 Person. Any individual, entity, corporation, association, trust, partnership, joint venture or any government or agency or political subdivision thereof.
- 20.19 Proceeds. Properties sale proceeds, proceeds from loans to refinance the Properties, condemnation proceeds and insurance proceeds (excluding business interruption insurance proceeds) excluding Capital Contributions.
- 20.20 Properties. All assets and other properties now owned or hereafter acquired by the Partnership, including, without limitation, all oil and gas properties or interests therein, partnership and joint venture interests, stock, overriding royalty interests, carried interests, backin interests, production payments and other oil and gas and related interests.

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- 20.21 Remaining Partner. The Partner who is not: (a) the Defaulting Partner in the case of paragraph 16 of this Agreement; or (b) the Departing Partner in the case of paragraph 15 of this Agreement.
- 20.22 Representative. The legal representative, trustee or successor of a Departing Partner, as the case may be.
- 20.23 Reserves. Cash deposits established from time to time in the discretion of the General Partner to provide sources for payment of obligations incurred or to be incurred, whether direct or contingent, by the Partnership or the General Partner in connection with the business of the Partnership.
- 20.24 Revenues. In respect of any period, the cash balance held by the Partnership at the beginning of the period (including Reserves) plus the aggregate of any gross receipts (excluding Proceeds, but including Capital Contributions) received by the Partnership from all sources during such period.
- IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Limited Partnership Agreement effective the date first above written.

CHESAPEAKE OPERATING, INC., an Oklahoma corporation

By /s/ AUBREY K. MCCLENDON Aubrey K. McClendon, President

(the "General Partner")

CHESAPEAKE ENERGY LOUISIANA CORPORATION, an Oklahoma corporation

By /s/ AUBREY K. MCCLENDON Aubrey K. McClendon, President

(the "Limited Partner")

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	Years Ended June 30,		
	1997	1996	1995
PRIMARY INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE			
Net income (loss) applicable to Common Stock: Income (loss) before extraordinary item Extraordinary item	\$(176,757) (6,620)	\$ 23,355 	\$ 11,661
Net income (loss)	\$(183,377) =======	\$ 23,355 ======	\$ 11,661 =======
Weighted average common shares outstanding	65,767	54,564	52,624
Adjustment to weighted average common shares outstanding:			
Add dilutive effect of employee options		3,778	3,248
Weighted average common shares outstanding, as adjusted	65,767 =======	58,342 ======	55,872 ======
Net income (loss) per common share, as adjusted Income (loss) before extraordinary item Extraordinary item Net income (loss)	(0.10) \$ (2.79)	\$ 0.40 	 \$.21
FULLY DILUTED INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE	=======		
Net income (loss) applicable to Common Stock: Income (loss) before extraordinary item Extraordinary item Net income (loss)	(6,620)	\$ 23,355 	
Weighted average common shares outstanding		======= 54,564	
Adjustment to weighted average common shares outstanding:			
Add dilutive effect of employee options		4,358	3,982
Weighted average common shares outstanding, as adjusted	65,767	58,922 =======	56,606 ======
Net income (loss) per common share, as adjusted Income (loss) before extraordinary item Extraordinary item	\$ (2.69) (0.10)	\$ 0.40 	\$ 0.21
Net income (loss)	\$ (2.79)		\$.21

SUBSIDIARIES OF CHESAPEAKE ENERGY CORPORATION an Oklahoma Corporation

Corporations

State of Organization

Chesapeake Canada Corporation Chesapeake Operating, Inc. Chesapeake Energy Louisiana Corporation Chesapeake Energy Marketing, Inc. Alberta, Canada Oklahoma Oklahoma Oklahoma

Limited Partnerships

Chesapeake Exploration Limited Partnership Oklahoma Chesapeake Louisiana, L. P. Oklahoma

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the registration statements of Chesapeake Energy Corporation on Form S-8 (File Nos. 33-84256, 33-84258, 33-89282, 33-88196, 333-27525 and 333-07255) and Form S-3 (File Nos. 333-04027 and 333-12533) of our report dated September 30, 1997, on our audits of the consolidated financial statements of Chesapeake Energy Corporation as of June 30, 1997 and 1996 and for the years then ended, which report is included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

/s/ COOPERS & LYBRAND L.L.P. COOPERS & LYBRAND L.L.P.

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma October 9, 1997

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the registration statements of Chesapeake Energy Corporation on Form S-8 (Nos. 33-84256, 33-84258, 33-89282, 33-88196, 333-27525 and 333-07255) and Form S-3 (Nos. 333-04027 and 333-12533) of our report dated September 20, 1995 which is included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

/s/ PRICE WATERHOUSE LLP

PRICE WATERHOUSE LLP

Houston, Texas October 9, 1997 As independent oil and gas consultants, Williamson Petroleum Consultants, Inc. hereby consents to (a) the use of our reserve report entitled "Evaluation of Oil and Gas Reserves to the Interests of Chesapeake Energy Corporation in Certain Properties in Louisiana and Texas, Effective June 30, 1997, for Disclosure to the Securities and Exchange Commission, Williamson Project 7.8496" dated September 17, 1997 and all references to our firm included in or made a part of the Chesapeake Energy Corporation Annual Report on Form 10-K to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on or about October 13, 1997 and (b) to the incorporation by reference of this Form 10-K for the year ending June 30, 1997 in the Registration Statements on Form S-8 (Nos. 33-84256, 33-84258, 33-88196, 333-07255, 33-89282, and 333-27525) and on Form S-3 (Nos. 333-04027 and 333-12533).

WILLIAMSON PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS, INC.

/s/ WILLIAMSON PETROLEUM CONSULTANTS, INC.

Houston, Texas October 13, 1997 THIS SCHEDULE CONTAINS SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION EXTRACTED FROM BALANCE SHEET AS OF JUNE 30, 1997, AND STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1997.

1,000

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YEAR
        JUN-30-1997
JUL-01-1996
             JUN-30-1997
                        124,017
                  104,485
63,944
                      387
                     4,854
             297,605
               1,044,400
437,034
               949,068
        146,326
                       508,950
              0
                         0
703
                    286,186
949,068
                       269,092
             280,315
                         442,095
                460,645
0
                 299
            18,550
            (180,330)
       3,573)
(176,757)
                      0
              (6,620)
                            0
               (183,377)
                  (2.79)
(2.79)
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